

BOLES BIBLE QUESTIONS

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SIX LESSONS

Two Years' Weekly Lessons in the Old Testament

One Year's Weekly Lessons in the New Testament

With Maps, Tables, and Outlines, etc.

By H. LEO BOLES

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Gospel Advocate Company

Nashville, Tennessee

DEDICATION

TO

LOVERS OF THE BIBLE

WHOSE HEARTS YEARN FOR A

FULLER KNOWLEDGE OF GOD'S TRUTH

IS

THIS BOOK DEDICATED

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NASHVILLE, TENN.

PREFACE

"Boles Bible Questions" is designed as an aid to systematic study of the word of God. The plan of the book is simple and is easily comprehended with a casual examination; it is not necessary to enlarge upon this thought in this "Preface. "

Any book that helps to extend a knowledge of the Bible, or to stimulate an interest in the Bible, or to aid the student in learning the Bible, or to guide the teacher in teaching the Bible has a commendable purpose. The knowledge of God's truth is so important that any book that may lead any one into a fuller knowledge of the word of God has a just claim for its mission.

Questions are the most useful tools in teaching; to question well is one of the highest achievements of a successful teacher. The questions in this book on the Bible are so framed as to guide the student into a correct understanding of the subject and to provoke thought of the highest order. There are two classes of questions: test questions and developing questions. Test questions lead to topical answers and cannot be answered with a "yes" or "no. " In the developing questions the teacher gives hints to aid the pupil in thinking through a correct answer. Both classes of Questions are used in this book. All of the questions are direct, and when answered correctly will enlarge the students' knowledge of the book of God.

The material found in the supplementary pages has been gathered from various sources and has been reworked so as to present it here in a concise way. An effort has been made to bring a great deal of facts, events, and characters within a small compass of space.

CONTENTS

Preface	3
Introduction	5
Daily Bible Readings	7
First Year's Lessons in the Old Testament	11
Second Year's Lessons in the Old Testament	39
Maps of Old Testament Bible Lands	67
Chronological Tables on Old Testament Events	73
Sects, Parties, and Councils	82
Old Testament Miracles	82
Old Testament Parables	83
Jewish Calendar	83
Tables of Measures, Weights, and Coins	84
Fifty-two Lessons in the New Testament	86
Maps of New Testament Countries	117
Genealogy of Christ	120
Outline of the Life of Christ	121
Chronological Tables in the New Testament	122
Table of the Herodian Family	129
Chronological Tables of the Gospels	130
Chronology of the Acts	134
Chronology of the Acts and Epistles	140
Chronology of the Lives of Peter and John	143
Chronology of Peter's Life	144
Chronology of Paul's Life	145
Condensed Harmony of the Gospels	147
Charts on New Testament History	153
Miracles of Jesus	156
Parables of Jesus	157

INTRODUCTION

The author's long, varied experience in teaching the Bible and his knowledge of the books that have been prepared to aid the teaching of the Bible have led him to believe that there is a need for such a book as is now offered in this volume. Many students and teachers will be glad to have such a book.

There are various motives which influence people to read or study the Bible. One may be interested in literature and read the Bible because it is a classic production in that field. Another may approach the Bible as an archaeologist or historian; this one will find it as a source book of information concerning the history of the Hebrews and of other ancient peoples. Still another may be interested in the study of the origin of religions from the standpoint of a theory of natural development; the Bible gives the origin of the religion of the Jews and the origin of Christianity. Still another may be interested in the study of the Bible from a legal point of view; his purpose may be to master the Mosaic law and trace the principles of modern law to the Bible as its source. Still others may be interested in ancient languages, and may study the Bible to get information concerning the Aramaic, Hebrew, and Greek; those who are thus interested may find a fruitful field of language study.

All of these motives may be proper if they are held as secondary motives. A primary purpose of studying the Bible should be to learn the will of God to man, and to be guided by that will in all of the affairs of life. We can get along without any exact knowledge of ancient languages or of archeology or history, and even without an appreciation of literature; but we cannot dispense with a knowledge of the way of salvation as revealed in the word of God. The Bible not only teaches us how we may be saved through faith in Christ, but it also teaches us how we ought to live.

There are 104 lessons on the Old Testament and 52 lessons on the New Testament. Each lesson contains 18 definite questions; hence, there are 1872 questions on the

Old Testament and 936 on the New Testament, or 2808 questions on the Bible. These questions touch upon many events, principles, truths, and biographies. There are lessons for two years' study in the Old Testament and one year's study in the New Testament by taking one lesson each week. These lessons have been used in weekly prayer meetings with satisfactory results; hence, the author can commend them to the public.

"Boles Bible Questions" will be found helpful to teachers, students, and leaders of church work; it is prepared for Bible classes, ladies' Bible classes, young peoples' meetings, prayer meetings, and other groups that meet for regular Bible study. It will prove very helpful to churches where the leadership is not efficient, or where class and prayer meeting leaders have not much time at their disposal for preparation.

In addition to the 156 lessons, there have been included many maps of Bible lands, tables, charts, outlines of Bible history, and chronological classification of events; these will prove valuable aids to the Bible student. Very few questions are asked which cannot be answered from the Bible; this book does not call for a library to answer the questions. It is intended to direct thought upon the Bible, and the Bible only may be used in answering these questions.

The chronology is only approximate; time and dates of events can be determined, in many instances, only approximately. The chronologies of Usher, Beecher, and C. H. Turner are used in the tables. Sometimes these authors vary in their calculations; hence, it is well to remember that nearly all chronological tables give only approximate dates.

H. LEO BOLES.

DAILY BIBLE READINGS

Follow the Daily Readings as Outlined Below and You Will Read the Bible
Through in One Year

JANUARY

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	Matt. 1	Gen. 1, 2, 3	17	Matt. 12: 1-23	Gen. 41, 42
2	Matt. 2	Gen. 4, 5, 6	18	Matt. 12: 24-50	Gen. 43, 44, 45
3	Matt. 3	Gen. 7, 8, 9	19	Matt. 13: 1-30	Gen. 46, 47, 48
4	Matt. 4	Gen. 10, 11, 12	20	Matt. 13: 31-58	Gen. 49, 50
5	Matt. 5: 1-26	Gen. 13, 14, 15	21	Matt. 14: 1-21	Ex. 1, 2, 3
6	Matt. 5: 27-48	Gen. 16, 17	22	Matt. 14: 22-36	Ex. 4, 5, 6
7	Matt. 6: 1-18	Gen. 18, 19	23	Matt. 15: 1-20	Ex. 7, 8
8	Matt. 6: 19-34	Gen. 20, 21, 22	24	Matt. 15: 21-39	Ex. 9, 10, 11
9	Matt. 7	Gen. 23, 24	25	Matt. 16	Ex. 12, 13
10	Matt. 8: 1-17	Gen. 25, 26	26	Matt. 17	Ex. 14, 15
11	Matt. 8: 18-34	Gen. 27, 28	27	Matt. 18: 1-20	Ex. 16, 17, 18
12	Matt. 9: 1-17	Gen. 29, 30	28	Matt. 18: 21-35	Ex. 19, 20
13	Matt. 9: 18-38	Gen. 31, 32	29	Matt. 19	Ex. 21, 22
14	Matt. 10: 1-20	Gen. 33, 34, 35	30	Matt. 20: 1-16	Ex. 23, 24
15	Matt. 10: 21-42	Gen. 36, 37, 38	31	Matt. 20: 17-34	Ex. 25, 26
16	Matt. 11	Gen. 39, 40			

FEBRUARY

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	Matt. 21: 1-22	Ex. 27, 28	16	Matt. 27: 51-66	Lev. 19, 20
2	Matt. 21: 23-46	Ex. 29, 30	17	Matt. 28	Lev. 21, 22
3	Matt. 22: 1-12	Ex. 31, 32, 33	18	Mark 1: 1-22	Lev. 23, 24
4	Matt. 22: 23-46	Ex. 34, 35	19	Mark 1: 23-45	Lev. 25
5	Matt. 23: 1-22	Ex. 36, 37, 38	20	Mark 2	Lev. 26, 27
6	Matt. 23: 23-39	Ex. 39, 40	21	Mark 3: 1-19	Num. 1, 2
7	Matt. 24: 1-28	Lev. 1, 2, 3	22	Mark 3: 20-35	Num. 3, 4
8	Matt. 24: 29-51	Lev. 4, 5	23	Mark 4: 1-20	Num. 5, 6
9	Matt. 25: 1-30	Lev. 6, 7	24	Mark 4: 21-41	Num. 7, 8
10	Matt. 25: 31-46	Lev. 8, 9, 10	25	Mark 5: 1-20	Num. 9, 10, 11
11	Matt. 26: 1-25	Lev. 13, 12	26	Mark 5: 21-43	Num. 12, 13, 14
12	Matt. 26: 26-50	Lev. 13	27	Mark 6: 1-29	Num. 15, 16
13	Matt. 26: 51-75	Lev. 14	28	Mark 6: 30-56	Num. 17, 18, 19
14	Matt. 27: 1-26	Lev. 15, 16	29	Mark 7: 1-13	Num. 20, 21, 22
15	Matt. 27: 27-50	Lev. 17, 18			

MARCH

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	Mark 7: 14-37	Num. 23, 24, 25	17	Mark 15: 1-25	Deut. 30, 31
2	Mark 8: 1-21	Num. 26, 27	18	Mark 15: 26-47	Deut. 32, 33, 34
3	Mark 8: 22-38	Num. 28, 29, 30	19	Mark 16	Josh. 1, 2, 3
4	Mark 9: 1-29	Num. 31, 32, 33	20	Luke 1: 1-20	Josh. 4, 5, 6
5	Mark 9: 30-50	Num. 34, 35, 36	21	Luke 1: 21-38	Josh. 7, 8, 9
6	Mark 10: 1-31	Deut. 1, 2	22	Luke 1: 39-56	Josh. 10, 11, 12
7	Mark 10: 32-52	Deut. 3, 4	23	Luke 1: 57-80	Josh. 13, 14, 15
8	Mark 11: 1-18	Deut. 5, 6, 7	24	Luke 2: 1-24	Josh. 16, 17, 18
9	Mark 11: 19-33	Deut. 8, 9, 10	25	Luke 2: 25-52	Josh. 19, 20, 21
10	Mark 12: 1-27	Deut. 11, 12, 13	26	Luke 3	Josh. 22, 23, 24
11	Mark 12: 28-44	Deut. 14, 15, 16	27	Luke 4: 1-30	Judges 1, 2, 3
12	Mark 13: 1-20	Deut. 17, 18, 19	28	Luke 4: 31-44	Judges 4, 5, 6
13	Mark 13: 21-37	Deut. 20, 21, 22	29	Luke 5: 1-16	Judges 7, 8
14	Mark 14: 1-26	Deut. 23, 24, 25	30	Luke 5: 17-39	Judges 9, 10
15	Mark 14: 27-53	Deut. 26, 27	31	Luke 6: 1-26	Judges 11, 12
16	Mark 14: 54-72	Deut. 28, 29			

APRIL

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	Luke 6 27-49	Judges 13 14, 15	16	Luke 13 23-35	1 Sam 30, 31
2	Luke 7 1-30	Judges 16, 17, 18	17	Luke 14 1-24	2 Sam 1, 2
3	Luke 7 31-50	Judges 19, 20, 21	18	Luke 14 25-35	2 Sam 3, 4, 5
4	Luke 8 1-25	Ruth 1 2, 3, 4	19	Luke 15 1-10	2 Sam 6, 7, 8
5	Luke 8 26-56	1 Sam 1 2, 3	20	Luke 15 11-32	2 Sam 9, 10, 11
6	Luke 9 1-17	1 Sam 4, 5, 6	21	Luke 16	2 Sam 12 13
7	Luke 9 18-36	1 Sam 7, 8, 9	22	Luke 17 1-19	2 Sam 14 15
8	Luke 9 37-62	1 Sam 10, 11, 12	23	Luke 17 20-37	2 Sam 16 17, 18
9	Luke 10 1-24	1 Sam 13, 14	24	Luke 18 1-23	2 Sam 19 20
10	Luke 10 25-42	1 Sam 15, 16	25	Luke 18 24-43	2 Sam 21 22
11	Luke 11 1-28	1 Sam 17, 18	26	Luke 19 1-27	2 Sam 23 24
12	Luke 11 29-54	1 Sam 19, 20, 21	27	Luke 19 28-48	1 Ki 1 2
13	Luke 12 1-31	1 Sam 22 23, 24	28	Luke 20 1-26	1 Ki 3 4, 5
14	Luke 12 32-59	1 Sam 25, 26	29	Luke 20 27-47	1 Ki 6 7
15	Luke 13 1-22	1 Sam 27 28, 29	30	Luke 21 1-19	1 Ki 8, 9

MAY

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	Luke 21 20-38	1 Ki 10, 11	17	John 5 23-47	1 Ch 1, 2, 3
2	Luke 22 1-20	1 Ki 12, 13	18	John 6 1-21	1 Ch 4, 5, 6
3	Luke 22 21-46	1 Ki 14, 15	19	John 6 22-44	1 Ch 7, 8, 9
4	Luke 22 47-71	1 Ki 16, 17, 18	20	John 6 45-71	1 Ch 10 11, 12
5	Luke 23 1-25	1 Ki 19, 20	21	John 7 1-27	1 Ch 13, 14, 15
6	Luke 23 26-56	1 Ki 21, 22	22	John 7 28-52	1 Ch 16 17, 18
7	Luke 24 1-35	2 Ki 1, 2, 3	23	John 8 1-27	1 Ch 19 20, 21
8	Luke 24 36-53	2 Ki 4, 5, 6	24	John 8 28-59	1 Ch 22 23, 24
9	John 1 1-28	2 Ki 7, 8, 9	25	John 9 1-23	1 Ch 25 26, 27
10	John 1 29-51	2 Ki 10, 11, 12	26	John 9 24-41	1 Ch 28 29
11	John 2	2 Ki 13, 14	27	John 10 1-23	2 Ch 1, 2, 3
12	John 3 1-18	2 Ki 15, 16	28	John 10 24-42	2 Ch 4, 5, 6
13	John 3 19-36	2 Ki 17, 18	29	John 11 1-29	2 Ch 7, 8, 9
14	John 4 1-30	2 Ki 19, 20, 21	30	John 11 30-57	2 Ch 10, 11, 12
15	John 4 31-54	2 Ki 22 23	31	John 12 1-26	2 Ch 13, 14
16	John 5 1-24	2 Ki 24 25			

JUNE

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	John 12 27-50	2 Ch 15, 16	16	Acts 2 22-47	Neh 4, 5, 6
2	John 13 1-20	2 Ch 17, 18	17	Acts 3	Neh 7, 8, 9
3	John 13 21-38	2 Ch 19 20	18	Acts 4 1-22	Neh 10, 11
4	John 14	2 Ch 21 22	19	Acts 4 23-37	Neh 12, 13
5	John 15	2 Ch 23 24	20	Acts 5 1-21	Ezra 1, 2
6	John 16	2 Ch 25 26, 27	21	Acts 5 22-42	Ezra 3, 4, 5
7	John 17	2 Ch 28 29	22	Acts 6	Ezra 6, 7, 8
8	John 18 1-18	2 Ch 30 31	23	Acts 7 1-21	Ezra 9, 10
9	John 18 19-40	2 Ch 32 33	24	Acts 7 22-43	Job 1, 2
10	John 19 1-22	2 Ch 34 35, 36	25	Acts 7 44-60	Job 3, 4
11	John 19 23-42	Ezra 1 2	26	Acts 8 1-25	Job 5, 6, 7
12	John 20	Ezra 3 4, 5	27	Acts 8 26-40	Job 8, 9, 10
13	John 21	Ezra 6 7, 8	28	Acts 9 1-21	Job 11, 12, 13
14	Acts 1	Ezra 9 10	29	Acts 9 22-43	Job 14, 15, 16
15	Acts 2 1-21	Neh 1 2 3	30	Acts 10 1-23	Job 17, 18, 19

JULY

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	Acts 10 24-48	Job 20, 21	17	Acts 20 17-18	Ps 18, 19
2	Acts 11	Job 22, 23, 24	18	Acts 21 1-17	Ps 20, 21, 22
3	Acts 12	Job 25, 26, 27	19	Acts 21 18-40	Ps 23, 24, 25
4	Acts 13 1-25	Job 28, 29	20	Acts 22	Ps 26, 27, 28
5	Acts 13 26-52	Job 30, 31	21	Acts 23 1-15	Ps 29, 30
6	Acts 14	Job 32, 33	22	Acts 23 16-35	Ps 31, 32
7	Acts 15 1-21	Job 34, 35	23	Acts 24	Ps 33, 34
8	Acts 15 22-41	Job 36, 37	24	Acts 25	Ps 35, 36
9	Acts 16 1-21	Job 38, 39, 40	25	Acts 26	Ps 37, 38, 39
10	Acts 16 22-40	Job 41, 42	26	Acts 27 1-26	Ps 40, 41, 42
11	Acts 17 1-15	Ps 1, 2, 3	27	Acts 27 27-44	Ps 43, 44, 45
12	Acts 17 16-34	Ps 4, 5, 6	28	Acts 28	Ps 46, 47, 48
13	Acts 18	Ps 7, 8, 9	29	Rom 1	Ps 49, 50
14	Acts 19 1-20	Ps 10, 11, 12	30	Rom 2	Ps 51, 52, 53
15	Acts 19 21-41	Ps 13, 14, 15	31	Rom 3	Ps 54, 55, 56
16	Acts 20 1-16	Ps 16, 17			

AUGUST

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	Rom 4	Ps 57, 58, 59	17	Rom 16	Ps 97, 98, 99
2	Rom 5	Ps 60, 61, 62	18	1 Cor 1	Ps 100, 101, 102
3	Rom 6	Ps 63, 64, 65	19	1 Cor 2	Ps 103, 104
4	Rom 7	Ps 66, 67	20	1 Cor 3	Ps 105, 106
5	Rom 8 1-21	Ps 68, 69	21	1 Cor 4	Ps 107, 108, 109
6	Rom 8 22-39	Ps 70, 71	22	1 Cor 5	Ps 110, 111, 112
7	Rom 9 1-15	Ps 72, 73	23	1 Cor 6	Ps 113, 114, 115
8	Rom 9 16-33	Ps 74, 75, 76	24	1 Cor 7 1-19	Ps 116, 117, 118
9	Rom 10	Ps 77, 78	25	1 Cor 7 20-40	Ps 119 1-88
10	Rom 11 1-18	Ps 79, 80	26	1 Cor 8	Ps 119 89-176
11	Rom 11 19-36	Ps 81, 82, 83	27	1 Cor 9	Ps 120, 121, 122
12	Rom 12	Ps 84, 85, 86	28	1 Cor 10 1-18	Ps 123, 124, 125
13	Rom 13	Ps 87, 88	29	1 Cor 10 19-33	Ps 126, 127, 128
14	Rom 14	Ps 89, 90	30	1 Cor 11 1-16	Ps 129, 130, 131
15	Rom 15 1-13	Ps 91, 92, 93	31	1 Cor 11 17-34	Ps 132, 133, 134
16	Rom 15 14-33	Ps 94, 95, 96			

SEPTEMBER

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	1 Cor 12	Ps 135, 136	16	2 Cor 9	Prov 25, 26
2	1 Cor 13	Ps 137, 138, 139	17	2 Cor 10	Prov 27, 28, 29
3	1 Cor 14 1-20	Ps 140, 141, 142	18	2 Cor 11 1-15	Prov. 30, 31
4	1 Cor 14 21-40	Ps 143, 144, 145	19	2 Cor 11 16-33	Eccel 1, 2, 3
5	1 Cor 15 1-28	Ps 146, 147	20	2 Cor 12	Eccel 4, 5, 6
6	1 Cor 15 29-58	Ps 148, 149, 150	21	2 Cor 13	Eccel 7, 8, 9
7	1 Cor 16	Prov 1, 2	22	Gal 1	Eccel 10, 11, 12
8	2 Cor 1	Prov 3, 4, 5	23	Gal 2	Sol 1, 2, 3
9	2 Cor 2	Prov 6, 7	24	Gal 3	Sol 4, 5
10	2 Cor 3	Prov 8, 9	25	Gal 4	Sol 6, 7, 8
11	2 Cor 4	Prov 10, 11, 12	26	Gal 5	Isa 1, 2
12	2 Cor 5	Prov 13, 14, 15	27	Gal 6	Isa 3, 4
13	2 Cor 6	Prov 16, 17, 18	28	Eph 1	Isa 5, 6
14	2 Cor 7	Prov 19, 20, 21	29	Eph 2	Isa 7, 8
15	2 Cor 8	Prov 22, 23, 24	30	Eph 3	Isa 9, 10

OCTOBER

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	Eph. 4	Isa. 11, 12, 13	17	1 Thes. 5	Isa. 50, 51, 52
2	Eph. 5: 1-16	Isa. 14, 15, 16	18	2 Thes. 1	Isa. 53, 54, 55
3	Eph. 5: 17-31	Isa. 17, 18, 19	19	2 Thes. 2	Isa. 56, 57, 58
4	Eph. 6	Isa. 20, 21, 22	20	2 Thes. 3	Isa. 59, 60, 61
5	Phil. 1	Isa. 23, 24, 25	21	1 Tim. 1	Isa. 62, 63, 64
6	Phil. 2	Isa. 26, 27	22	1 Tim. 2	Isa. 65, 66
7	Phil. 3	Isa. 28, 29	23	1 Tim. 3	Jer. 1, 2
8	Phil. 4	Isa. 30, 31	24	1 Tim. 4	Jer. 3, 4, 5
9	Col. 1	Isa. 32, 33	25	1 Tim. 5	Jer. 6, 7, 8
10	Col. 2	Isa. 34, 35, 36	26	1 Tim. 6	Jer. 9, 10, 11
11	Col. 3	Isa. 37, 38	27	2 Tim. 1	Jer. 12, 13, 14
12	Col. 4	Isa. 39, 40	28	2 Tim. 2	Jer. 15, 16, 17
13	1 Thes. 1	Isa. 41, 42	29	2 Tim. 3	Jer. 18, 19
14	1 Thes. 2	Isa. 43, 44	30	2 Tim. 4	Jer. 20, 21
15	1 Thes. 3	Isa. 45, 46	31	Titus 1	Jer. 22, 23
16	1 Thes. 4	Isa. 47, 48, 49			

NOVEMBER

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	Titus 2	Jer. 24, 25, 26	16	Heb. 11: 20-40	Ezek. 3, 4
2	Titus 3	Jer. 27, 28, 29	17	Heb. 12	Ezek. 5, 6, 7
3	Philemon	Jer. 30, 31	18	Heb. 13	Ezek. 8, 9, 10
4	Heb. 1	Jer. 32, 33	19	Jas. 1	Ezek. 11, 12, 13
5	Heb. 2	Jer. 34, 35, 36	20	Jas. 2	Ezek. 14, 15
6	Heb. 3	Jer. 37, 38, 39	21	Jas. 3	Ezek. 16, 17
7	Heb. 4	Jer. 40, 41, 42	22	Jas. 4	Ezek. 18, 19
8	Heb. 5	Jer. 43, 44, 45	23	Jas. 5	Ezek. 20, 21
9	Heb. 6	Jer. 46, 47	24	1 Pet. 1	Ezek. 22, 23
10	Heb. 7	Jer. 48, 49	25	1 Pet. 2	Ezek. 24, 25, 26
11	Heb. 8	Jer. 50	26	1 Pet. 3	Ezek. 27, 28, 29
12	Heb. 9	Jer. 51, 52	27	1 Pet. 4	Ezek. 30, 31, 32
13	Heb. 10 1-18	Lam. 1, 2	28	1 Pet. 5	Ezek. 33, 34
14	Heb. 10 19-39	Lam. 3, 4, 5	29	2 Pet. 1	Ezek. 35, 36
15	Heb. 11 1-19	Ezek. 1, 2	30	2 Pet. 2	Ezek. 37, 38, 39

DECEMBER

DATE	MORNING	EVENING	DATE	MORNING	EVENING
1	2 Pet. 1	Ezek. 40, 41	17	Rev. 8	Amos 7, 8, 9
2	1 John 1	Ezek. 42, 43, 44	18	Rev. 9	Obadiah
3	1 John 2	Ezek. 45, 46	19	Rev. 10	Jon. 1, 2, 3, 4
4	1 John 3	Ezek. 47, 48	20	Rev. 11	Mic. 1, 2, 3
5	1 John 4	Dan. 1, 2	21	Rev. 12	Mic. 4, 5
6	1 John 5	Dan. 3, 4	22	Rev. 13	Mic. 6, 7
7	2 John	Dan. 5, 6, 7	23	Rev. 14	Nah. 1, 2, 3
8	3 John	Dan. 8, 9, 10	24	Rev. 15	Hab. 1, 2, 3
9	Jude	Dan. 11, 12	25	Rev. 16	Zeph. 1, 2, 3
10	Rev. 1	Hos. 1, 2, 3, 4	26	Rev. 17	Hag. 1, 2
11	Rev. 2	Hos. 5, 6, 7, 8	27	Rev. 18	Zec. 1, 2, 3, 4
12	Rev. 3	Hos. 9, 10, 11	28	Rev. 19	Zec. 5, 6, 7, 8
13	Rev. 4	Hos. 12, 13, 14	29	Rev. 20	Zec. 9, 10, 11, 12
14	Rev. 5	Joel 1, 2, 3	30	Rev. 21	Zec. 13, 14
15	Rev. 6	Amos 1, 2, 3	31	Rev. 22	Mal. 1, 2, 3, 4
16	Rev. 7	Amos 4, 5, 6			

LESSONS IN THE OLD TESTAMENT

First Year's Lessons

Lesson I—The Bible

1. Why is the name "Bible" given to the book of God?
2. Was it given by man or God?
3. What are the two divisions of the Bible?
4. What are the subdivisions of the Old Testament?
5. Name the thirty-nine books of the Old Testament?
6. How many writers of the Old Testament?
7. How many book's did Moses write?
8. Give two proofs that the Bible was given by inspiration.
9. What is the general theme of the Old Testament?
10. How many years does the Old Testament cover?
11. How is the Old Testament related to the New Testament?
12. How do we know that man can understand the Bible?
13. Give three reasons for studying the Old Testament.
14. Why has the Old Testament been preserved?
15. How long will the word of God stand?
16. How do we know that the Old Testament will be at the judgment?
17. What is the meaning of "Old Testament"?
18. Do you always approach the study of the Bible prayerfully?

Lesson 2—God

1. Where do we find God first mentioned in the Bible?
2. What is the meaning of the word "God"?
3. How many names are given in the Bible to God?
4. What is the meaning of "Lord God" or "Jehovah God"? (Gen. 2:4.) '
5. What place does Jehovah God occupy in the Bible?
6. Give some of the attributes of God. (See Ex. 34:6, 7.)
7. How was God revealed to the Israelites?
8. What power has God? (See Gen. 17:1; Ex. 3:14.)
9. How is God revealed to us in the New Testament? (See Matt. 6:9.)

10. Is "love" an attribute of God, or is it the sum total of his attributes? (See 1 John 4:7-9.)
11. How does God manifest his power today? (See Heb. 1:3.)
12. What is the power of God to save? (Rom. 1:16.)
13. How did God speak to his people in the Old Testament? (Heb. 1:1.)
14. How has he spoken to us? (Heb. 1:2.)
15. Give two instances of his speaking direct from heaven. (Matt. 3:17; 17:5.)
16. How do we know that he does not speak directly from heaven today?
17. What is it to love God?
18. Give three things which show the. power of God.

Lesson 3—Adam

1. Who was Adam?
2. What does "Adam" mean?
3. What two parts constitute man? (Gen. 1:26-31.)
4. How was he created in the image of God? (Gen. 1:27.)
5. Was he full-grown when created?
6. What were some of his responsibilities? (Gen. 2: IS.)
7. Describe the garden of Eden.
8. What is meant by the "fall of man"?
9. Describe the creation of Eve.
10. Was Adam deceived in the fall? (1 Tim. 2:13, 14.)
11. What curse was put upon man for his sin?
12. How do all die in Adam? (Rom. 5:14; 1 Cor. 15:22.)
13. How is Adam a type of Christ? (Rom. 5:14; 1 Cor. 15:45.)
14. Why did Adam obey Eve instead of God?
15. How did Adam try to hide his sins? (Job 31:33.)
16. How has Adam's sin affected the human race?
17. How old was Adam when he died?
18. How many deaths did Adam die?

Lesson 4—Eve

1. What does "Eve" mean?
2. How was Eve created? (Gen. 2:23, 24.)
3. Why was she called "woman"?

4. Describe her threefold temptation. (1 Cor. 11:3.)
5. Why did she yield to the temptation?
6. How was she "one flesh" with Adam?
7. In what way was she to be a "help meet"?
8. Why was she created from the "rib" of Adam?
9. What does God teach in creating only one woman for Adam?
10. What curse was put upon Eve? (Gen. 3:16; 1 Tim. 2:13, 14.)
11. Why is woman called "the suffering sex"?
12. Name her first two children.
13. What promise was made to Eve in the garden?
14. Who was "the seed of the woman"? (Gal. 3:16.)
15. How shall woman be saved in "child-bearing"? (1 Tim. 2:13, 14.)
16. What was Eve's first sin?
17. Why were Adam and Eve separated from the garden of "Eden"?
18. Why was Eve tempted first?

Lesson 5—Cain

1. Who was Cain?
2. What does the name "Cain" mean?
3. What did Cain and Abel do? (Gen. 4:2-5.)
4. What did Cain offer?
5. Why did he offer this?
6. How do we know he did not offer it in faith?
7. How do sacrifices represent one to God?
8. What may be said of this altar?
9. Why did God reject Cain's offer?
10. How many sins were connected with Cain's offering?
11. How does one become a partner with Satan?
12. Who was the first murderer?
13. Why did Cain kill Abel? (1 John 3:12.)
14. What is meant by "the way of Cain"? (Jude 11.)
15. What punishment was put upon Cain?
16. What was "the brand of Cain"?
17. Where did Cain go to dwell?
18. Where did he get his wife?

Lesson 6—Abel

1. What does the word "Abel" mean?
2. How did Abel make his offering? (Heb. 11:4.)
3. How do we know Abel pleased God?
4. Why is Abel called "righteous Abel"? (Matt. 23:35.)
5. How does Cain represent the flesh? Abel the spirit?
6. Who was the first man to die?
7. Why may we call Abel the first martyr?
8. How does Abel yet speak? (Heb. 11:4.)
9. How does his "blood crieth" from the ground?
10. What does the example of Abel teach us?
11. Why cannot some men's lives be hid? (1 Tim. 5:24, 25.)
12. How can we say that Abel was "first fruits of the city of God"?
13. How does the "blood of sprinkling" speak better than Abel? (Heb. 12:24.)
14. Was Abel a prophet? (Luke 11:50, 51.)
15. Who was the first man to have faith in God?
16. Who stands at the head of a long list of faithful worshipers?
17. Where is the city or place named Abel?
18. Where is the traditional burial place of Abel?

Lesson 7—Enoch

1. Give the three uses of name "Enoch. " (Gen. 4:17, 18; 5:18-24.)
2. Who was this Enoch?
3. What is meant by his "walking with God"?
4. How was Enoch translated?
5. How do we know that he had faith in God? (Heb. 11:5.)
6. When did Enoch live?
7. How do we know Enoch was a prophet? (Jude 14, 15.)
8. He has the distinction of being the first prophet on record; what did he prophesy?
9. Why do some think that he prophesied of the flood?
10. Why did God take him from earth?
11. A walk with God in time ends where in eternity?
12. What was the ground of his relationship to God?

13. Would Enoch's destiny have been the destiny of all, if man had not sinned?
14. Are we to understand that Enoch never sinned?
15. How does the translation of Enoch prove a life beyond this life?
16. How many patriarchs were living when Enoch was taken away?
17. How do we know that Adam was not living at this time?
18. What other man was translated?

Lesson 8—Noah

1. What does "Noah" mean?
2. What other person bore the same name? (Num. 26:33; 27:1; 36:11; Josh. 17:3.)
3. How did Noah find favor with God? (Gen. 6:8.)
4. Why was he called a righteous man? (1 John 3:7.)
5. How did he become heir of righteousness? (Heb. 11:
6. What did God command Noah to build?
7. How did Noah build the ark? (Heb. 11:7.)
8. What did Noah preach?
9. What encouragement did Noah have to preach?
10. What discouragement did he have?
11. How is Noah the second father of the human race?
12. How was Noah and his family saved? (1 Pet. 3:19-21.)
13. What was the first thing Noah did when he came out of the ark?
14. Name Noah's three sons.
15. Through which one of them did you come?
16. What is the first sin recorded after the flood?
17. What covenant did God make with Noah? (Gen. 9:9-17.)
18. Mention the facts that make Noah a solitary man.

Lesson 9—The Deluge or Flood

1. When was the flood?
2. What were the causes of the flood? (Gen. 6:5.)
3. How could it be called an act of mercy on God's part?

4. What was the extent of the flood?
5. What was the effect of the flood?
6. How do we see the justice of God in the flood?
7. How long did the waters continue over the face of the earth?
8. How were the righteous saved?
9. How were the wicked condemned?
10. Describe the ark that Noah built.
11. What other ark is mentioned in the Bible?
12. Of what may the ark be a type?
13. Of what may the flood be a type?
14. Where did the ark finally rest?
15. From where did so much water come?
16. Where is that water now?
17. How many were destroyed by the flood?
18. How many were saved from it?

Lesson 10—Abraham

1. Who was Abraham?
2. How many books of the Old Testament speak of him?
3. How many writers of the New Testament speak of him?
4. What does the name "Abraham" mean?
5. Where was Abraham when God called him?
6. What did God tell him to do? '
7. Name the seven blessings promised him. (Gen. 12:2, 3.)
8. What country was promised to his seed?
9. Why did God select Abraham?
10. What covenant did God make with Abraham?
11. What sins are recorded against Abraham?
12. Why is Abraham called "the friend of God"? (2 Chron. 20:7; Isa. 41:8; James 2:23.)
13. What was the seal of the covenant with Abraham?
14. Name the races of man that came from Abraham.
15. Why is Abraham called the father of the faithful?
16. Give Paul's allegory about Abraham's family. (Gal. 4:24-31.)
17. How did God test Abraham's faith?
18. Who are the children of Abraham today?

Lessen 11—Sarah

1. What does the name "Sarah" mean?
2. What was her first name?
3. Where does the Bible history of her begin?
4. What relation was she to Abraham? (Gen. 20:12.)
5. Describe Sarah as a wife.
6. Who else took her to be his wife?
7. What was Sarah's relation to Hagar?
8. Who was Sarah's son?
9. How old was she when he was born?
10. How do we know Sarah obeyed Abraham? (1 Pet. 3:5, 6.)
11. Among whom is Sarah classed? (1 Pet. 3:8.)
12. Discuss Sarah as a mother.
13. Why did Sarah not believe when she was promised a son?
14. How do we know she finally believed? (Heb. 11:11.)
15. Is Sarah a mother IN Israel or the mother OF Israel?
16. In what sense is Sarah our mother? (Gal. 4:31.)
17. Can Sarah in any way be a type of Mary the mother of Jesus?
18. How old was she when she died? Where was she buried?

Lesson 12—Lot

1. What does the name "Lot" mean?
2. Who was his father?
3. How was he related to Abraham?
4. Why did he accompany Abraham from Ur?
5. What trouble arose between his herdsmen and Abraham's?
6. What proposition did Abraham make Lot?
7. Describe Lot's choice?
8. Where do we next find Lot?
9. What does he take with him to Sodom?
10. What is his first trouble in Sodom?
11. How do we know he was not happy in Sodom? (2 Pet. 2:7, 8.)
12. How was he rescued from Sodom?
13. What became of his wife?
14. Where did he then go to dwell?

15. Give the names of his two sons by his two daughters.
16. What two races of people came from Lot?
17. Name one famous woman who was a descendant from Lot.
18. Why is Lot called righteous?

Lesson 13—Melchizedek

1. What does the name "Melchizedek" mean?
2. Who was Melchizedek?
3. How many times is he mentioned in the Bible?
4. What are some of the mysteries connected with Melchizedek?
5. What did Melchizedek bring to Abraham?
6. What did Abraham give to Melchizedek?
7. What did Melchizedek do for Abraham?
8. What does David say of Melchizedek? (Ps. 110.)
9. Which was the greater, Melchizedek or Abraham? (Heb. 7:7.)
10. How is Melchizedek a type of Christ?
11. What are the three orders of priesthood mentioned in the Bible?
12. What is the difference between the Aaronic priesthood and that of Melchizedek?
13. What is the difference between the priesthood of Melchizedek and that of Christ?
14. What seems to be the purpose of the mention of Melchizedek in the Old Testament?
15. In what sense did Melchizedek have no parentage?
16. What double function did Melchizedek have? (Heb. 7:2.)
17. What double function does Christ have?
18. Was Melchizedek's priesthood fleshly or spiritual?

Lesson 14—Canaan, The Promised Land

1. What material promise did God make to Abraham?
2. Why did he promise him this land?
3. Why did Abraham's seed never occupy the land as promised to Abraham?
4. Where is this land located?

5. Give its northern boundary. Eastern boundary. Southern boundary. Western boundary.
6. How long is it from north to south?
7. What is the average width of this country?
8. What is its latitude?
9. Give its longitude.
10. How many square miles does it occupy?
11. What people inhabited it before Israel occupied it?
12. Describe the climate.
13. Give the three divisions during the lifetime of Christ.
14. Describe the Dead Sea.
15. Describe the River Jordan.
16. What did the land produce?
17. Give the location of Jerusalem.
18. Name three other large cities.

Lesson 15—Hagar

1. Who was Hagar?
2. How was she related to Abraham?
3. Where did Abraham and Sarah get Hagar?
4. What promise had God made to Abraham?
5. What suggestion did Sarah make to Abraham about Hagar?
6. Why did Hagar change her attitude toward Sarah?
7. What did Sarah then do to Hagar?
8. Where did Hagar go?
9. What did God tell her to do?
10. What name was given her son?
11. What was Hagar's attitude toward Sarah after Ishmael's birth?
12. Why does not Abraham's relation with Hagar cast a reflection on him?
13. What finally became of Hagar?
14. How does the account of Hagar help the biography of Abraham?
15. To whom did "the angel of Jehovah" first appear?
16. With whom is Hagar classed?
17. What authority have we that the "Hagrites or Hagarenes" (1 Cor. 5:10) came from Hagar?
18. What part does she have in Paul's allegory?

Lesson 16—Ishmael

1. What does the name "Ishmael" mean?
2. Who was his father?
3. Who was his mother?
4. When did he live?
5. Where did he live?
6. What did Abraham desire to make him?
7. Who became Abraham's heir?
8. How old was he when Isaac was born?
9. What was his attitude toward Isaac?
10. What did Abraham do with him?
11. Where did he locate?
12. What people descended from him?
13. How were the Ishmaelites and Midianites related?
14. What race of people today are descendants of Ishmael?
15. What great religion today came from Ishmael's descendants?
16. What allegory does Paul give based on Hagar and Ishmael?
17. What does Ishmael represent in this allegory?
18. What does Hagar represent?

Lesson 17—Isaac

1. What does the name "Isaac" mean?
2. How old was Abraham and Sarah when Isaac was born?
3. Why is Isaac called a "son of promise"?
4. Which was the greater man, Abraham or Isaac?
5. Describe the character of Isaac?
6. How old was he when Abraham offered him up as a burnt offering?
7. Why did not Isaac resist his father?
8. How old was he when he married?
9. Whom did he marry?
10. Which seems to be the stronger character, Isaac or Rebekah?
11. What shows Isaac to be a man of peace?
12. Name his two sons.
13. How old was he when they were born?
14. What partiality was shown by him toward his sons?

15. What deception was practiced upon him?
16. What shows that Isaac was a pious man?
17. How old was he when he died?
18. In what way was he a type of Christ?

Lesson 18—Rebekah

1. What does "Rebekah" mean?
2. Who was her father?
3. What relation was she to Isaac?
4. Describe Rebekah as a damsel.
5. What shows her to 'be a practical girl?
6. What shows her modesty?
7. Describe Rebekah as a wife.
8. What shows her faith in God? (Gen. 24:50.)
9. What deception did she and Isaac practice?
10. Describe Rebekah as a mother.
11. Name her two children.
12. What mistake did she make toward her children?
13. What deception did she encourage her son to practice?
14. Why did she send Jacob away?
15. How did she hope to help Jehovah by her deception?
16. Why did Jehovah grant the blessing in spite of the deception?
17. What punishment was brought upon Rebekah?
18. Where was Rebekah buried? (Gen. 49:31.)

Lesson 19—Esau

1. What does "Esau" mean?
2. What other name is given to him?
3. Describe Esau as a young man.
4. What was his occupation?
5. What other man is mentioned as a "hunter" in the Bible? (Gen. 10:9.)
6. Why did Esau sell his birthright?
7. Did he really have a birthright?
8. What does this reveal about Esau's character?
9. About how old was he when he sold his birthright?
10. Whom did he marry?
11. How did this please his parents?
12. Whom did he next marry? (Gen. 28:6-9.)

Lesson 16—Ishmael

1. What does the name "Ishmael" mean?
2. Who was his father?
3. Who was his mother?
4. When did he live?
5. Where did he live?
6. What did Abraham desire to make him?
7. Who became Abraham's heir?
8. How old was he when Isaac was born?
9. What was his attitude toward Isaac?
10. What did Abraham do with him?
11. Where did he locate?
12. What people descended from him?
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5. Describe the character of Isaac?
6. How old was he when Abraham offered him up as a burnt offering?
7. Why did not Isaac resist his father?
8. How old was he when he married?
9. Whom did he marry?
10. Which seems to be the stronger character, Isaac or Rebekah?
11. What shows Isaac to be a man of peace?
12. Name his two sons.
13. How old was he when they were born?
14. What partiality was shown by him toward his sons?

13. Why did Isaac love Esau more than Jacob?
14. How did Esau prepare for the chief blessing?
15. Describe his disappointment in not receiving it.
16. Describe Esau's character. (Heb. 12:16, 17.)
17. Why is he called "a profane person"?
18. What two races of people came from Esau?

Lesson 20—Jacob

1. Who was Jacob?
2. What does his name mean?
3. Describe Jacob as a young man.
4. Why did Rebekah love him more than Esau?
5. Why did Jacob buy the birthright?
6. Did he do right in purchasing it?
7. Name the parties involved in Jacob's receiving the chief blessing.
8. Give the triple lie that Jacob told to Isaac.
9. Why did Jacob flee?
10. Describe his journey to Laban's house.
11. Describe his vision at Bethel.
12. What was his vow?
13. What contract did he make with Laban?
14. Describe the deception that was practiced on him Laban.
15. Name the children of Jacob according to his four women.
16. Discuss his favoritism toward Joseph.
17. Why did Jacob go into Egypt?
18. What request did he make about his burial?

Lesson 21—Laban

1. Who was Laban?
2. Where did he live?
3. How was he related to Abraham?
4. What was his relation to Isaac?
5. How was he related to Jacob?
6. What characteristics did he possess?
7. Name his two daughters.
8. How did he deceive Jacob?
9. Why did he prosper?

10. How many times did he change Jacob's wages?
11. How long did Jacob live with Laban?
12. Why did he leave him?
13. What did Laban attempt to do when Jacob left?
14. What covenant did he make with Jacob?
15. What did Rachel take with her when she left her father?
16. Describe the character of Laban.
17. Why did he worship in idolatry?
18. Locate the place that bore the name "Laban. "

Lesson 22—Joseph

1. Who was Joseph?
2. Why was he the favorite of Jacob?
3. Why did his brethren hate him?
4. Relate his two dreams.
5. Why was he sold into slavery?
6. What deception did his brothers practice on Jacob?
7. Where was Joseph taken?
8. What was done with him there?
9. Why was he put in prison?
10. What did he do while in prison?
11. Why was he brought out of prison?
12. Relate his interpretation of Pharaoh's dreams.
13. How was Joseph honored?
14. Who came into Egypt to buy bread?
15. Describe Joseph's treatment of them.
16. Why did they not recognize Joseph?
17. How was he revealed to his brothers?
18. What did Joseph do for his father and brethren?

Lesson 23—Judah

1. Who was Judah?
2. What does his name mean?
3. Describe the first marriage and family.
4. What sin did he commit?
5. What part did he have in selling Joseph?
6. What pledge did he make to his father for Benjamin to go back to Egypt with them?
7. How long had Joseph been in Egypt at this time?

8. Why did Judah not recognize him?
9. Why was Judah the spokesman for the others?
10. Name three points in the speech that Judah made to Joseph.
11. Why did he take the lead in this matter?
12. Who was entitled to the birthright?
13. Why did Judah receive it?
14. What blessings did Judah receive?
15. Through what tribe did Jesus come?
16. Where did Judah receive his inheritance in the promised land?
17. Name three kings which came from the tribe of Judah.
18. Where did we get the name "Jew"?

Lesson 24—The Tribes of Israel

1. Name the sons of Jacob?
2. How many tribes of Israel?
3. Where did the tribes get their names?
4. What nation did these tribes constitute?
5. Where were these tribes developed?
6. Why is there not a tribe called "Joseph"?
7. Why were there not "thirteen" tribes?
8. How many of the seed of Abraham who went into Egypt?
9. How many males were there above the age of twenty who came out of Egypt?
10. What was the condition of these tribes at first while in Egypt?
11. What was the condition at the last of these tribes in Egypt?
12. How long did they remain in Egypt?
13. Did they worship Jehovah while in Egypt?
14. What was done with Jacob's body?
15. What was done with Joseph's body?
16. Which of the tribes became the strongest?
17. Name some blessing derived from their Egyptian bondage.
18. What may have been built while the tribes were in bondage?

Lesson 25—Moses

1. What does the name "Moses" mean?
2. Give the name of his father and mother.
3. Of what tribe was he?
4. Give the name of his brother and sister.
5. Give the history of his early infancy.
6. Where was he educated?
7. What did he attempt to do at the age of forty?
8. Why did he flee from Egypt?
9. How long did he remain in Midian?
10. Give the name of his wife and his two sons.
11. How did God call him?
12. What three excuses did Moses make?
13. How did Jehovah answer these excuses?
14. How old was Moses when God called him?
15. Who was selected to be Moses' spokesman?
16. What task was Moses called upon to do?
17. What difficulties were in his way of doing this?
18. Where was he to bring the children of Israel?

Lesson 26—Moses—Continued

1. Who was the ruler of Egypt at the time of Moses?
2. What demand did Moses make of Pharaoh?
3. Why would not Pharaoh let the children of Israel go?
4. What double task did Moses have to perform?
5. What miracles did Moses perform to convince Pharaoh that Jehovah had sent him?
6. Why did these miracles not convince Pharaoh?
7. Why were the ten plagues brought on Egypt?
8. Name the ten plagues.
9. What was the Passover?
10. When was the Passover kept?
11. Describe the departure from Egypt.
12. To what place were the children of Israel first brought?
13. How did they escape from Egypt?
14. To what mountain were they brought?
15. Why did the people complain?
16. How did God feed his people in the wilderness?
17. How many were brought out of Egypt?
18. What law was given through Moses?

Lesson 27—Aaron

1. What does "Aaron" mean?
2. Name his father and mother.
3. To which tribe did he belong?
4. How much older was he than Moses?
5. Who was his sister?
6. Where was he born?
7. What is the first mention that we have of him?
8. Why did he go to meet Moses?
9. What did Jehovah make him to Moses?
10. How many sons did he have? Name them.
11. What sin did he cause Israel to commit?
12. Why was he jealous of Moses?
13. What position did the law assign to him?
14. Describe Aaron's priestly garments.
15. What is the priesthood headed by Aaron called?
16. What became of his two oldest sons?
17. How was he connected with Moses in the sin of rebellion?
18. How old was he when he died?

Lesson 28—The Wilderness Sojourn

1. Locate the wilderness.
2. How did Israel escape from the Egyptians?
3. What part of the Red Sea did they cross?
4. How large was "the wilderness"?
5. Where was Mount Sinai?
6. To what land had the children of Israel started?
7. How long did it take them to get to Mount Sinai?
8. How long did they remain there?
9. What did they receive there?
10. What did they attempt to do there?
11. Who was their leader while in the wilderness?
12. What did they do when they came to Kadesh-barnea?
13. How many spies were sent out?
14. Name two of the spies.
15. How long were the spies gone?
16. How long did Israel remain in the wilderness?
17. How many of them gave an evil report?
18. What was this evil report?

Lesson 29—The Law of Moses

1. Why is it called "the law of Moses"?
2. What is, the law of Moses?
3. By what other names is it called? 4 Where did Moses receive the law?
5. To whom did he first give the law?
6. What did the people say when they heard the law?
7. Why was this law given?
8. Where was it given to the people?
9. What is meant by the "ordinances"?
10. What was the law with respect to slavery?
11. How was the law related to the ten commandments?
12. When did the law go into effect?
13. Where was the law to govern Israel?
14. Was the law perfect? Why?
15. What was the purpose of the law?
16. Who fulfilled the law?
17. Why could not others fulfill it?
18. When was the law taken out of the way?

Lesson 30—The Ten Commandments

1. What names are given to these commandments?
2. How are they related to the law of Moses?
3. How were they given to Moses?
4. How many times were they given to him?
5. Which of the ten were supposed to be on the first table?
6. What do they describe?
7. Which belong to the second table?
8. What duties do these describe?
9. Give the meaning of the first commandment.
10. Discuss the second commandment.
11. Give the meaning of the third.
12. Discuss the fourth commandment.
13. Discuss the fifth commandment.
14. Give the meaning of the sixth commandment.
15. What is the meaning of the eighth commandment?
16. Discuss the ninth commandment.
17. Discuss the tenth.
18. Which of these commandments are in force today?

Lesson 31—The Tabernacle

1. What was the tabernacle?
2. Where did Moses get the pattern of it?
3. Give the three dimensions of the tabernacle.
4. Give the material out of which it was made.
5. Give the dimensions of the two parts of the tabernacle.
6. Describe the ark of the covenant.
7. Describe the altar of incense.
8. Describe the table of shewbread.
9. Describe the candlestick.
10. Describe the brazen altar.
11. Give the dimensions of the court.
12. Name the four coverings of the tabernacle.
13. Of what was the tabernacle a type?
14. Who were to look after the tabernacle?
15. Who was the first high priest?
16. Who were the subordinate priests?
17. Describe the dress of the high priest.
18. What were the general duties of the high priest?

Lesson 32—The Ark of the Covenant

1. What was the ark of the covenant?
2. Give its dimensions.
3. What was its covering?
4. What was the purpose of the ark?
5. When was it first made?
6. What other names are given to it?
7. How many arks do we read about in the Bible?
8. What was placed in the ark?
9. Where was the ark kept?
10. How was the ark to be carried?
11. Who was killed for touching the ark?
12. When did the Philistines capture the ark?
13. What did they first do with it?
14. How did it smite their idol?
15. How did the ark represent Jehovah?
16. How long did the ark remain with the enemies of Israel?
17. What, if any, difference between the ark of the tabernacle and the ark of the temple?

18. Of what was the ark a type? What finally became of it?

Lesson 33—Sacrifices or Offerings

1. What is a sacrifice?
2. What animals were permitted as sacrifices?
3. Name the five major offerings.
4. What could be offered as a "burnt offering"?
5. What could be offered as a "meal offering"?
6. What could be offered as a "peace offering"?
7. What could be offered as a "sin offering"?
8. What could be offered as a "trespass offering"?
9. What were the three major parts of every animal sacrifice?
10. What did the one making the offering have to do first to the animal offered?
11. Which priest would make the offering for the worshiper?
12. What did these sacrifices, typify?
13. Why did God demand sacrifices of his people?
14. To whom did all of these sacrifices point?
15. What was the incense?
16. When was it to be burned on the altar?
17. What must accompany to the altar every sacrifice?
18. When did these sacrifices cease?

Lesson 34—Jewish Feasts

1. What was a feast?
2. What was the purpose of the Jewish feasts?
3. What was the weekly feast?
4. What was the monthly feast? 5. Name the six annual feasts.
6. What was the Sabbatical year?
7. What was the Jubilee year?
8. When was the Passover Feast held?
9. What did it commemorate?
10. When was the Feast of Unleavened Bread held?
11. What did it commemorate?
12. When was the Feast of Weeks held?
13. What did it commemorate?
14. When was the Feast of Trumpets?

15. What did it commemorate?
16. When was the day of atonement?
17. What was done on this day?
18. When was the Feast of Ingathering? What did it commemorate?

Lesson 35—The Day of Atonement

1. What does the word "atonement" mean?
2. What day was set apart for the atonement?
3. What was the high priest to do on this day?
4. How many times did he go into the most holy place that day?
5. Why did he go into the most holy place on this day?
6. Was the most holy place entered at any other time? Why?
7. What sacrifices were made on this day?
8. Describe the disposition of the "scapegoat. "
9. What was done with the sins of the people?
10. To whom did this day look?
11. Describe the use of the blood of the sacrifices on this day.
12. How should the high priest be dressed when going into the most holy place?
13. How many kinds of sacrifices were made on this day?
14. Why were the sins of the people not absolutely forgiven?
15. The day of atonement prepared the people for what?
16. How did the goat that was killed represent Christ?
17. How did the one that was to escape represent him?
18. How often did they keep the day of atonement?

Lesson 36—Priesthood Under the Law

1. What is a priest?
2. How many priesthoods in the Bible?
3. Who was the first high priest under the law of Moses?
4. What were the qualifications of the high priest?
5. In what family must the high priest be?
6. What are the duties of the high priest?
7. Of whom was the high priest a type?
8. How many high priests at one time?

9. Who were the other priests under the law?
10. How many other priests should there be?
11. Into how many courses did David divide the priests?
12. Describe the dress of the high priest.
13. Describe the dress of the other priests.
14. What were the qualifications of the other priests? Their duties?
15. Where were the priests to live?
16. Where did the high priest live?
17. What is the difference between "the priests" and "the Levites"?
18. Who are the antitypes of the common priests?

Lesson 37—Cities of Refuge

1. What is a "city of refuge"?
2. How many cities of refuge were set apart?
3. Name and give the location of these.
4. Why were they designated as "cities of refuge"?
5. Who could take refuge in them?
6. What trial did the refugee have to stand?
7. Who was the "avenger of blood"?
8. What was the duties of the avenger of blood?
9. What privilege did the refugee have?
10. How much space belonged to the cities of refuge?
11. Can you name some one who fled to the city of refuge?
12. How long did one have to remain in the city of refuge?
13. What was the penalty if he did not remain there?
14. Of what are these cities of refuge a type?
15. In whom is our refuge?
16. How may we come to him?
17. How long must we remain in him?
18. What blessings have we in coming to our "city of refuge"?

Lesson 38—Vows (Read Lev. 27; Num. 6)

1. What is a vow?
2. What is the difference between a vow and a promise?
3. What are the two classes of vows?
4. Describe the Nazarite vow.
5. What three things must be observed by the Nazarite?

6. What was the penalty if any one of these was violated?
7. How long could the Nazarite vow continue?
8. Name two prominent Bible characters who were Nazarites.
9. What was the purpose of the Nazarite vow?
10. What does it typify with respect to the Christian?
11. Name some of the common vows.
12. What was the purpose of these?
13. What was Jacob's vow?
14. What was Jephthah's vow?
15. What was Hannah's vow?
16. What was Absalom's vow?
17. What vow did Saul lead the people to make?
18. What were the conditions of being released from a vow?

Lesson 39—Balaam

1. What does "Balaam" mean?
2. Who was Balaam?
3. To what race of people did he belong?
4. Who was Balak?
5. What did he want Balaam to do?
6. What did he offer Balaam to curse Israel?
7. What did Jehovah tell Balaam about going with the messengers?
8. Why did Balaam want to go with them?
9. What did Balak do when he heard Balaam did not come?
10. How did Balaam receive the messengers this time?
11. What should he have done with them?
12. What did Jehovah tell him to do?
13. What occurred on the way?
14. How did the ass rebuke him?
15. How many times did Balaam attempt to curse Israel?
16. What did Jehovah make him do?
17. What is the doctrine of Balaam?
18. How did Balaam cause Israel to be cursed?

Lesson 40—The Numberings of Israel

1. What promise did God make to Abraham about his seed?

2. How many of them went into Egypt?
3. How long did they remain in Egypt?
4. How many came out of Egypt?
5. How do you account for such a great number?
6. Which of the people were numbered the first time?
7. Where was the numbering made?
8. Give the number of each tribe.
9. Which tribe was the largest?
10. Which one was the smallest?
11. When was this numbering made?
12. Name the three divisions of the tribe of Levi.
13. Why was Levi numbered apart from the others?
14. Where was the second numbering made?
15. When was it made?
16. How many did Israel number at this time?
17. What tribes had gained?
18. What tribes had lost?

Lesson 41—Joshua

1. Who was Joshua?
2. What does his name mean?
3. How old was he when he came out of Egypt?
4. To what tribe did he belong?
5. Whom did he succeed as leader of Israel?
6. What qualifications did he have for leadership?
7. Describe his leading Israel across the Jordan.
8. What two major tasks did he have to perform?
9. Describe the capture of Jericho.
10. What people inhabited Canaan at that time?
11. Why was Joshua not to make a covenant with them?
12. Describe the incident which caused him to violate this.
13. How did Joshua divide the land?
14. What was to be Joshua's guide?
15. How did Jehovah bless him?
16. Mention three points in his farewell address.
17. What influence did he have over the people?
18. How old was he when he died?

Lesson 42—Caleb

1. What is the meaning of "Caleb"?
2. How many characters of the Bible that bore this name?

3. Who was the Caleb associated with Joshua?
4. What tribe did he represent?
5. When did he live?
6. Describe his character.
7. How do we know that he was not of Israelitish birth or descent?
8. Where is Caleb the son of Jephunneh first mentioned in the Bible?
9. Discuss his work as one of the spies.
10. What kind of report did he bring back?
11. What shows his faith in Jehovah?
12. What shows that Caleb was optimistic?
13. How many of the first numbering of Israel entered the promised land?
14. What request did Caleb make of Joshua?
15. Where was Caleb's portion in the land of Canaan?
16. Who inhabited his portion?
17. What reward did he offer the one who would capture a certain city?
18. Where was Caleb buried?

Lesson 43—Location of the Tribes in Canaan

1. Who led Israel across the river Jordan?
2. What tribes were located on the east side of the Jordan?
3. Why were these located there?
4. How was the land divided?
5. How did each tribe get its location?
6. Where was Simeon located?
7. Describe Judah's location.
8. Locate Dan's portion.
9. Where was Benjamin located?
10. Give the location of Ephraim.
11. Give the location of the half tribe of Manasseh.
12. Give Issachar's location.
13. Where was Zebulon located?
14. Give the location of Asher.
15. Give the location of Naphtali.
16. How many border on the river Jordan?
17. How many border on the Mediterranean Sea?
18. What was the law about transferring from one tribe to another?

Lesson 44—The Judges

1. What is a judge?
2. How was Israel governed after Joshua's death?
3. Why were judges necessary?
4. Make a list of the sixteen judges.
5. What did Ehud do?
6. What did Barak do?
7. Describe Gideon's victory.
8. What wicked thing did Abimelech do?
9. Discuss Jephthah's victory.
10. Who was Samson?
11. Why was he so strong?
12. Why did God use him?
13. How was Samson betrayed?
14. Describe his sad death.
15. Name three great feats that he performed.
16. Who was Eli?
17. Who was Samuel?
18. Describe Samuel's good work as judge and priest.

Lesson 45—Gideon

1. What is the meaning of "Gideon"?
2. Who was Gideon?
3. Of what tribe was he?
4. Who were oppressing Israel at this time?
5. What was Gideon doing when God called him?
6. What did Jehovah command him to do?
7. What excuse did he make?
8. Give Gideon's test with the fleece of wool.
9. How large an army did Gideon muster?
10. What did he say to his men by way of releasing them?
11. How many of his men went home?
12. What did Jehovah tell him to do with the others?
13. How many were selected to go against the enemy?
14. How were they instructed to go?
15. What was the result of their going against the enemy?
16. How long did Gideon judge the people?
17. What kind of a judge did he make?
18. Who succeeded him as judge?

Lesson 46—Ruth

1. Read the entire book of Ruth. Did you?
2. Who was Elimelech?
3. Who was Naomi?
4. Name their two sons.
5. Where did they go? Why?
6. What misfortune befell Naomi in Moab?
7. To whom were the boys married?
8. Which one married Ruth?
9. What proposition did Naomi make to her daughters-in-law?
10. Which one accepted the proposition?
11. Why did not Ruth accept it?
12. What did Ruth do?
13. Where did she go to glean?
14. What proposition did Boaz make to her?
15. What instruction did Naomi give Ruth?
16. Describe Boaz.
17. What did they name their son?
18. Give the genealogy from Boaz to David.

Lesson 47—Eli

1. What does the name "Eli" mean?
2. Who was Eli?
3. To which tribe did he belong?
4. What position did he occupy?
5. Who were his sons?
6. What had he made them?
7. How did they disobey God?
8. Why was Eli responsible for their wickedness?
9. Describe Eli as a man physically.
10. Describe his moral character.
11. Who was committed to his care?
12. What prophecy was made concerning Eli's house?
13. How were his sons killed?
14. How was the ark of God captured?
15. What did Eli say to the prophecy of his destruction?
16. How did Eli die?
17. Name one of his grandsons.

18. When was the prophecy concerning his destruction fulfilled?

Lesson 48—Samuel

1. What does the name "Samuel" mean?
2. To what tribe did he belong?
3. Who were his father and mother?
4. Who trained Samuel to be a priest?
5. What did Jehovah tell Samuel about the house of Eli?
6. What did Samuel's sons do?
7. What request did the people make concerning a ruler?
8. What did Samuel do with their request?
9. Whom did the people reject?
10. How may people reject Jehovah today?
11. How did Samuel judge Israel?
12. Describe Samuel as a priest.
13. Describe him as a prophet.
14. Whom did Samuel anoint as king?
15. What did Samuel tell the people the king would do for them?
16. What did the people still insist on?
17. Why did Samuel give them a king?
18. How did Saul disturb Samuel after Samuel's death?

Lesson 49—The Kingdom Established

1. How was Israel first governed?
2. How was it next governed?
3. How was Israel governed the third time?
4. Who was the last judge?
5. What kind of men were his sons?
6. Why did the people ask for a king?
7. How did this affect Samuel?
8. Whom did Jehovah tell Samuel they had rejected?
9. How had they rejected Jehovah?
10. What did Jehovah tell Samuel to do for the people?
11. How did Jehovah show his displeasure in their calling for a king?
12. What did Samuel tell the people their king would do for them?
13. What did the people say when they heard that?
14. Who reserved the right to select the king?

15. Why did he do this?
16. Who was anointed as their first king?
17. How did Samuel know whom to select?
18. On what basis was he selected?

Lesson 50—The Passover

1. What was the last of the ten plagues in Egypt?
2. What day was set apart for the Passover?
3. What did the Passover signify?
4. What was necessary to make the Passover?
5. What did the paschal lamb represent?
6. When did they begin to use wine with the Passover Feast?
7. What kind of bread was to be used at the Passover?
8. What was the Passover to signify to the Jews?
9. Would the Passover have any meaning to the Gentiles? Why?
10. How should the people be when they ate the Passover?
11. How often were they to eat the Passover?
12. Why did the Jews not keep the Passover at its appointed time?
13. Give four significant Passovers that the Jews kept.
14. How many Passovers did Jesus keep after he began his public work?
15. Why was Jesus crucified at the Passover?
16. Where was the Passover to be kept? Why?
17. What significance does the Passover have in the New Testament?
18. How is Jesus "our passover"?

Lesson 51—Saul

1. Who was Saul?
2. Of what tribe was he?
3. What was he made?
4. Describe him as a man.
5. What sin did he commit?
6. Describe his disobedience as a downward course.
7. Discuss his disobedience in destroying the Amalekites?
8. What was Saul's relation to Samuel?
9. Describe the evil spirit that came upon Saul. 10. Who was Jonathan?

11. Why was David brought to Saul?
12. Why did Saul become jealous of David?
13. Why did he become an enemy of David?
14. Why did the people forsake Saul?
15. Why did Saul visit the witch of Endor?
16. What did this witch tell him?
17. Describe Saul's death.
18. What valuable lessons may we learn from Saul?

Lesson 52—Jonathan

1. Who was Jonathan?
2. What does his name mean?
3. Of what tribe was he?
4. Where do we first find him mentioned?
5. What did he think of David?
6. How did he rebuke his father?
7. What great victory did Jonathan win?
8. What was his covenant with David?
9. What did he give David?
10. What may be said of his love for David?
11. What was Saul's attitude toward Jonathan at times?
12. Describe Jonathan as a loyal friend.
13. When should a friend correct one?
14. What did Jonathan sacrifice to be a friend to David?
15. What covenant did Jonathan make with David about his posterity?
16. Where was Jonathan killed?
17. Who killed him?
18. How did David mourn for him?

Second Year's Lessons

Lesson I—David

1. Who was David?
2. Which was his tribe?
3. Who anointed him king?
4. What was his relation to Saul?
5. What did the women sing about Saul and David?
6. Why was David not an enemy of Saul?
7. Saul was David's enemy; David was not Saul's enemy;

can you have an enemy and not become an enemy to that one?

8. Why did not David kill Saul?
9. What kind of a king did David make?
10. Discuss David's sin in having Uriah killed.
11. What punishment came upon David for this sin?
12. Who was David's captain?
13. Discuss Absalom's rebellion.
14. Tell of David's fleeing from Jerusalem.
15. Discuss David as a musician.
16. Discuss David as a poet.
17. How many sons did David have?
18. Discuss David's death.

Lesson 2—Absalom

1. Who was Absalom?
2. Who was his mother?
3. Describe him as a man.
4. Who was his sister?
5. Why did Absalom kill his brother Amnon?
6. What did Absalom then do?
7. Who brought Absalom back to Jerusalem?
8. How did Absalom steal the hearts of the people?
9. How does Absalom compare with politicians today?
10. How did he plan to take the kingdom from his father?
11. Who joined him in this rebellion?
12. Who was his chief counsellor?
13. Who was sent to offset his counsel?
14. Whom did David send against Absalom's force?
15. What instruction did David give to the leaders?
16. Where was Absalom found?
17. What was done to him?
18. How did this affect David?

Lesson 3—Joab

1. What is the meaning of "Joab"?
2. Who was Joab's mother?
3. How was he related to David?
4. Give the names of his two brothers.
5. What position did he hold?

6. When did Joab live?
7. Why did Abner kill Asahel?
8. What did Joab do to Abner?
9. What position did Joab hold in David's army?
10. How did Joab bring David and Absalom together?
11. Why did Joab kill Amasa?
12. How does Joab show his loyalty to David?
13. Why did Joab kill Absalom?
14. What did Joab do to Uriah?
15. What instruction did David give Solomon about Joab?
16. Why did Joab befriend Adonijah?
17. What did Solomon command to be done to Joab?
18. Where was Joab killed?

Lesson 4—The Philistines

1. Who were the Philistines?
2. Where did they dwell?
3. What was their attitude toward the Israelites?
4. Where do we first have them mentioned in the Bible?
5. What is the first invasion they made against Israel?
6. What did they capture at this time?
7. How did Saul attempt to break the power of the Philistines?
8. Who led the Israelites to victory against the Philistines?
9. Where did Saul meet the Philistines again?
10. Discuss David's attacks on the Philistines.
11. Who was Goliath?
12. Describe his armor.
13. What challenge did he make to Israel?
14. How was he overcome?
15. Name the first cities of the Philistines.
16. What two notable characters did the Philistines kill?
17. What was the chief god of the Philistines?
18. What finally became of the Philistines?

Lesson 5—Solomon

1. Who was Solomon?
2. What instruction did David give to Solomon?
3. How did Jehovah appear to Solomon?
4. What proposition did Jehovah give to Solomon?

5. For what did Solomon pray?
6. Why did he want wisdom?
7. What may be said of Solomon's wisdom?
8. What proverbs did he write?
9. What song did he write?
10. Give two incidents that show his wisdom.
11. How did Solomon reign over Israel?
12. How many wives and concubines did Solomon have?
13. What did they become to him?
14. How did Solomon oppress the people?
15. Describe the visit of the queen of Sheba to Solomon.
16. Why did Solomon not remain faithful to Jehovah?
17. Describe the temple that Solomon built.
18. How long did he reign over Israel?

Lesson 6—The Temple Built

1. What was the temple?
2. What was done with the tabernacle?
3. Who first had it in heart to build the temple?
4. What prophet encouraged David in this?
5. Why was David not permitted to build the temple?
6. Who did build the temple?
7. Where did he get material to build it?
8. How was this material brought to Jerusalem?
9. What did Solomon give in exchange for the material?
10. Give the dimensions of the temple.
11. Describe the most holy place.
12. How many pieces of furniture belonged to the temple?
13. What was the great court?
14. Name two pillars of the temple.
15. What was the main entrance to the temple?
16. Where was the altar of burnt offerings?
17. Where was the golden altar?
18. What was the daily service in the temple?

Lesson 7—The Kingdom Divided

1. How long did Saul reign?
2. How long did David reign?
3. How long did Solomon reign?

4. How long has the kingdom been in existence to this point?
5. Who succeeded Solomon?
6. What proposition did the people make to Rehoboam?
7. With whom did he first advise?
8. What advice did they give him?
9. Why did he not follow their advice?
10. What did ten tribes then do?
11. Whom did they make as their king?
12. What was their kingdom called?
13. What was the other kingdom called?
14. What was the relation between these two kingdoms?
15. With which kingdom did the Levites and priests go?
16. In which kingdom was Jerusalem located?
17. How may the kingdoms now be considered?
18. Why has the government proved a failure so far?

Lesson 8—The Kingdom of Judah

1. By what other names is this kingdom known?
2. Who was its first king?
3. What two tribes composed it?
4. What other people united with them?
5. What was the capital of this kingdom?
6. How many kings did this kingdom have?
7. How long did it continue as a kingdom?
8. Who finally destroyed it?
9. What was its attitude toward the kingdom of Israel?
10. Its kings were in what line or family?
11. What prophets came from this kingdom?
12. What territory belonged to this kingdom?
13. What may be said of the strength of the kingdom?
14. Why was it called the kingdom of Judah?
15. Did this kingdom increase in power or territory?
16. What foreign nations fought this kingdom?
17. Describe the religion of this kingdom.
18. How is it a type of the kingdom of God today?

Lesson 9—The Kingdom of Israel

1. In what two senses is the "kingdom of Israel" used in the Bible?

2. Who was the first king of this kingdom?
3. How many kings reigned over it?
4. Where was its first capital?
5. Where was the next capital?
6. What form of idolatry was practiced in this kingdom?
7. Where did the people go to worship?
8. What prophet did Jehovah send to condemn this kingdom?
9. What became of this prophet? Why?
10. What was its attitude toward the kingdom of Judah?
11. How many tribes composed this kingdom?
12. Give the extent of its territory.
13. Did the kingdom grow stronger or weaker?
14. What may be said of the wickedness of its kings?-
15. How long did this kingdom continue?
16. Who destroyed it?
17. Name some prophets that prophesied against it.
18. What became of the "lost tribe"?

Lesson 10—Jeroboam

1. Who was Jeroboam?
2. What tribe did he represent?
3. What caused his enmity to Solomon?
4. What was the "sin of Jeroboam"?
5. How did he change the object of worship?
6. How did he change the place of worship?
7. How did he change the time of the worship?
8. How did he change the priesthood?
9. What warfare did he make on the kingdom of Judah?
10. Did the kingdom ever depart from the sin of Jeroboam?
11. Where did he make his capital?
12. What prophet testified against him?
13. Why did his son die?
14. What did his wife do?
15. What curse was put upon Jeroboam?
16. How long did he reign over Israel?
17. Who succeeded him?
18. What lessons may we learn from Jeroboam?

Lesson 11—Book of First Kings

1. What is the subject matter of this book?
2. Why is it called book of "kings"?
3. What two kingdoms are given in its history?
4. What is the relation of these two kingdoms?
5. Give a list of the kings of Judah as found in this book.
6. Give a list of the kings of Israel as found in this book.
7. Name three prophets that are mentioned in this book.
8. Describe the prophet Elijah.
9. What was his contest on Mount Carmel?
10. Why did Elijah flee to Horeb?
11. Who was Jezebel?
12. Describe the prophet Elisha.
13. Whom did he succeed?
14. What miracles did he perform?
15. Who was Ben-hadad?
16. Who was Ahab?
17. Why was Naboth killed?
18. How was Ahab humbled?

Lesson 12—Ahab and Jezebel

1. Who was Ahab?
2. What king of Israel in number was he?
3. Who was his father?
4. Who was his wife?
5. Where did he get her?
6. What kind of a king was he?
7. Where was his capital?
8. What did Jezebel lead him to do?
9. What proposition did he make to Naboth?
10. Why would not Naboth sell his vineyard?
11. What did Jezebel have done to Naboth?
12. What did Ahab then do?
13. What alliance did he form with Jehoshaphat?
14. What did Ahab ask Jehoshaphat to help him do?
15. What did Jehoshaphat ask for?
16. What did Ahab say about Micaiah?
17. How did Ahab die?
18. Describe the death of Jezebel.

Lesson 13—The Book of Second Kings

1. What is the history found in this book?
2. Who is the prophet found in the first part of the book?
3. Against whom did he prophesy?
4. How was Elijah taken from earth?
5. Who became his successor?
6. How did the widow's oil increase?
7. What did Elisha do for the Shunammite woman?
8. Who was Naaman?
9. How was he cured of leprosy?
10. Discuss the sin of Gehazi.
11. Give the list of kings of Israel recorded in this book.
12. Give the list of kings of Judah recorded in this book.
13. Give some of the sins of Jehu.
14. How was the kingdom of Israel destroyed?
15. Why was it destroyed?
16. How was the kingdom of Judah destroyed?
17. Who was Hezekiah?
18. What good work did he do?

Lesson 14—Elijah

1. What does the name "Elijah" mean?
2. Who was Elijah?
3. At what time did he live?
4. Who was king of Israel at the time?
5. Who was king over Judah at that time?
6. What did he bring upon Israel?
7. How was he fed?
8. What did Ahab attempt to do with him?
9. Where did Elijah go?
10. How did Elijah have the prophets killed?
11. What was the contest on Mount Carmel?
12. Who was victorious in this contest?
13. What question was settled in it?
14. What did Jezebel threaten to do to Elijah?
15. Where did Elijah flee?
16. What did God tell him to do there?
17. What finally became of Elijah?
18. Who is the "Elijah" of the New Testament?

Lesson 15—Elisha

1. What does the name "Elisha" mean?
2. When did he prophesy?
3. Who was his teacher as a prophet?
4. Who was Elisha's servant?
5. How did Elisha counsel Israel?
6. How did Elisha make the widow's oil increase?
7. What did he do for the Shunammite woman?
8. What did he do for her son?
9. How did he heal Naaman of leprosy?
10. What curse was put upon Gehazi? Why?
11. How did Elisha help Israel against the Syrians?
12. What did he do for the Syrians?
13. Whom did Elisha anoint king of Israel?
14. How did he tell of Ben-hadad's death?
15. What did he predict concerning the death of Jezebel?
16. Tell of Elisha's last sickness.
17. What did he prophesy concerning Assyria?
18. What was done with Elisha's body?

Lesson 16—Naaman

1. What is the meaning of "Naaman"?
2. Where did Naaman live?
3. What is he called in the New Testament?
4. Of what nationality was he?
5. What position did he hold?
6. How was he afflicted?
7. Who suggested to him a remedy?
8. Why did he not at first take her suggestion?
9. To whom did he go first for healing?
10. What did the king think that he sought?
11. Who sent word to him?
12. Where did Naaman next go?
13. What presents did he take with him?
14. Why did not Elisha go out to meet him?
15. What did Elisha tell him to do?
16. How did this affect Naaman?
17. What did he finally do?
18. How was Naaman healed?

Lesson 17—Captivity of Israel

1. When was the kingdom of Israel divided?
2. How many kings before the division?
3. How long did the kingdom of Israel or northern kingdom continue?
4. What may be said about the sins of this kingdom?
5. How many kings did it have?
6. Who was its last king?
7. Were there any good kings of this kingdom?
8. What may be said about the idolatry of the people of this kingdom?
9. What prophet prophesied at the captivity of Israel?
10. Who was king of Judah at the time the kingdom of Israel was captured?
11. What people captured Israel?
12. Who was the king of that country?
13. How long did they besiege Samaria before it was captured?
14. What was done with the people?
15. What other peoples were brought and placed in the country?
16. With whom did they intermarry?
17. What people of New Testament times came from this mixed people?
18. Were the ten tribes ever brought back to their country? Why?

Lesson 18—Hezekiah

1. What does the name "Hezekiah" mean?
2. Who was Hezekiah?
3. Over which kingdom was he king?
4. What time did he reign?
5. Why was Hezekiah's reign a difficult task?
6. What prophet encouraged Hezekiah?
7. Who were the enemies of his kingdom?
8. What did the Egyptians attempt to do?
9. What confession did Hezekiah make to the king of Assyria?
10. What did the king of Assyria do then?
11. What was Rabshakeh's defiant speech?
12. How did Isaiah comfort Hezekiah?

13. What did Isaiah prophesy of Judah's deliverance?
14. Describe Hezekiah's sickness.
15. What did the prophet tell him he would do?
16. How many years were added to his life?
17. Was this best for Hezekiah? Why?
18. Who succeeded Hezekiah?

Lesson 19—Josiah

1. What does "Josiah" mean?
2. Who was Josiah?
3. When did he reign?
4. Was he king over Israel or king over Judah?
5. What prophet instructed and encouraged him?
6. Who was high priest during the reign of Josiah?
7. When did Josiah begin to seek the Lord?
8. What did Josiah do about idolatrous worship?
9. What reformation did he bring about?
10. How did he restore the worship in the temple?
11. Tell of his repairing the temple.
12. How did he teach the people the word of God?
13. In what year of his reign did he keep the great Passover?
14. How did Josiah oppose Pharaoh-Necho?
15. Where did he fight a battle with Pharaoh-Necho?
16. What kind of a king was Josiah? Why?
17. Where was Josiah killed?
18. How was he buried?

Lesson 20—Judah in Babylonian Captivity

1. What two tribes composed the kingdom of Judah?
2. How long did this kingdom continue?
3. How many kings did it have?
4. What sins did it commit?
5. What did Jehovah do with the people?
6. What nation came against Judah?
7. What was done for the temple?
8. What was done for Jerusalem?
9. Where were the people taken?
10. What prophet lived at this time?
11. What did he instruct the people to do?

12. How long were they to remain in captivity?
13. Why were they in captivity?
14. How did they live in Babylonian captivity?
15. Name two prophets that lived in Babylon with them.
16. What new phase of worship originated there?
17. How were the synagogues used?
18. Who brought them out of Babylonian captivity?

Lesson 21—The Temple Destroyed

1. What was the temple?
2. Of what material was it built?
3. Describe the style of architecture.
4. Describe the porches that belonged to it.
5. How long had the temple been built at this time?
6. Who had repaired the temple?
7. Who captured the Jews at this time?
8. What was done to the temple?
9. Why was it destroyed?
10. What was done with the vessels and furniture of the temple?
11. What was done with the vessels that were carried to Babylon?
12. The temple was a type of what?
13. How was the temple destroyed?
14. What did its destruction signify?
15. What was the enclosure of the temple called?
16. How had the Jews corrupted the worship in the temple?
17. Why were Gentiles not permitted to enter the temple?
18. When was the temple destroyed?

Lesson 22—Return from Babylonian Captivity

1. Why were they sent into captivity?
2. How long did they remain in captivity?
3. What did they do while there in captivity?
4. What king encouraged them to go back to their homeland?
5. Who was their leader?
6. Who were permitted to return to the homeland?
7. What were others encouraged to do?
8. Did any who went into emotivity come out of captivity?

9. What did they begin to do when they came out?
10. How many of them returned from captivity?
11. Where did they get help to rebuild the temple?
12. What opposition did they have?
13. How were they encouraged to rebuild the temple?
14. Why did some weep when the foundation was laid?
15. Why did others rejoice?
16. What is Cyrus called?
17. Did he know that he was obeying Jehovah?
18. Why did not all of the people go out of Babylon?

Lesson 23—The Temple Rebuilt

1. How long did Judah remain in Babylonian captivity?
2. Who led the first company of captives back to Jerusalem?
3. When did Zerubbabel begin rebuilding the temple?
4. Where was the temple rebuilt?
5. Why was it rebuilt?
6. What heathen king gave orders for it to be rebuilt?
7. What did Cyrus give toward rebuilding it?
8. Who opposed the rebuilding of the temple?
9. Why did the Jews cease their work on the temple?
10. Name the two prophets that encouraged them to finish the rebuilding.
11. Who took the lead in rebuilding the temple?
12. What is this temple called?
13. Was this temple standing when Christ came? Why?
14. What is meant by "Herod's temple"?
15. Had the temple built by Zerubbabel been completely destroyed?
16. To what phase of the temple did disciples direct Christ's attention?
17. How many times did Jesus cleanse the temple?
18. When was the temple finally destroyed?

Lesson 24—Ezra

1. Who was Cyrus?
2. What did Cyrus proclaim?
3. What did Cyrus give to the returning Jews?
4. Who of the Jews returned from captivity?

5. Who led the company?
6. How many of the Jews returned?
7. How did the Jews find the temple and Jerusalem?
8. What did they give to rebuild?
9. Who had the oversight of the rebuilding of the temple?
10. How did they celebrate the rebuilding of the temple?
11. Who were the adversaries of the Jews?
12. What did they do?
13. Who was Darius?
14. What did he do?
15. Who was Ezra?
16. What had he set his heart to do?
17. How did he instruct the people?
18. Who assembled to hear the law?

Lesson 25—Nehemiah

1. Who was Nehemiah?
2. What word had he received?
3. Where was he at this time?
4. What was he doing there?
5. What did Artaxerxes grant him?
6. Why did he not ask for a bodyguard?
7. What was his purpose in leading a company to Jerusalem?
8. Who were his adversaries?
9. What did they try to do?
10. How did they first attempt to discourage him?
11. What was their next step?
12. What did they finally do?
13. How did Nehemiah divide the workers?
14. How many groups were there of the workers?
15. How did he instruct the people in the law?
16. What national sins did he confess for his people?
17. What were the ordinances of the temple?
18. How had they violated the marriage law?

Lesson 26—Esther

1. Who was Ahasuerus?
2. What did he do?
3. Who was his wife?

4. What did she do?
5. What request did Ahasuerus make of the queen?
6. Why did she not comply with it?
7. What was done to her?
8. What plan was suggested for selecting another queen?
9. Who was Esther?
10. How did Mordecai save the king's life?
11. Who was Haman?
12. Why did Mordecai refuse to do him homage?
13. How was Haman caught in his own trap?
14. What did Esther do to save the Jews?
15. How did she have Haman hanged?
16. How did the Jews destroy their enemy?
17. What part did Mordecai have in this?
18. How was Mordecai elevated?

Lesson 27—The Synagogue

1. What does the word "synagogue" mean?
2. When did the synagogue originate with the Jews?
3. Why was the synagogue necessary after the Jews were scattered?
4. How many synagogues were there in a city?
5. What was the furniture of the synagogue?
6. What is meant by the "chief seats" of the synagogue?
7. Who were the officials of the synagogue?
8. What was the duty of "the ruler" of the synagogue?
9. What was the worship of the synagogue?
10. What scriptures were regularly read in the synagogue?
11. What were the "eighteen eulogies" of the synagogue?
12. What is meant by the "congregation amen"?
13. Who usually pronounced the benediction at the close of the service?
14. Why did Jesus go to the synagogue for worship?
15. What is meant by "casting out of the synagogue"?
16. What were the children taught in the synagogue?
17. What was meant by "the great synagogue"?
18. Do the Jews still keep up worship in the synagogue?

Lesson 28—Job

1. Who was Job?
2. Where did he live? When?

3. How was Satan permitted to test him?
4. What may we say of Job's patience?
5. How is Satan described?
6. Name the three friends of Job.
7. What did they attempt to do?
8. What argument did they make against Job?
9. How did Job answer their argument?
10. How does Job describe our life on earth? (Job 7:6.)
11. How does Job describe the power of God?
12. What does he mean by "no umpire betwixt us"? (Job 9:33.)
13. What question did Job ask? (Job 14:14.)
14. What did they know of a resurrection?
15. How many speeches did Job make?
16. How does Job describe wisdom? (Ch. 28.)
17. How many chapters in Job?
18. How was Job finally blessed?

Lesson 29—The Psalms

1. Who wrote many of the Psalms?
2. What kind of literature are they?
3. Who is described in the first Psalm?
4. How does the Psalmist implore God's help against the wicked?
5. How is Jehovah described as a refuge?
6. What has the fool said?
7. How is a citizen of Zion described?
8. What do the heavens declare?
9. How do they do this?
10. Memorize the twenty-third Psalm.
11. How is the King of glory described as entering *Zion*?
12. How did David say he would keep his mouth? (Ps. 39:1.)
13. How is God our refuge?
14. What Psalm describes David's confession of sin?
15. How many verses in Psalm 119?
16. What is the meaning of Psalm 122:1?
17. How does David describe brotherly unity?
18. What is the meaning of Psalm 130?

Lesson 30—The Psalms—Continued

1. How many books of the Psalms?
2. Why is the book of Psalms divided into books?
3. Who besides David has written some of the Psalms?
4. What is the meaning of Psalm 131?
5. Memorize Psalm 133.
6. What is the general subject matter of Psalm 136?
7. How is the omnipresence and the omniscience of God described in Psalm 139?
8. What prayer does David pray in Psalm 140?
9. For what does he pray in Psalm 143?
10. How does David describe a happy people in Psalm 144?
11. How does David extol the greatness of Jehovah?
12. How is Jehovah a helper?
13. What does Jehovah do for his people?
14. For what is Jehovah praised in Psalm 147?
15. To whom does Jehovah give peace?
16. How is the whole creation invoked to praise Jehovah in Psalm 148?
17. How is Israel invoked to praise Jehovah?
18. What is the meaning of Psalm 150?

Lesson 31—The Proverbs

1. What is "a proverb"?
2. Who wrote the Proverbs?
3. How is wisdom described?
4. What are the rewards of wisdom?
5. What is the meaning of Prov. 3:27?
6. How is the ant used as a warning?
7. Where may wisdom be found?
8. How is the wise man blessed?
9. How is the foolish woman described? (9:13-18.)
10. Give the meaning of Proverbs 12:1.
11. What is the meaning of Proverbs 12:15?
12. Give the meaning of Proverbs 13:3.
13. What is the meaning of Proverbs 14:12?
14. Give the meaning of Proverbs 16:32.
15. What does Proverbs 17:22 mean?
16. How is wine a mocker?
17. Give the meaning of Proverbs 17:19.
18. What is the meaning of Proverbs 18:6?

Lesson 32—The Proverbs—Continued

1. How does Solomon describe a fool?
2. What shall be done to a false witness?
3. Why does the writer say one should not love sleep? (Prov. 20:13.)
4. What is the meaning of Proverbs 21:2?
5. Why should a good name be chosen?
6. How does the writer describe a sluggard?
7. What is the meaning of Proverbs 23:9?
8. Give the meaning of Proverbs 23:20.
9. Discuss Proverbs 24:1.
10. What is the meaning of Proverbs 24:19?
11. What is said to be "the glory of kings"?
12. What is the meaning of Proverbs 25:17?
13. Give the meaning of Proverbs 26:7.
14. Discuss Proverbs 26:11.
15. What is the meaning of Proverbs 27:1?
16. Discuss Proverbs 27:12.
17. Give the description of a worthy woman in Proverbs 31
18. How many times is the book of Proverbs quoted in the New Testament?

Lesson 33—Ecclesiastes

1. What does "Ecclesiastes" mean?
2. Who wrote this book?
3. What does he call himself?
4. What does he say all things are? Why?
5. What experience did Solomon have in pleasure?
6. What was the vanity of knowledge?
7. What does Solomon say that all things have? (3:1-8.)
8. How is man like the beast?
9. What are the evils of oppression?
10. What is the meaning of Ecclesiastes 4:13?
11. How are the false uses of riches described?
12. What are the rewards of sobriety and patience?
13. What rewards for obedience to the King?
14. What are the mysteries of God's doings?
15. What is the meaning of Ecclesiastes 10:10?
16. Give the meaning of Ecclesiastes 11:1.
17. When should one remember God?
18. Who is described in Ecclesiastes 12?

Lesson 34—The Song of Solomon

1. By what other name is this called?
2. Who is the author of this book of the Bible?
3. When was it written?
4. What kind of literature is it?
5. Into how many sections may it be divided?
6. What are these sections?
7. Why is it called an allegory?
8. What is the principal subject matter of it?
9. To whom is the expression "rose of Sharon" applied?
10. To whom is the expression "lily of the valleys" applied?
11. What purpose does this book serve?
12. Give the writer's description of the bridegroom.
13. Give his description of the bride.
14. What do these two represent?
15. Give one reason why this book should be taken literally.
16. Give one reason why it should be considered allegorical.
17. Why may it be considered typical?
18. Is this book quoted in the New Testament?

Lesson 35—Prophets and Prophecy

1. What does the word "prophet" mean?
2. What is "prophecy"?
3. What is the difference between a promise and a prophecy?
4. What is the difference between a priest and a prophet?
5. Who is the first prophet mentioned in the Bible?
6. What did he prophesy?
7. What is meant by the "sons of the prophets"? (2 Kings 2:5; 4:38.)
8. What is the purpose of that class called prophets?
9. How do you know these prophets were inspired?
10. What is the test of true prophecy?
11. How can we tell when a prophecy has been fulfilled?
12. Make a list of 25 prophets mentioned in the Bible.
13. Name the major prophets.
14. Name the minor prophets.
15. Why are they called major and minor prophets?
16. Name five prophetesses in the Bible.
17. Who are false prophets?
18. How many prophets spoke of the coming of Christ?

Lesson 36—Isaiah

1. Who was Isaiah?
2. What does "Isaiah" mean?
3. How long did he prophesy?
4. Why has he been called the "Messianic Prophet"?
5. When did Isaiah prophesy?
6. What did he prophesy about the captivity of Israel?
7. What was his prophecy concerning Assyria?
8. What did he prophesy about Babylon?!
9. What was his prophecy concerning Tyre?
10. What was his prophecy concerning Damascus?
11. How did he encourage King Ahaz?
12. How did he encourage Hezekiah?
13. What did he prophesy about Cyrus?
14. How many definite references in Isaiah to Christ?
15. What was Isaiah's prophecy about John the Baptist?
16. What did he prophesy about the future kingdom of God?
17. Analyze the fifty-third chapter.
18. How many quotations from Isaiah found in the New Testament?

Lesson 37—Jeremiah

1. Who was Jeremiah?
2. What does the name "Jeremiah" mean?
3. When and under what king did he prophesy?
4. To what tribe did he belong?
5. Why is he called the "weeping prophet"?
6. What is a "jeremiad"?
7. Where did Jeremiah probably die?
8. Tell of Jeremiah's imprisonment.
9. Why was he put in the pit?
10. Why did he encourage the people to go into Babylonian captivity?
11. What did he prophesy against Egypt?
12. What did Jeremiah prophesy about the return of Israel from Babylon?
13. Why did he say that Judah should remain in captivity seventy years?
14. What did he prophesy about the future prosperity of Israel?

15. Discuss his example of the Rechabites.
16. What warnings did he give against Pharaoh?
17. What warnings did he give to Johanan?
18. How many quotations from Jeremiah found in the New Testament?

Lesson 38—The Lamentations

1. What does "lamentation" mean?
2. Who is the author of this book of the Bible?
3. In what form of language is it written?
4. When was it written?
5. What is the subject matter of this book?
6. What is the subject matter of the first chapter?
7. Of the second?
8. Of the third?
9. Of the fourth?
10. Of the fifth?
11. Describe the sorrows for captive Zion.
12. Describe Zion's sorrows.
13. Describe the lamentations of the afflicted.
14. How is the hope for relief expressed?
15. What does the author say of the mercy of God?
16. Describe the distressed of the siege of Judah?
17. What is the author's prayer for mercy?
18. Is this book quoted in the New Testament?

Lesson 39—Ezekiel

1. Who was Ezekiel?
2. What does his name mean?
3. When did he prophesy?
4. Where did he prophesy?
5. What is the general characteristic of his prophecy?
6. What did he prophesy about the siege of Jerusalem?
7. How did he denounce idolatrous worship?
8. What was his vision of abominations in Jerusalem?
9. What was his vision of the slaughter of the guilty?
10. What was his vision of "fiery coals"?
11. How did he condemn false prophets?
12. What curse was placed upon them?
13. Give his parable of two eagles and a vine.

14. What did he say about the soul that sinneth?
15. What did he say about Jehovah's sharpened sword?
16. How is the death of Ezekiel's wife given as a sign to Judah?
17. How did Ezekiel describe the watchman's duty?
18. Give two quotations of Ezekiel in the New Testament.

Lesson 40—Daniel

1. Who was Daniel?
2. Of what tribe was he?
3. What does his name mean?
4. When did he prophesy?
5. What other name was given to him?
6. Give the three persons in the Bible that bore this name.
7. What evidence that Daniel belonged to the royal family?
8. What evidence that he was made eunuch?
9. Name Daniel's three companions.
10. What did the master want Daniel and others to do?
11. What request did Daniel make of him?
12. Why did he grant Daniel this favor?
13. What was the result of it?
14. What may be said of Daniel's knowledge and wisdom?
15. How much better was he than the magicians?
16. What may be said of the character of Daniel?
17. What does Ezekiel say about Daniel?
18. To what other Old Testament character may he be compared?

Lesson 41—Daniel—Continued

1. What is the historical part of the book of Daniel?
2. What is the prophetic part of it?
3. Relate Nebuchadnezzar's dream.
4. Give Daniel's interpretation of it.
5. Describe the image of gold that Nebuchadnezzar made.
6. What was the purpose of this image?
7. Why did Daniel refuse to worship it?
8. What was the penalty for not worshipping it?
9. What was done with Daniel?
10. Why was Daniel and his companions not destroyed in the fiery furnace?
11. Describe Nebuchadnezzar's dream of the tree.

12. What was Daniel's interpretation of it?
13. Describe Belshazzar's feast.
14. Give Daniel's interpretation of the writing on the wall.
15. What plot did the presidents and satraps set for Daniel?
16. Why was Daniel cast into the lions' den?
17. Describe Daniel's dream of the four beasts.
18. What was Daniel's vision of the ram?

Lesson 42—Hosea

1. Who was Hosea?
2. What does his name mean?
3. When and where did he prophesy?
4. What was his prophecy about the restoration of Israel and Judah?
5. What controversy did Jehovah have with his people?
6. Why did Jehovah's people apostatize?
7. What did Hosea say about Ephraim being joined to his idol?
8. What command did Hosea give to the priests?
9. How could the people return to Jehovah?
10. How did Hosea say they had transgressed?
11. Ephraim represents what people?
12. What did Hosea say about Israel's idolatry?
13. What shall those who sow to the wind reap?
14. How had Jehovah blessed his people?
15. To what did Jehovah liken the people?
16. Why were they given a king?
17. How was the king taken away from them?
18. How was Israel entreated to return to Jehovah?

Lesson 43—Joel

1. Who was Joel?
2. What does his name mean?
3. Name twelve persons that bore this name in the Bible.
4. What time did Joel prophesy?
5. What did he say about the locusts?
6. How did he describe the terribleness of the curse?
7. To what did he call the people?
8. How did Jehovah show pity and favor to Israel?
9. What did Joel say would come to pass in the last day? 10. When was this fulfilled?

11. How do we know that it was fulfilled?
12. What prophecy against Tyre and Sidon?
13. What was the "valley of decision"?
14. Why should the mighty men be stirred up?
15. What should they do with their ploughshares and swords?
16. How did Jehovah dwell in Zion?
17. Where did he say he would judge his people?
18. How did he say they should know Jehovah?

Lesson 44—Amos

1. Who was Amos?
2. What does his name mean?
3. When did he prophesy?
4. What did he prophesy against Damascus?
5. What was his prophecy against Gaza?
6. What was his prophecy against Tyre?
7. What did he prophesy against Moab?
8. What did he prophesy against Israel?
9. What did Amos say about two walking together?
10. Why did he denounce Israel?
11. What chastisement did he say would come upon Israel?
12. How could Israel prepare to meet God?
13. How was Israel encouraged to seek Jehovah?
14. What was the day of Jehovah?
15. What curse was put upon those who used instruments of music?
16. What was the vision of locusts?
17. What was the lesson taught by the plumb line?
18. How did he say God's people would finally be restored?

Lesson 45—Obadiah and Jonah

1. Who was Obadiah?
2. What does his name mean?
3. When did Obadiah prophesy?
4. What was the occasion of his prophecy?
5. What was his prophecy against Edom?
6. Who was Edom?
7. How had Edom persecuted Israel?
8. What did Obadiah say about the day of Jehovah?

9. Why should Mount Zion escape the curse?
10. Who was Jonah?
11. What does his name mean?
12. When did he prophesy?
13. What did Jehovah tell him to do?
14. What did Jonah do?
15. Why was he thrown overboard?
16. How did he finally escape to land?
17. Describe his preaching to the Ninevites.
18. What was his complaint against God's forbearance?

Lesson 46—Micah

1. Who was Micah?
2. What does his name mean?
3. Give six people in the Bible who bore this name.
4. When did he prophesy?
5. Where did he prophesy?
6. Give the three sections of the book of Micah.
7. Give his prophecy against Israel and Judah.
8. What was the curse upon greedy oppressors?
9. What is the meaning of "like people, like prophet"?
10. What did he prophesy about the remnant of Israel?
11. How did he denounce wicked rulers?
12. How did he denounce wicked prophets?
13. When should peaceful days come?
14. What did he prophesy about the coming of Christ?
15. What was Jehovah's controversy with his people?
16. What did he say that Jehovah required of his people?
17. What was the source of light and salvation?
18. Upon what condition would God's mercies be renewed to Israel?

Lesson 47—Nahum

1. What does "Nahum" mean?
2. By what other name is this prophet called?
3. Of what tribe was he?
4. When did he prophesy?
5. To whom did he prophesy?
6. How many chapters in Nahum?
7. What is his message called?
8. What was Nineveh?

9. Give an outline of the book of Nahum.
10. What did Nahum prophesy about Nineveh?
11. How does he describe Jehovah?
12. How did he say Jehovah would destroy his enemies?
13. Who was devising evil against Jehovah?
14. How was Nineveh to be overthrown?
15. Why was Nineveh called a "bloody city"?
16. Who overthrew Nineveh?
17. How is the book of Nahum related to the book of Jonah?
18. How does the book of Nahum close?

Lesson 48—Habakkuk

1. What does "Habakkuk" mean?
2. Where did he live?
3. To whom did he prophesy?
4. How many chapters in the book that bears his name?
5. When did he prophesy?
6. Where is he classed as a prophet?
7. Who were the Chaldeans?
8. What did Habakkuk say they would do for Jerusalem?
9. Why was Judah to be punished?
10. Why was Jerusalem to be destroyed?
11. What did he say would become of the Jews?
12. What did he prophesy against the Babylonian Empire?
13. What did he prophesy concerning the Messiah?
14. What seems to be the especial mission of Habakkuk?
15. How many woes does he pronounce?
16. What does he say about the pride of Israel?
17. Discuss the language of Habakkuk.
18. What form of language is chapter three?

Lesson 49—Zephaniah

1. What does the name "Zephaniah" mean?
2. Where did he live?
3. To whom did he prophesy?
4. Of whom did he prophesy?
5. When did he prophesy?
6. Give the four Bible characters that had this name.
7. What did he denounce?
8. What did he prophesy about the "day of wrath"?

9. Whom did he say Jehovah would punish?
10. What did he prophesy against Judah?
11. What was his prophecy against the Philistines?
12. What was his prophecy against the Moabites?
13. Give his prophecy against the Ammonites.
14. What was his prophecy against the Ethiopians?
15. What was his prophecy against the Assyrians?
16. What did he predict about the Babylonian captivity?
17. What was his prophecy about the restoration of the Jews?
18. What was his prophecy concerning the future glory of the church?

Lesson 50—Haggai

1. What does the word "Haggai" mean?
2. Who was Haggai?
3. When did he prophesy?
4. To whom did he prophesy?
5. Why did he prophesy?
6. Where was he born?
7. What was the condition of the Jews at the time of his prophecy?
8. What was the condition of the temple at this time?
9. Who was the leader of the Jews at this time?
10. How did he encourage Zerubbabel?
11. How had the Samaritans and others hindered the rebuilding of the temple?
12. What did he say about the glory of the second temple?
13. Who would glorify the second temple?
14. How does the book of Haggai reflect the condition of the age?
15. Who was a contemporary prophet with him?
16. Why is there no rebuke of moral and social offences in it?
17. What may be said of the style of the language of Haggai?
18. How would Jehovah shake the heavens and the earth?

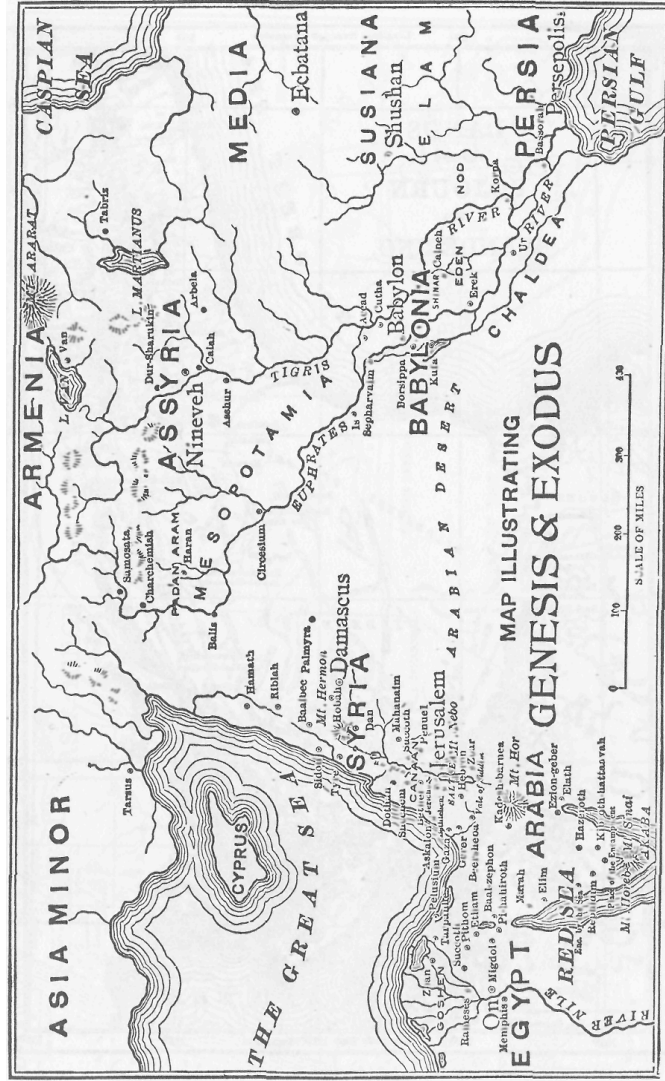
Lesson 51—Zechariah

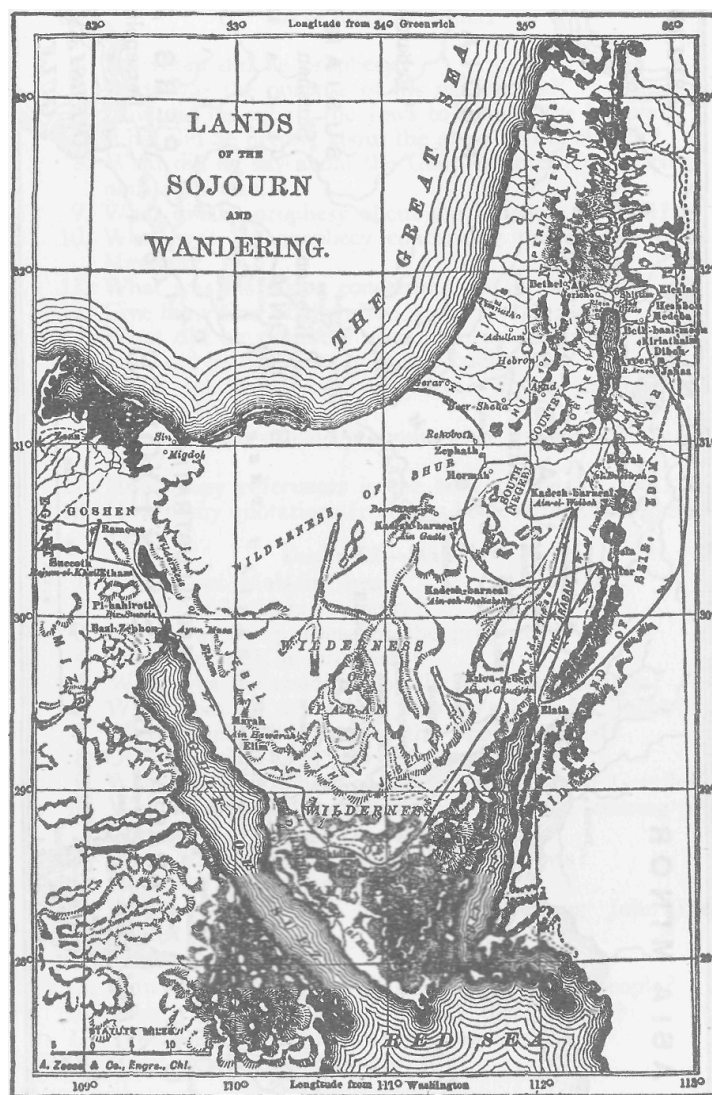
1. What does "Zechariah" mean?
2. How many Bible characters of this name?
3. When did Zechariah live?

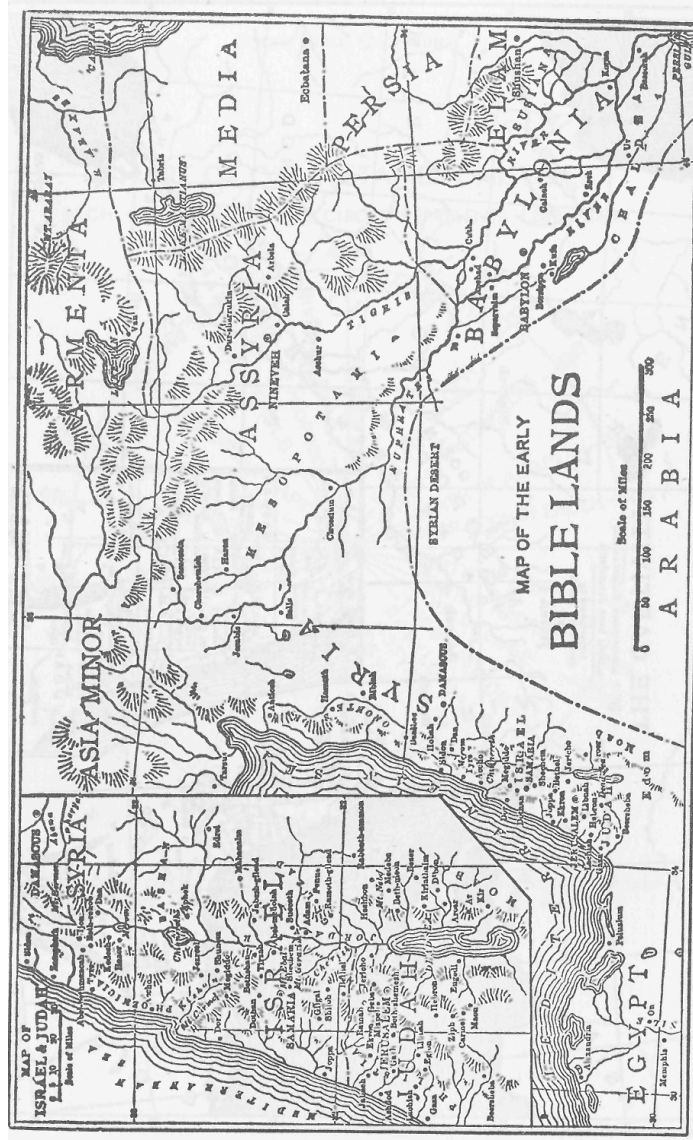
4. To whom did he prophesy?
5. What was the purpose of his prophecies?
6. How did he exhort the Jews to rebuild the temple?
7. What did he predict about the glory of the church?
8. What did he say about the Gentiles entering into covenant with God?
9. What did he prophesy about the kingdom of God?
10. What was his prophecy concerning the coming of a Messiah?
11. What was his vision concerning the candlestick?
12. Give his vision of the olive trees?
13. What did he prophesy about the priest-king?
14. How did he denounce insincere fasting?
15. What did he say was the cause of the captivity in Babylon?
16. What did he prophesy about peace and prosperity of Zion?
17. How many references in the book to the Messiah?
18. How many quotations from this book in the New Testament?

Lesson 52—Malachi

1. What does Malachi mean?
2. When did Malachi prophesy?
3. What was the purpose of the prophecy?
4. To whom did he prophesy?
5. What was the condition of the Jews at this time?
6. What does he say about Jehovah's love for Jacob?
7. What rebuke did he give the impious priest?
8. Of what sins were the priests guilty?
9. What did he prophesy about the calling of the Gentiles?
10. What was his prophecy concerning the coming of Christ?
11. What was Jehovah's message to the Jews?
12. How did Jehovah entreat the people?
13. What prophecy did he utter concerning John the Baptist?
14. Why was John called "Elijah"?
15. How did he say Jehovah would spare his people?
16. What did he say about the day that cometh?
17. With whom does he close his prophecy?
18. What would the harbinger do?







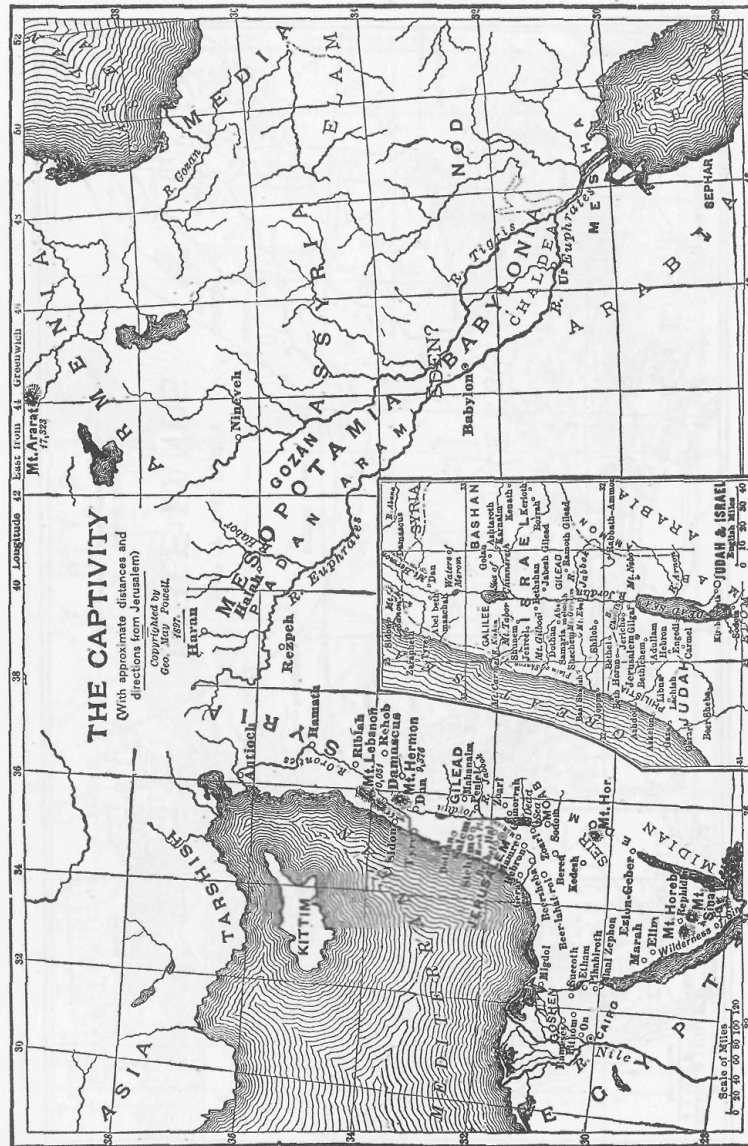
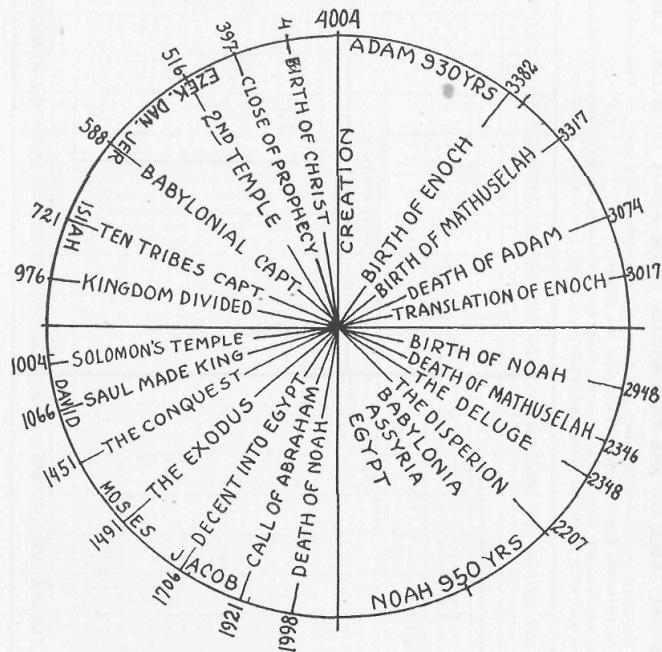


CHART OF OLD TESTAMENT HISTORY

EACH QUADRANT OF THE CIRCLE REPRESENTS 1,000 YEARS



The above circle on the chart of Old Testament history should assist one in locating the time of events; the time is approximate, only.

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF THE PATRIARCHS, FROM ADAM TO MOSES, 2,500 YEARS

The figures at the end of each line show the date of the birth and death of the corresponding person. This table shows the length of each life; what persons were living at the same time; the rapid decrease of life after the deluge. By the heavy lines it is easy to see through how few persons the early history of the race came down to the patriarchs after the flood. Methuselah lived with Adam 243 years, and with Noah 600 years, and Noah lived within two years of Abraham.

YEARS FROM THE CREATION	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	2400	2500	
Adam.....	1								930	1042	1140															
Seth.....	130	235																								
Enos.....			325								1235															
Cainan.....			395								1290			1422												
Mahalaleel.....				460																						
Jared.....									-987																	
Enoch.....					622											1656										
Methuselah.....					687											1651										
Lamech.....								874																		
Noah.....										1056										2006						
Shem.....																					2158					
Arphaxad.....																										
Salah.....																1658				2096						
Eber.....																1693					2126					
Peleg.....																	1723									
Reu.....																	1757			1996						
Serug.....																	1787				2026					
Nahor.....																		1819			2059					
Terah.....																		1849								
Abraham.....																		1878			2083					
Isaac.....																					2183					
Jacob.....																						2108	2289			
Levi.....																						2168	2315			
Kohath.....																										
Amram.....																										
Moses.....																										
YEARS B. C.	4000	3900	3800	3700	3600	3500	3400	3300	3200	3100	3000	2900	2800	2700	2600	2500	2400	2300	2200	2100	2000	1900	1800	1700	1600	1500

OLD TESTAMENT CHRONOLOGY

* YEARS BEFORE CHRIST	EVENTS	PLACE	SECULAR HISTORY
4004	The Creation	Eden	
"	Adam and Eve Created	"	
"	The Fall	"	
"	Birth of Cain	Near the Garden of Eden	
3875	Birth of Abel	Nod	
"	Murder of Abel	"	
3874	Banishment of Cain	"	
3074	Birth of Seth	"	
3017	Death of Adam	"	
2948	Translation of Enoch	"	
2348	Birth of Noah	"	
2347-8	THE FLOOD	"	
"	The Covenant with Noah	Armenia	Founding of Egyptian empire
2247	Confusion of tongues	Babylonia	Beginning of Chaldean empire
1998	Death of Noah	Arabia	Ur. Nimrod
1996	Birth of Abraham at Ur	Chaldea	The Dispersion
1926	Abraham moves from Ur to Haran	Mesopotamia	
1921	The call of Abraham	"	
1921	Abraham and Lot move to Canaan	Canaan	
1918	Abraham and Lot separate	"	
"	Lot goes to Sodom	Sodom	Chedorlaomer
"	Abraham settles in Hebron	Hebron	Melchizedek
1913	Lot carried away captive by Chedorlaomer	"	
"	Lot rescued by Abraham	Sodom	
1912	The Covenant with Abraham	Near Damascus	
1910	The birth of Ishmael	Hebron	
1897	The Covenant received	"	
"	Abram's name changed to Abraham	"	Job
"	Sarah's name changed to Sarah	"	
"	Abraham entertains three angels	"	
"	Abraham intercedes for Sodom	"	
"	The escape of Lot	Sodom	
"	The destruction of Sodom	"	
1896	The birth of Isaac	Moab	The Pyramids
1894	Hagar and Ishmael sent away	"	
1871	The sacrifice of Isaac	Moriah in Jerusalem	
1860	The death of Sarah	Hebron	Shur. The great wall east of Egypt
1857	Marriage of Isaac and Rebecca	Lahai Roi	
1837	Birth of Jacob and Esau	Beersheba	
1822	Death of Abraham	"	
1804	Esau sells his birthright	Lahai Roi	
"	Isaac's prosperity	Gerar	
"	The covenant confirmed	Beersheba	
1760	Jacob steals Esau's blessing	"	
"	Starts for Padan-Aram	"	
"	Jacob's vision at Bethel	Bethel	Edomites
1753	Jacob marries Leah and Rachel	Padan-Aram	Ammonites. Moabites
1752	Jacob's children (except Benjamin) born	"	
1739	Jacob returns to Canaan	"	
"	Wrestles with the angel	Peniel	The Hyksos in Egypt
"	Jacob's name changed to Israel	"	
1729	Birth of Benjamin	Bethlehem	
"	Death of Rachel	"	
"	Joseph's dreams	Hebron	Hittites
"	Joseph sold into Egypt	Dothan	

* According to Usher.

Old Testament Chronology—(Continued)

* YEARS BEFORE CHRIST	EVENTS	PLACE	SECULAR HISTORY
1728	Joseph a slave of Potiphar.....	Egypt	
1718	Is thrown into prison.....		
1716	Death of Isaac.....	Hebron	Aphophis in Egypt
1716	Joseph interprets Pharaoh's dreams.....	Egypt	
"	Is made ruler over Egypt.....	"	
"	The seven years of plenty begin.....	"	
"	Birth of Ephraim and Manasseh.....	"	Zoan (Tanis)
1709	The seven years of famine begin.....	"	
1707	Joseph made known to his brethren.....	"	
1706	Jacob moves to Egypt.....	"	
"	He and his family settle in Goshen.....	"	
1689	Jacob's death.....	Egypt	Founding of Athens, 1556
1635	Joseph's death.....	"	Building of Pithom
1571	Birth of Moses.....	"	Tel-el-Amarna tablets
1531	The exile of Moses.....	Arabia	Rameses II
1491	The Exodus.....	Red Sea	Menephtah. Troy founded, 8014

* According to Usher.

THE PERIOD OF THE JUDGES

See Note Below

JUDGES AND EVENTS	PLACES	Years of Oppression	Years of Peace	YEARS B. C. FROM BEECHER
<i>Oppression</i> of Chushan-Rishathaim, from Mesopotamia (during the last years of Joshua)	Palestine	8		1441-1434
1. OTHNIEL, Son-in-law of Caleb, deliverer. Judge 14 years	Near Hebron			1434
PEACE AND PROSPERITY			37	1434-1397
<i>Oppression</i> by Eglon of Moab	So. Palestine	18		1397-1380
2. EHUD of Benjamin	Near Jericho			1380
PEACE AND PROSPERITY			10	1380-1370
<i>Oppression</i> by Jabin of Canaan	Northern tribes	20	}	1370-1351
<i>Oppression</i> by the Philistines, during the last 3 years of Jabin's oppression	Southern tribes			1353-1351
3. DEBORAH of Ephraim } deliverers				
4. BARAK of Naphtali } from Jabin	No. Palestine			1351
5. SHAMGAR of Judah, delivers from Philistines	S. W. Palestine			1351
PEACE AND PROSPERITY			22	1351-1329
<i>Oppression</i> by Midianites	So. Galilee	7		1329-1323
6. GIDEON of Manasseh, deliverer and judge	So. Galilee			1323
PEACE AND PROSPERITY			24	1323-1299
7. ABIMELECH, Prince of Israel for 3 years	Shechem		3	1298-1296
8. TOLA of hill country of	Ephraim		23	1295-1273
<i>Oppression</i> by Philistines begun	S. W. Israel			1283
9. JAIR was a judge of Israel E. of Jordan	Gilead		22	1272-1251
10. SAMSON—exploits as judge	S. W. Israel		20	1250-1231
<i>Oppression</i> by Ammonites beyond Jordan	East Israel	18		1230-1213
11. JEPHTHAH, judge 6 years beyond Jordan	Gilead		6	1212-1207
12. IBZAN, judge from Bethlehem 7 m. N. W. of Nazareth	Galilee		7	1206-1200
13. ELON of Zebulun, a part of	Galilee		10	1199-1190
14. ABDON, a judge for 8 years in	Ephraim		8	1189-1182
<i>Oppression</i> by Philistines began again	W. Israel			1182
15. ELLI, the high priest acts as judge. Shiloh	Benjamin		40	1182-1142
16. SAMUEL called to be prophet	Shiloh			1160?
Judge of Israel, or chief citizen	Israel			1141 to 1063?

NOTE.—Very possibly the oppressions and deliverances were not successive, in all cases, but often took place at the same time in different parts of the country. Hence the mere adding together the figures given in the book would not give the exact length of the period. The tendency of scholars now is to shorten the period, and to make the earlier dates much later than the above.

CHRONOLOGY OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

DATES B.C.		EVENTS	PLACE	SECULAR HISTORY
Usher	Revised			
KINGDOM OF SAUL				
1095 or 1075	1037	Saul the first king	Gibeah of Saul	Trojan war begun B.C. 1193 Troy destroyed (May-June) 1184 Aeolians migrate, who build Smyrna, 1123
1065 1065	1027 1027	Samuel's farewell address Saul rejected as king Samuel anoints David	Bethlehem	Assyrian Empire reaches a high pitch of greatness, 1120-1090
1063	1025	David and Goliath	Valley of Elah	Ionians settle in Asia Mi- nor, 1090-1050
1062 1062	1024 1024	Saul tries to kill David Friendship of David and Jonathan	Gibeah	Aeolic, Ionic, and Doric colonies founded in Asia Minor from Greece 1050- 1000.
1060	1022	Saul's life spared by David		
1062- 1055 1059	1024- 1017 1021	Exile of David David and Nabal	Adullam, Engedi Mountains of Judah	Babylon becomes inde- pendent, 1050.
1055	1017	Saul and Jonathan slain in battle	Mount Gilboa	
KINGDOM OF DAVID				
1055	1017	David becomes king of Judah	Hebron	Syrian kingdoms of Ha- math and Zobah.
1048 1042	1010 1004	Becomes king of Israel David brings the ark to Zion	Jerusalem Kirjath-jearim and Jerusalem	The prophet Gad. Hiram, king of Tyre.
1042	1004	God's covenant with David	Jerusalem	
1034	996	David's sin	"	Ahithophel, David's coun- selor.
1023	985	Absalom's rebellion	Hebron and Jerusalem	This may have been eight years later, nearer the end of David's life.
1023	985	Death of Absalom	Mahanaim Forest of Ephraim	Nathan the prophet.
1015	977	David's charge to Solomon	Jerusalem	
1015	977	Adonijah's attempt to gain the throne	"	Homer?
1015	977	Death of David	"	
1015	977	KINGDOM OF SOLOMON Solomon becomes king	Jerusalem	21st Dynasty of Egypt, 975. Har Pasebhanu of 21st Dynasty makes a treaty with Solomon, and gives him his daughter in mar- riage, 970.
1012	973	Temple begun	"	Tyre, a flourishing king- dom. Hiram, king of Tyre, succeeds to the headship of the Ara- maean confederation, 970.

Chronology of the United Kingdom—(Continued)

DATES B.C.		EVENTS	PLACE	SECULAR HISTORY
Usher	Revised			
1004	965	Temple completed	"	Beginning of exact chronology.
995	957	Visit of Queen of Sheba	"	Syrian kingdom of Damascus founded by Rezin.
975	937	Death of Solomon	"	
975	937	THE DIVIDED KINGDOM		

NOTE 1.—There is almost no certain chronology previous to the time of David. Before that time there is a wide difference of opinion among scholars, and the latest Bible dictionaries are unwilling to furnish more than conjectural dates. The chronology of the period of the judges is very uncertain because of the uncertainty of the date of the exodus, and because it is not possible to know how many of them lived at the same time in different parts of the country. It seems, therefore, more helpful to the practical study of this period to give the dates in the margins of our Bibles, with the understanding that they are not authoritative.

NOTE 2.—From about David's time we have a new help in deciding on the dates for a period of about two hundred and fifty years. This aid is derived from the Assyrian inscriptions which are dated by the Assyrian calendar, or canon, of which several copies have been found. These cover the period from 900 to about 650 B.C. Each year bears the name of an officer called an Eponym, *i.e.*, "named after a person." From the mention of a total eclipse which occurred 763 B.C. all the other dates are determined. These vary about forty years from the dates in the margins of our Bibles at the time of Rehoboam, but the differences grow less till the two series exactly agree at the time of the fall of Samaria. There are still some difficulties about the calculations; but practically the two computations agree.

CHRONOLOGY OF THE DIVIDED KINGDOM												
Books OF THE BIBLE	JUDAH				Common Chronology	Dates harmonized with Assyrian Inscriptions	ISRAEL				Events	Assyrian AND OTHER KINGS
	Events	Prophets	Kings (Length of Reign)	Character			Dynasties	Kings (Length of Reign)	Character	Prophets		
1 Kings 12 2 Chr. 10-12	Tendency to idolatry Influx of Levites and pious people from Is- rael		1. Rehoboam, 17 y. 2. Abijah, 3 y. 3. Asa, 41 y.	bad bad good	975 957 955 954 933 930 929 929	1. 2. 3.	1. Jeroboam, 22 y. 2. Nadab, 2 y. 3. Baasha, 24 y. 4. Elah, 2 y. 5. Zimri, 7 d. 6. Omri, 12 y.	bad bad bad bad bad bad	Ahi- jah	Introduction of idol- atry Exodus of Levites & religious people Civil wars		
1 Kings 15 2 Chr. 14	Great religious revival				887					Outward prosperity Conquered Moab, 4th year MOABITE STONE Moved capital to Samarina Marriage of his son Ahab to Jezebel	Mesha king of Moab, 925- 885	
1 Kings 16 to 1 Kings 22	Decline				924						Ethbaal, king of Tyre and Sidon Ben-hadad, king of Syria	
2 Chr. 17, 18 Psalm 2	Great religious refor- mation Intellectual and moral revival Great outward pros- perity		4. Jehoshaphat, 25 y.	good	914	4.	7. Ahab, 22 y.	very bad		Religious persecu- tion		
1 Kings 17-22	Marriage of Joram to Athaliah, daughter of Jezebel and Ahab				908					Sudden appearance of ELIJAH		
2 Kings 1, 2 2 Kings 3-8	Philistines and Ara- bians tributary to Judah				905 897 896		8. Ahaziah, 2 y. 9. Jehoram, 12 y.	bad bad	Elijah	3½ years of famine Elijah on Carmel BLACK OBELISK Revolt of Moab	Shalmanezar II, 858 Battle of Karkar, 754	

Chronology of the Divided Kingdom—(Continued)

Books of the Bible	JUDAH			ISRAEL				Assyrian and Other Kings
	Events	Prophets	Kings (Length of Reign)	Character	Kings (Length of Reign)	Prophets	Events	
2 Chr. 19, 20 2 Kings 6-8	At first with his father Death of Jehoshaphat Revolt of Edom and Philistia		5. Jehoram (Jo- ram), 8 y. 6. Ahaziah, 1 y. 7. Athaliah, 6 y. 8. Joash, 40 y.	bad bad bad good good	851 889 885 884 878 866	851 889 885 884 878 866	Translation of Eli- jah, 852-890 Various incidents in life of Elisha Famine in Samaria Extinction of Ahab's house in both king- doms	
2 Kings 10-11 2 Chr. 24	Temple desecrated Revival of religion				866 842		Great oppression by Syria Death of Elisha	Sinaii King- dom, 823 Rimmon-Ni- ri, 810-800 Shalmaneser III, 781
2 Kings 14 2 Chr. 25 2 Kings 15 2 Chr. 26	Kingdom overrun by Joash, King of Israel Enlarged extent of the kingdom		9. Amaziah, 29 y. 10. Uzziah,	good good	842 826 811	842 826 811	Great enlargement of kingdom, by aid of Joash Nineveh mission to Period of monarchy	Pul—Tiglath- Pileser II, 745
2 Chr. 26 Amos Hosea Isaiah	Great prosperity	Joel			773 772 772 761	773 772 772 761		
Nahum Isaiah	Uzziah stricken with leprosy				759 758	759 758	Period of disorder Tiglath-Pileser car-	

Chronology of the Divided Kingdom—(Continued)

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE	JUDAH				Common Chronology		ISRAEL				ASSYRIAN AND OTHER KINGS	
	EVENTS	PROPHETS	KINGS (Length of Reign)	Character	Dates harmonized with Assyrian Inscriptions	DYNASTIES	KINGS (Length of Reign)	Character	PROPHETS	EVENTS		
Kings 15 Chr. 27, 28	Great decline in religion		11. Jotham, 16 y. 12. Ahaz, 16 y.	bad	742 735	9.	19. Hoshea, 9 y.	bad	Hoshea	ries a large part of the people of Galilee captive	Shalmanezzer IV, 727	
Chr. 29-32 Isaiah Kings 18-20	Sennacherib invades Judah. Destruction of his army, 701		13. Hezekiah, 29 y.	good	726 722-722 or 721					Tributary to Assyria		
Kings 21 Chr. 33		Nahum Micah	14. Manasseh, 55 y.	bad	697					Siege of Samaria begun by Shalmanezzer IV Samaria captured by Sargon	Sargon, 722	
Kings 22-23 Chr. 34-35	Revival Restoration of temple and its services	Jeremiah Habakkuk	15. Amos, 2 y. 16. Josiah, 31 y.	bad	642 640	<i>End of the kingdom of Israel</i>						Sennacherib, 705
Kings 23-24	Finding of the book of the law, 622 Beginning of 70 years' captivity to Babylon (606-536)	Jeremiah	17. Jehoiachaz, 3 y. 18. Jehoiachin, 11 y. 19. Jehoiachin, 3 y.	bad	609 609 608 597	Sennacherib's, 701				THIRD CAPTIVITY (588) Siege of Jerusalem begun, and 3023 Jews carried to Babylon	Esar-haddon 681 Assurbanipal Sardanapalus, 668	
Kings 25 Chr. 36 Jeremiah Ezekiel Daniel	Nebuchadnezzar besieges Jerusalem. Final capture and destruction of Jerusalem End of captivity and return under Cyrus	Obadiah Ezekiel	20. Zedekiah, 11 y.	bad	598 596 586					Cyrus captures Babylon, 538 The fall of Nineveh, 606. Esar-haddon II, or Sardanapalus, was killed, and the great-grandfather of Mordecai, uncle of Esther	Nebuchadnezzar	
					536							

CHRONOLOGY OF THE EXILE AND RETURN

COM. REV.	Jews	PROPHETS	SCRIPTURES	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY	B.C.
975	THE DIVISION OF THE KINGDOM JUDAH (2 tribes) lasted till 586 1 dynasty, 19 kings, 9 dynasties, 19 kings 1 queen	Elijah, 900 Jonah, 800 Isaiah, 750 Jeremiah, 750 Micah, 720	1 Kings 12 to 2 Kings 25 2 Chron. 10, etc. Prophecies of Isaiah, Hosea, Joel, Hosea, Micah, and Isaiah	<i>Mesha</i> , king of Moab MOABITE STONE, <i>Carthage</i> founded, 900 BACOS OBELISK, era of Olympiads, 776 ROME FOUNDED, 753 SHAMMATHAS IV, <i>Nema Pompilius</i> at <i>Sargon</i> , 722 Rome. Taylor cylinder	925-885 870 776 753 745 716-673
722	Captivity of Israel End of Northern Kingdom			<i>Sennacherib</i> <i>Assurbanipal</i> (Sardanapalus) Nineveh destroyed. Babylon supreme	705 608 606
605	First captivity of Judah, by Nebuchadnezzar. Beginning of the seventy years' captivity. Daniel and other princes carried to Babylon	Jeremiah prophecies, 627-586	Jeremiah and Lamentations Daniel, earlier chapters 2 Kings 25 2 Chron. 36 Prophecies of Ezekiel	<i>Nebuchadnezzar</i> becomes king of Babylon The seven wise men flourish in Greece FIRST WORLD-KINGDOM, BABYLONIA, 605-538. Rise of Cyrus. Capture of Babylon by Cyrus. <i>Darius</i> the Great, king of Babylon 2 years Pythagoras, the philosopher who invented the multiplication table.	605 538 538-536 570
536	THE SEVENTY YEARS OF EXILE (The leading people carried to Babylonia and the East Poorer people left to care for Palestine Jerusalem and the temple in ruins)	The golden idol and the fiery furnace, 580 Last of Ezekiel's prophecies, 571 Daniel's visions The den of lions, 538	The later prophecies of the book of Isaiah belong to the last part of the exile Prophecies of Daniel	SECOND WORLD-KINGDOM, MEDO-PERSIAN, 538-333 Cyrus sole ruler of Babylon and the empire. Decrease of return to Palestine. Ptolemy founded first public library at Athens.	536 534-509 544
536	THE RETURN FROM EXILE First return, under Zerubbabel, with a company of 50,000 exiles The foundations of the temple laid The second temple, work upon The second temple completed Xerxes (Alaxandrus) East	Daniel still living Haggai and Zachariah urge the completion of the temple, 520	Prophecies of Ezra Prophecies of Haggai Prophecies of Zechariah	THE CYRUS CYLINDER Solon the Wise died Confucius, Chinese philosopher, flourished <i>Darius</i> <i>Hystaspes</i> Battle of Marathon. Y. His great invasion of Greece with an army of 5,000,000 Defeats at Thermopylae and Salamis Herodotus.	536-486 521-486 490 486-465 483-480 484-454 437-347 465-435 431
475	Father becomes queen		Revision of the Scriptures Nehemiah	Plato, <i>Longinus</i> First Ptolemaean War. Conquest of Persian Empire by Alexander the Great.	475 437 465-435 431
400	Aided or soon followed by Malachi	Prophecies of Malachi	Malachi		332

OLD TESTAMENT MIRACLES

THE DEED	THE PLACE	THE RECORD
1. Aaron's Rod Turned to Serpent.....	Egypt	Ex. 7: 10-12
2. The Ten Plagues—		
(1) Water Made Blood.....	"	Ex. 7: 19-25
(2) Frogs.....	"	Ex. 8: 5-11
(3) Lice.....	"	Ex. 8: 16-18
(4) Flies.....	"	Ex. 8: 20-24
(5) Murrain.....	"	Ex. 9: 3-6
(6) Boils.....	"	Ex. 9: 8-11
(7) Thunder and Hail.....	"	Ex. 9: 22-26
(8) Locusts.....	"	Ex. 10: 12-19
(9) Darkness.....	"	Ex. 10: 21-23
(10) First-Born Slain.....	"	Ex. 12: 29, 30
3. Crossing the Red Sea.....		Ex. 14: 15-20
4. Healing of the Waters.....	Marah	Ex. 15: 23-25
5. Feeding with Manna.....	The Wilderness	Ex. 16: 14-35
6. Water from the Rock.....	Rephidim	Ex. 17: 5-7
7. Death of Nadab and Abihu.....	Sinai	Lev. 10: 1, 2
8. Destruction by Fire.....	Taberah	Num. 11: 1-3
9. Miriam Smitten with Leprosy.....	Hazereth	Num. 12: 1-16
10. Death of Korah.....	Ezion-Gaber	Num. 16: 31-35
11. Budding of Aaron's Rod.....	Kadesh	Num. 17: 8
12. Water from the Rock.....	Meribah	Num. 20: 7-11
13. The Brazen Serpent.....	Zalmonah	Num. 21: 8, 9
14. Stoppage of the Jordan.....	Zaretan	Josh. 3: 14-17
15. Fall of Jericho.....	Jericho	Josh. 6: 6-25
16. Stopping the Sun.....	Gibeon	Josh. 10: 12-14
17. The Fall of Dagon.....	Ashdod	1 Sam. 5: 3-6
18. Death of Uzzah.....	Perez-uzzah	2 Sam. 6: 7
19. Withering Jeroboam's Hand.....	Bethel	1 Kings 13: 4
20. Destruction of the Altar.....	Bethel	1 Kings 13: 5
21. Increasing the Oil and Meal.....	Zerephath	1 Kings 17: 14-16
22. Raising the Widow's Son.....	"	1 Kings 17: 17-24
23. Elijah's Test of Sacrifices.....	Mount Carmel	1 Kings 18: 30-38
24. Burning of the Soldiers.....	Near Samaria	2 Kings 1: 10-12
25. Dividing of Jordan.....	Near Jericho	2 Kings 2: 7, 8
26. Dividing Jordan.....	"	2 Kings 2: 14
27. Healing the Waters.....	Jericho	2 Kings 2: 21, 22
28. Destruction of Mocking Children.....	Bethel	2 Kings 2: 24
29. Supplying Water.....	Edom	2 Kings 3: 16-20
30. Multiplying the Widow's Oil.....	Unknown	2 Kings 4: 2-7
31. Raising the Shunammite's Son.....	Shunem	2 Kings 4: 32-37
32. Healing the Poisoned Pottage.....	Gilgal	2 Kings 4: 38-41
33. Multiplying the Loaves.....	"	2 Kings 4: 42-44
34. Curing of Naaman.....	At Jordan	2 Kings 5: 10-14
35. Making an Ax Swim.....	In Jordan	2 Kings 6: 5-7
36. Smiting the Syrian Army.....	Dothan	2 Kings 6: 18-20
37. Raising the Dead.....	Elisha's Tomb	2 Kings 13: 21
38. Uzziah Smitten with Leprosy.....	Jerusalem	2 Chron. 26: 16-21
39. Destruction of Sennacherib's Army.....	"	2 Kings 19: 35
40. Return of the Sun Dial.....	"	2 Kings 20: 9-11
41. Delivery from the Fiery Furnace.....	Babylon	Dan. 3: 19, 27
42. Deliverance from the Lion's Den.....	"	Dan. 6: 16-23
43. Deliverance of Jonah.....	Mediterranean Sea	Jonah 2: 1-10

SECTS, PARTIES, AND COUNCILS

RELIGIOUS SECTS	POLITICAL PARTIES	GREAT COUNCILS
1. The Essenes	1. The Galileans	1. Elders of Israel
2. The Pharisees	2. The Herodians	2. The Great Synagogue
3. The Sadducees	3. The Publicans	3. The Sanhedrin
4. Proselytes		

OLD TESTAMENT PARABLES

PARABLE	BY WHOM	TO WHOM	RECORD
1. Trees Choosing a King.....	Jotham	Shechemites	Judges 9: 7-15
2. The Ewe Lamb.....	Nathan	David	2 Sam. 12: 1- 4
3. Avenger of Blood.....	A Widow	"	2 Sam. 14: 1-11
4. Escaped Captives.....	A Prophet	Ahab	1 Kings 20: 35-40
5. The Lying Spirits.....	Micaiah	"	1 Kings 22: 19-23
6. Thistle and Cedar.....	Jehoash	Amaziah	2 Kings 14: 9
7. Vineyard and Grapes.....	Isaiah	Judah	Isaiah 5: 1-7
8. Eagles and Vines.....	Ezekiel	Israel	Ezek. 17: 3-10
9. Lions' Whelps.....	"	"	Ezek. 19: 2- 9
10. The Boiling Pot.....	"	"	Ezek. 24: 3- 5

TIME

The *natural* day was from sunrise to sunset.
The *natural* night was from sunset to sunrise.
The *civil* day was from sunset one evening to sunset the next; for, the "evening and the morning" were the first day.*

NIGHT (*Ancient*)

First watch (Lam. 2: 19) till midnight.
Middle watch (Judges 7: 19) till 3 A.M.
Morning watch (Ex. 14: 24) till 6 A.M.

NIGHT (*New Testament*)

First watch, *evening* 6 to 9 P.M.
Second watch, *midnight* 9 to 12 P.M.
Third watch, *cock-crow* 12 to 3 A.M.
Fourth watch, *morning* 3 to 6 A.M.

DAY (*Ancient*)

Morning till about 10 A.M.
Heat of day till about 2 P.M.
Cool of day till about 6 P.M.

DAY (*New Testament*)

Third hour 6 to 9 A.M.
Sixth hour 9 to 12 midday
Ninth hour 12 to 3 P.M.
Twelfth hour . . . 3 to 6 P.M.

THE JEWISH YEAR

Mo. of Sac'd Year	Mo. of Civil Year	Name	No. of days	English Months	Products	Jewish Festivals
1	7	Abib, or Nisan (Ex. 12: 2; 13: 4)	30	March, April	Barley ripe, Fig in blossom	Passover, Unleavened Bread
2	8	Iyar, or Zif.	29	April, May	Barley harvest	Pentecost
3	9	Sivan	30	May, June	Wheat harvest	
4	10	Thammuz	29	June, July	Early vintage	
5	11	Ab (Ezra 7: 9)	30	July, Aug.	Ripe figs	
6	12	Elul (Neh. 6: 15)	29	Aug., Sept.	General vintage	Feast of Trumpets, Atonement, Feast of Tabernacles
7	1	Tisri (1 Kings 8: 2)	30	Sept., Oct.	Ploughing and Sowing	
8	2	Bul (1 Kings 6: 38)	29	Oct., Nov.	Latter grapes	Dedication
9	3	Chisleu (Zech. 5: 1)	30	Nov., Dec.	Snow	
10	4	Tebeth (Esth. 2: 16)	29	Dec., Jan.	Grass after rain	Purim
11	5	Shebat (Zech. 1: 7)	30	Jan., Feb.	Winter fig	
12	6	Adar (Ezra 6: 15)	29	Feb., Mar.	Almond blossom	
13		Ve-Adar, <i>Intercalary</i>				

N. B.—The SACRED YEAR was reckoned from the moon after the vernal equinox.
The CIVIL YEAR began in September (the less productive period of the year).
The prophets speak of the *sacred* year; those engaged in secular pursuits, of the *civil* year. The year was divided into 12 *lunar* months, with a thirteenth, or *intercalary* month, every third year.

TABLE OF MEASURES, WEIGHTS, AND COINS

JEWISH MONEY

	<i>L</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Gerah.....	0	0	1.3687
Bekah.....	0	1	1.6875
Shekel, or two bekahs.....	0	2	3.375
Maneh, or mina Hebrew.....	5	14	0.75
Talent.....	342	3	9
A solidus aureus, or sextula.....	0	12	0.5
A siclus aureus.....	1	16	6
A pound, or mina.....	3	2	6
A talent of gold.....	5475	0	0

JEWISH WEIGHTS

	—Troy Weights—			
	<i>lbs.</i>	<i>oz.</i>	<i>dwt.</i>	<i>gr.</i>
Gerah.....	0	0	0	12
Bekah.....	0	0	5	0
Shekel.....	0	0	10	0
Maneh.....	2	6*	0	0
Talent.....	125	0	0	0

Bishop Cumberland states that the weight of the shekel was half a Roman ounce. The talent weighed 3,000 shekels.

GREEK AND ROMAN MONEY

	<i>L</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>far</i>
Mite (<i>lepton</i>), about.....	0	0	0	0.375
Farthing (<i>kodran'tes</i>), about.....	0	0	0	0.75
As (<i>assarion</i>), or farthing.....	0	0	0	3.1
Penny, denarius (<i>denarius</i>), or drachma.....	0	0	7	3
Didrachma.....	0	1	3	2
Stater.....	0	2	7	0
Attic mina.....	3	4	7	0
Attic talent.....	193	15	0	0

The Italian mina, or Roman libra or pound, was ninety-six denarii, equal to 3*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*

Seventy-two libras made a Roman talent, equal to 225*l.*

The *denarius* was so called because in ancient times it consisted *denis assibus*, of ten asses.

The *didrachma*, or double drachm, is the coin rendered by our translators *tribute money* (Matt. 17: 24).

NOTE.—In the preceding tables, silver is valued at 5*s.* and gold at 4*l.* per oz.

THE LONGER SCRIPTURE MEASURES

	—English—		
	<i>Miles</i>	<i>Paces</i>	<i>Feet</i>
Cubit.....	0	0	1.824
Stadium or furlong.....	0	145	4.6
Sabbath-day's journey.....	2	132	4
Eastern mile.....	1	403	1
Parasang.....	4	153	3
Day's journey.....	33	172	4

SHORTER MEASURES OF LENGTH

	—English—	
	<i>Feet</i>	<i>Inch.</i>
Digit.....	0	0.912
Palm.....	0	3.648
Span.....	0	10.944
Cubit.....	1	9.888
Fathom.....	7	3.552
Ezekiel's reed.....	10	11.328
Arabian pole.....	14	7.104
Schoenus, or measuring line.....	145	11.04

JEWISH LIQUID MEASURES

	<i>Gal.</i>	<i>Pts.</i>
Caph.....	0	0.625
Log.....	0	0.833
Cab.....	0	3.333
Hin.....	1	2
Seah.....	2	4
Bath, or ephah.....	7	4
Corus, chomer, or homer.....	75	0

The *sextarius* (*sester*), rendered a *pot* (Mark 7: 4), was a Roman measure of liquids, equal to about 1½ pints English.

The *metretres*, rendered *firkin* (John 2: 6), is supposed to be equal to the Hebrew bath.

JEWISH DRY MEASURES

	English Corn Measure		
	<i>Pks.</i>	<i>Gals.</i>	<i>Pts.</i>
Gachal.....	0	0	0.1416
Cab.....	0	0	2.8333
Omer, or gomer.....	0	0	5.1
Seah.....	1	0	1
Ephah.....	3	0	3
Letch.....	16	0	0
Corus, chomer, or homer.....	32	0	0

The *choenix*, rendered a *measure* (Rev. 6: 6), was a Grecian measure of capacity, about 1½ pints.

STATISTICS OF THE BIBLE

	OLD TESTAMENT	NEW TESTAMENT	WHOLE BIBLE
Number of Books.....	39	27	66
Number of Chapters.....	929	260	1,189
Number of Verses.....	23,214	7,959	31,173
Number of Words.....	592,439	181,253	773,692
Number of Letters.....	2,728,100	838,380	3,566,480
Middle Book.....	Proverbs	2 Thessalonians	Micah, Nahum
Middle Chapter.....	Job 29	Romans 13, 14	Psalms 117*
Middle Verse.....	2 Chron. 20: 17	Acts 17: 17	Psalms 118: 8
Least Book.....	Obadiah	3 John	3 John
Least Verse.....	1 Chron. 1: 1	John 11: 35	John 11: 35

These facts were ascertained by a gentleman in 1718; also by an English gentleman, at Amsterdam, in 1772; and the investigation is said to have taken each gentleman three years.

The Bible has been translated into 226 different languages.

The Old Testament was divided into *chapters*, as they now stand, by Cardinal Hugo, in the middle of the thirteenth century. These chapters were divided into verses, as we now have them, by Rabbi Nathan, and adopted by Robert Stephens, a French printer, in his edition of the Vulgate, in 1555, and transferred to the Authorized Version in 1611.

The New Testament was divided into chapters by Hugo de St. Cher about 1240, and into verses by Robert Stephens, and was first so published by him in 1551, and thence these divisions were transferred to the English version, published in Geneva in 1560.

*Shortest chapter.

LESSONS IN THE NEW TESTAMENT

Lesson I—The New Testament

1. By what names is this book called?
2. What is the meaning of "testament"?
3. Why is it called the "New" Testament?
4. Name the writers of the New Testament.
5. Which was the first book written? The last?
6. Over how many years does it extend?
7. Give the major subdivisions of the New Testament and classify the books in each subdivision.
8. When was the New Testament divided into chapters? Into verses?
9. What is the purpose of the New Testament?
10. In what language was it first written?
11. How many translations have been made to get the American Revised?
12. When were the books of the New Testament collected into one volume?
13. How do we know that we have a correct translation of the New Testament?
14. How is the New Testament related to the Old Testament?
15. Give two reasons showing that the New Testament was given by inspiration.
16. Give two reasons for studying the New Testament.
17. How long will the New Testament remain with man?
18. With what attitude should we approach the study of the New Testament?

Lesson 2—John the Baptist

1. How many prophets of the Old Testament prophesied of John?
2. Who were the parents of John?
3. Give five names by which he is known.
4. Who announced the coming of John?
5. What verse is the only one which relates his childhood?

6. When was he born?
7. Give his twofold mission.
8. What did John preach?
9. How did John baptize?
10. How was John's mission related to that of Jesus?
11. Why was he called John "the Baptist"?
12. Give two instances of his pointing out Jesus.
13. Why was John never baptized?
14. Why was John put in prison?
15. How many disciples did John make?
16. Why was John put to death?
17. What did John teach his disciples to do?
18. What testimony did Jesus bear of John?

Lesson 3—Mary, The Mother of Jesus

1. What does the name "Mary" mean?
2. Of what tribe was she?
3. What did the angel announce to her?
4. Describe the character of Mary.
5. What did Joseph have in mind to do with Mary?
6. Were there any better women living at that time? How do you know?
7. How was Mary related to Elisabeth?
8. How old was Mary when Jesus was born?
9. Why did Mary go to Bethlehem?
10. How did she care for the babe Jesus?
11. Why did Mary not tell about the circumstances of her first-born?
12. Why did Mary rebuke Jesus at the age of twelve?
13. Did Mary have other children? How do you know?
14. What sayings did Mary keep in her heart?
15. What shows Mary's faith in God?
16. How is she connected with the public ministry of Jesus?
17. What did Jesus say to her while he was on the cross?
18. To whom did Jesus commit his mother at his death?

Lesson 4—Christ's Pre-Fleshly State

1. Was Christ coeternal with God? How do you know?
2. What was he called "in the beginning"?
3. What part did he have in the creation?

4. How did Christ affirm his pre-fleshy state?
5. How was he the "Life" and "Light" of the world?
6. Was Christ a "creature"? Why?
7. How is he the image of the Father?
8. How did he know the mind of the Father?
9. Why is he given the name of God? (Isa. 9:6; 40:3.)
10. How is he equal to God?
11. To whom did God speak when he said "let us make man"?
12. Was he the "Son of God" before he was born to Mary?
13. What member of the Godhead does he occupy?
14. What was he doing with God in eternity?
15. Does he now have the nature that he had before he came to earth?
16. How was he related to man before he was born of Mary?
17. How was he related to God before he was born of Mary?
18. Why was he called "the word"?

Lesson 5—Christ in Prophecy

1. What is prophecy?
2. What is meant by Christ in purpose?
3. What is meant by Christ in promise?
4. What is meant by Christ in prophecy?
5. When was the first promise of Christ to man made?
6. When was the second promise to man made?
7. Give another promise of Christ to man.
8. How did this promise take form in prophecy?
9. What is meant by "general" prophecies of Christ?
10. What is meant by "specific" promises of Christ?
11. Was Jehovah's statement to Abraham in Gen. 12:1-4 a promise or a prophecy of Christ?
12. How was Christ to be "the seed of the woman"?
13. What is meant by Christ being "the seed of Abraham"?
14. What did Moses prophesy concerning Christ?
15. What did Samuel prophesy?
16. What did David prophesy concerning Christ?
17. What did Isaiah prophesy concerning him?
18. What did Jeremiah prophesy concerning him?

Lesson 6—Christ in Type

1. What is a "type"?
2. Why were "types" used in the Old Testament?
3. How many types of Christ in the Old Testament?
4. What is the first type of Christ in the Old Testament?
5. How were sacrifices a type of Christ?
6. How was Moses a type of Christ?
7. How was Aaron a type of Christ?
8. How were the prophets a type of Christ?
9. How were the kings a type of Christ?
10. How was Adam a type of Christ?
11. How was the ark a type of Christ?
12. How was the brazen serpent a type of Christ?
13. How were the cities of refuge a type of Christ?
14. How was Isaac a type of Christ?
15. How was the manna a type of Christ?
16. How was the Passover a type of Christ?
17. How was the tabernacle a type of Christ?
18. How was the temple a type of Christ?

Lesson 7—The Birth of Jesus

1. Why did Jesus have to be born of flesh?
2. Who was his mother?
3. How is divinity linked with humanity?
4. When was Christ born?
5. Explain the error that was made by Dionysius in fixing the date of Jesus' birth.
6. Where was Jesus born? Why?
7. Who first announced the birth of Jesus?
8. Where did Joseph and Mary live?
9. Was the birth of Jesus miraculous?
10. Who came to pay tribute to the babe?
11. Why was Jesus born in a stable?
12. Why was Jesus not born of a wealthy parent?
13. Who sought to kill the child Jesus?
14. How was he saved?
15. Why is Joseph sometimes called his "father"?
16. What do we know of the childhood of Jesus?
17. Did Jesus violate any of the laws of his physical nature in his childhood? How do you know?
18. Upon what does the proof of the deity of Jesus depend?

Lesson 8—The Herods

1. Who was Herod?
2. How many Herods mentioned in the New Testament?
3. What kind of rulers were the Herods?
4. What did Herod the Great attempt to do with the babe Jesus?
5. How many innocents did he have killed?
6. Why did he attempt to destroy the babe Jesus?
7. How did Jesus describe Herod Antipas?
8. Whom did Herod Antipas marry?
9. Why did John the Baptist rebuke him for his marriage?
10. Who was Herod Agrippa?
11. Why did he have James put to death?
12. Why did he not have Peter killed?
13. How did this Herod die?
14. Who was Herod Agrippa II?
15. What did he say about becoming a Christian?
16. Who were the Herodians?
17. Why did they attempt to ensnare Jesus?
18. Were the Herods Jews, Greeks, or Romans?

Lesson 9—The Baptism of Jesus

1. How much older was John the Baptist than Jesus?
2. How long had John been in his public work before Jesus began his?
3. Where did Jesus make his home?
4. Why do we have no record of him from the age of twelve to his baptism?
5. To whom did Jesus come for baptism?
6. Where was he baptized?
7. By whom was he baptized?
8. Why was he baptized?
9. How was he baptized?
10. How did God show his approval at his baptism?
11. What voice was heard from heaven?
12. Who heard this voice?
13. Why were others baptized of John?
14. How old was Jesus when he was baptized?
15. Did John continue his ministry after Jesus' baptism? How do you know?

16. What other work could John do after pointing out Jesus in filling his mission?
17. Is Jesus' baptism an example for us? Why?
18. Did John's baptizing Jesus make Jesus a "Baptist"?

Lesson 10—The Temptation of Jesus

1. What is a "temptation"?
2. Was the temptation of Jesus real or allegorical?
3. When did the temptation come to Jesus?
4. Why had he fasted forty days?
5. Who else had fasted forty days?
6. Where was Jesus tempted?
7. By whom was he tempted?
8. Was Jesus tempted three times or was it a threefold temptation?
9. How was the first attempt of Satan made?
10. In what was the temptation?
11. How did Jesus reply to this?
12. How was the second effort of Satan made to tempt Jesus?
13. This was an appeal to what?
14. How did Jesus answer this time?
15. What was the next effort that Satan made?
16. This was an appeal to what?
17. When did Satan come into possession of the kingdoms of earth?
18. How did Jesus answer this temptation?

Lesson 11—The First Miracle

1. What is a "miracle"?
2. By what other names in the Bible is it called?
3. What is the purpose of a miracle?
4. Where was Cana?
5. Who was present at this marriage feast?
6. What did Mary suggest to Jesus?
7. What reply did he make?
8. What did Mary tell the servants?
9. What did Jesus command?
10. How much did all of these pots hold?
11. What did Jesus do?

12. In what did the miracle consist?
13. How was Jesus' glory manifested here?
14. Why is Joseph the husband of Mary not mentioned here?
15. Did Jesus by this act encourage drinking of wine? Why?
16. How do we know that this was the first miracle of Jesus?
17. What effect did it have on his disciples?
18. What effect did it have on the people?

Lesson 12—Jesus and Nicodemus

1. Where was Jesus at this time?
2. Who came to converse with him?
3. Who was Nicodemus?
4. What is meant by his being "a ruler"?
5. To what religious sect did he belong?
6. What was the Jewish Sanhedrin?
7. Why did he come to Jesus by night?
8. What was his first remark to Jesus?
9. How did he know that Jesus had come from God?
10. What did Jesus first reply to him?
11. What is meant by "the kingdom of God"?
12. What is it to be "born again"?
13. What is it to be "born of water and the Spirit"?
14. Is there one or two births mentioned here?
15. Why is "baptism" spoken of as a birth?
16. Was the kingdom established at this time? How do you know?
17. Is there any other way to get into the kingdom now?
18. Did Nicodemus become a disciple? How do you know?

Lesson 13—Jesus and the Samaritan Woman

1. Where was Samaria?
2. Why did Jesus and his disciples go through Samaria?
3. Why did they stop at the well?
4. Who came out and met Jesus?
5. What was the relation between Jews and Samaritans?
6. What was Jesus' condition at this time?
7. What was this woman's condition?

8. Why was this a very fortunate meeting for her?
9. How did Jesus remove prejudice from her mind?
10. How did she perceive that he was a prophet?
11. What question of difference was there between Jews and Samaritans?
12. What did the woman ask Jesus?
13. Did she have faith in Jesus at this time? How do you know?
14. What did Jesus answer her?
15. What kind of worship is acceptable to God?
16. What is vain worship?
17. What is it to worship in spirit?
18. What is it to worship in truth?

Lesson 14—"The Sermon on the Mount"

1. Why is this called "the sermon on the mount"?
2. By what other name is it called?
3. How does this sermon stand related to Christianity?
4. How may it be compared to the ten commandments?
5. Name the "beatitudes. "
6. How many of them refer to traits of character?
7. Which refer to eternal circumstances?
8. How does Jesus describe the relation of his disciples to the world?
9. What did Jesus come to do to the law?
10. What is the law against murder?
11. What is the law against adultery?
12. What is the law against divorces?
13. What is the law of love?
14. What is the law against hypocrisy in prayer?
15. Repeat and discuss the "Golden Rule. "
16. Discuss the two ways.
17. What is the law against judging?
18. Whom does Jesus describe as being wise?

Lesson 15—Peter

1. Who were the first disciples of Jesus?
2. Who brought Peter to Jesus?
3. By what other names is he called?
4. What does "Peter" mean?

5. How do we know that he was a disciple of John?
6. What was his occupation?
7. What did Jesus tell him that he would make of him?
8. What was Peter's great confession?
9. Describe Peter's character.
10. What did Jesus commit to Peter?
11. When did Peter rebuke Jesus?
12. How did Peter declare his loyalty to Jesus?
13. Why did Peter deny Jesus?
14. How did he later make amends for this?
15. Where is Peter's name placed in the catalog of apostles?
16. Who preached the first full gospel sermon?
17. What books of the New Testament did Peter write?
18. What is the tradition concerning his death?

Lesson 16—The Apostle John

1. Who were the father and mother of John?
2. What was his occupation?
3. How do we know that he was a disciple of John the Baptist?
4. Where did he live?
5. When did he become a disciple of Jesus?
6. What is he called?
7. With whom is he associated in the work of the Lord?
8. Why were he and his brother surnamed "Boanerges"?
9. What question did he ask Jesus at the "last supper"?
10. Why was he permitted to be present at the trial of Jesus?
11. Name the three occasions that he with Peter and James seemed to be especially honored.
12. How do we know he was present at the crucifixion?
13. What did Jesus say to him while he was on the cross?
14. With whom was he associated soon after Pentecost?
15. How did he suffer for the early church?
16. How many books of the New Testament did he write?
17. Upon what phase of Jesus did he place the emphasis in writing his gospel?
18. What is the tradition of his death?

Lesson 17—The Apostle James

1. Who was James?
2. What other apostle bore this name?
3. How many New Testament characters bore this name?
4. When did he become a disciple of Jesus?
5. What was his occupation?
6. With which of the other apostles was he closely associated?
7. How many times is he mentioned in the New Testament?
8. Where is his name placed in the list of apostles?
9. On what three occasions did he seem to receive favor from Jesus?
10. Why was he called "Boanerges"?
11. What was the character of James?
12. What did James and John ask Jesus' permission to do?
13. When was the first mention we have of James?
14. How do we know that James was in the Garden of Gethsemane with Jesus?
15. How do we know he saw the ascension of Jesus?
16. Did he write a book of the New Testament? How do you know?
17. How was he related in the flesh to Jesus?
18. What honor does he have in his death?

Lesson 18—The Pharisees and the Sadducees

1. Who were the Pharisees?
2. When did they originate?
3. What does the word "Pharisee" mean?
4. Why are they not mentioned in the Old Testament?
5. What did the Pharisees teach?
6. How did they observe the law?
7. Why did Jesus severely condemn the Pharisees?
8. Why were they opposed to Jesus?
9. Why did the Pharisees claim to be righteous?
10. Why did they look with contempt on others?
11. What did they believe about a future state?
12. Who were the Sadducees?
13. Who originated this sect?
14. Why were they opposed to Jesus?

15. What did the Sadducees teach?
16. Why was Jesus opposed to the Sadducees?
17. Why did they become stronger opponents after the resurrection of Jesus?
18. How did they lead in the persecution of the apostles?

Lesson 19—Matthew, the Publican

1. What is the meaning of the word "Matthew"?
2. By what other name is Matthew called?
3. Why is he called "the publican"?
4. Where was his home?
5. How did the Jews look upon his business?
6. Why did Jesus call Matthew to be an apostle?
7. How does Matthew always speak of himself?
8. Where is Matthew listed among the apostles?
9. What feast did he set for Jesus?
10. How did this affect the scribes and Pharisees?
11. Could we infer that Matthew was rich? Why?
12. Whom did Matthew invite to the feast?
13. What did this give Jesus an occasion to do?
14. What is the last mention we have of him in the New Testament?
15. What book of the New Testament did he write?
16. Why did he write this book?
17. What use does he make of the words "king" and "kingdom"?
18. How does Matthew state the commission?

Lesson 20—Jesus Keeping the Passover

1. What was the Passover?
2. When was it kept?
3. How was it to be kept?
4. How often did the Jews who were scattered go to Jerusalem to worship?
5. At what age did the males among the Jews begin to keep the Passover?
6. Which was the first Passover that Jesus kept?
7. Which was the first after his baptism?
8. What did he do for the temple at this time?
9. What did he say about his father's house?

10. How may we determine the length of Jesus' public ministry?
11. What was the second Passover that he kept?
12. What was probably the third Passover that Jesus kept after his ministry began?
13. What did he do at the last Passover that he kept?
14. Did he use-weapons, of violence? How do you know?
15. How had the Jews corrupted the worship at the Passover?
16. How can we see in the life of Jesus the correct way to keep the Passover?
17. What did the Jews seek to do at the last Passover?
18. What did Jesus institute at this Passover?

Lesson 21—Jesus and the Sabbath

1. What is the meaning of the word "Sabbath"?
2. What is the first mention of the Sabbath in the Bible?
3. Why was it required to be kept by the law of Moses?
4. Why did Jesus keep the Sabbath?
5. Did Jesus ever violate the Sabbath? Why?
6. Give two instances where he was accused of violating the Sabbath.
7. Why did Jesus say the Sabbath was made?
8. Did Jesus violate any part of the law of Moses?
9. Why did Paul and others meet in the synagogue on the Sabbath?
10. Does the meeting with the Jews on the Sabbath after the church was established give endorsement to Christians meeting on the Sabbath?
11. What day of the week was the Jewish Sabbath?
12. How was the law fulfilled in Christ?
13. Was the Sabbath taken away with the other parts of the law? Why?
14. Did the Holy Spirit ever command Christians to keep the Sabbath? Why?
15. What day of the week do Christians meet for worship?
16. Why can we not call "the first day of the week" the Sabbath?
17. Did the pope of Rome change the Sabbath day from the seventh to the first day of the week? Why?

18. Why will no one be blessed for keeping the Sabbath today?

Lesson 22—Judas Iscariot

1. What is the meaning of the name "Judas"?
2. What is the meaning of the name "Iscariot"?
3. Who was Judas Iscariot?
4. How do we know that he was a disciple of John the Baptist?
5. Why did Jesus select him to be one of the apostles?
6. Was he a good man when selected? How do you know?
7. What is the first mention we have of him?
8. What position did he hold among the apostles?
9. Did Judas understand the teachings of Jesus?
10. Did Jesus make any distinction between him and the other apostles?
11. Could Judas help from being a traitor?
12. What was his motive in betraying Jesus?
13. Was he disappointed in Jesus not setting up an earthly kingdom? Why?
14. What did he receive for betraying Jesus?
15. Did he gain friends by this act? Why?
16. Did Judas repent of this act? Why?
17. What finally became of Judas?
18. Who was selected to take his place?

Lesson 23—The Miracles of Jesus

1. What is a miracle?
2. Give the other names in the New Testament that designate it.
3. How do miracles show divine power?
4. What was the purpose of Jesus' miracles?
5. What is the first recorded miracle of Jesus?
6. What is the last recorded miracle of Jesus?
7. How many miracles are recorded of Jesus?
8. How did miracles strengthen the faith of the observer?
9. Why were all not convinced by miracles?
10. Give a miracle of Jesus in the physical realm.
11. Give one in the mental realm.
12. Give a miracle of Jesus in the moral realm.
13. Give a miracle wrought in the spiritual realm.

14. Give a miracle wrought by Jesus on one not in his presence.
15. Give a miracle wrought by Jesus on one in his presence.
16. What purpose does the record of miracles serve today?
17. When Jesus forgave sins while on earth, was that a miracle? Why?
18. Was the resurrection of Jesus a miracle? Why?

Lesson 24—The Parables of Jesus

1. What does the word "parable" mean?
2. What is a parable?
3. Why did Jesus teach in parables?
4. Are parables easily understood? Why?
5. What was the first parable we have recorded of Jesus?
6. Discuss the parable of the sower.
7. What is the meaning of the parable of the mustard seed?
8. How many parables have we recorded of Jesus?
9. What is the meaning of the parable of the marriage feast?
10. Give the meaning of the parable of the ten virgins.
11. Give the meaning of the parable of the good Samaritan.
12. What is the teaching of the parable of the rich fool?
13. What is the teaching of the parable of the barren fig tree?
14. Give the meaning of the parable of the lost sheep.
15. Discuss the meaning of the parable of the prodigal son.
16. Discuss the meaning of the parable of the rich man and Lazarus.
17. Discuss the meaning of the Pharisee and the publican.
18. Do parables have more than one meaning? Why?

Lesson 25—The Prayers of Jesus

1. What is a prayer?
2. Why did Jesus pray?
3. To whom did he always pray?
4. Give two instances in which he prayed all night.
5. How many recorded prayers have we of Jesus?
6. What is the first prayer recorded of him?
7. What is the last prayer recorded of him?
8. Give two instances where he prayed for himself.

9. Give three instances where he prayed for others.
10. Give two instances of his giving thanks for food.
11. For what was Jesus praying on the mount of transfiguration?
12. Give his prayer at the grave of Lazarus.
13. Were Jesus' prayers always audible? Why?
14. What was his prayer for Peter?
15. Should Matthew 6:9-15 be called the Lord's prayer? Why?
16. For what did he pray in John 17?
17. Has Jesus prayed for all Christians? When?
18. What was his prayer in Gethsemane?

Lesson 26—The Transfiguration

1. What is meant by "the transfiguration of Jesus"?
2. When did this occur?
3. Where did this occur?
4. Whom did he take with him on the mount?
5. Why did he take these with him?
6. Who else appeared on the mount?
7. Why did they appear?
8. What was the subject of their conversation?
9. What was Jesus before engaged in conversation?
10. What suggestion did Peter make?
11. Why did he make this suggestion?
12. Whose voice was heard on the mount?
13. What did this voice say?
14. How did Jesus appear in the transfiguration?
15. Why was Moses present?
16. Why was Elijah present?
17. What great lesson is to be taught by the transfiguration?
18. What reference does Peter make later to the transfiguration?

Lesson 27—Admonitions and Warnings of Jesus

1. What is an admonition?
2. What is a warning?
3. Why did Jesus give admonitions and warnings?
4. What warning did Jesus give about false prophets?
5. What warning did he give about the Pharisees?

6. What warning did he give about wicked men?
7. What admonition did he give about riches?
8. What warning did Jesus give concerning hypocrites?
9. What admonition did -he give concerning hypocritical prayers?
10. What warning did he give concerning the danger of abundance?
11. What admonition did he give about flattery?
12. What was his warning about the dangers of covetous-ness?
13. What was his warning about the scribes?
14. What was his warning about false Christs?
15. What admonition did he give Peter about his denying him?
16. What warning did he give Judas?
17. What warning did he give concerning the destruction of Jerusalem?
18. What warning did he give to the impenitent?

Lesson 28—The Arrest and Trials of Jesus

1. Who were Jesus' enemies?
2. Why were they his enemies?
3. Where was Jesus arrested?
4. At what time was he arrested?
5. Who arrested him?
6. Who led the company to him?
7. Why was this company armed?
8. Why did Jesus not resist arrest?
9. How did he rebuke Judas?
10. Why and for what did he rebuke Peter?
11. To whom was Jesus first led for trial?
12. Why did they keep him bound?
13. At what time was he first tried before Caiaphas?
14. With what did they charge Jesus?
15. How did they attempt to prove these charges?
16. At what time did they carry him before Pilate?
17. What charges were made against him before Pilate?
18. What was Pilate's verdict?

Lesson 29—Pilate

1. What is the meaning of the name "Pilate"?
2. Who was Pontius Pilate?
3. What position did he hold?
4. When was he appointed to this position?
5. How long did he hold it?
6. What kind of a ruler was he?
7. What did Pilate ask the Jews when they brought Jesus before him?
8. What did the Jews reply?
9. What did Pilate tell the Jews to do?
10. Why could not the Jews put Jesus to death?
11. What charges did they bring against Jesus before Pilate?
12. What question did Pilate ask Jesus?
13. What did Jesus reply to him?
14. What was his verdict at this time?
15. What was the relation of Pilate and Herod?
16. Why did Pilate send Jesus to Herod?
17. How did Pilate seek to dismiss the Jews?
18. Why did Pilate not release Jesus?

Lesson 30—The Crucifixion and Burial of Jesus

1. What is meant by crucifixion?
2. What nation practiced execution by crucifixion?
3. What was the method of execution by the Jews?
4. What may be said of crucifixion as a mode of death?
5. Describe the way the cross was made.
6. Was Jesus nailed to the cross BEFORE or AFTER its elevation?
7. Were the feet nailed separately or together?
8. What inscription was placed over Jesus?
9. Why was he crucified between two robbers?
10. Who executed the crucifixion?
11. How long was Jesus on the cross before death?
12. Give the seven statements of Jesus made on the cross.
13. At what time was he nailed to the cross?
14. When was he taken down from the cross?
15. Who buried his body and where was it buried?
16. Why was a guard stationed around the tomb?

17. Was this burial temporary or permanent? Why?
18. Who was Joseph of Arimathea?

Lesson 31—The Resurrection and Commission of Jesus

1. How long did the body of Jesus remain in the tomb?
2. When was he raised from the dead?
3. How was he raised from the dead?
4. What does his resurrection prove to us?
5. How long did he remain on earth after his resurrection?
6. Did he dwell in his crucified body? How do you know?
7. Why did he not ascend to the Father at once?
8. What did he do during the forty days before ascension?
9. On what day did he ascend to the Father?
10. What did he tell his disciples to do?
11. What did he promise he would do for them?
12. What is meant by "the commission"?
13. Repeat the commission as given by Matthew.
14. Repeat it as given by Mark.
15. How does Luke record the commission?
16. When were they to begin preaching under this commission?
17. What were they to preach.
18. Discuss the universality of the commission.

Lesson 32—The Church or Kingdom of God

1. What is the meaning of the word "church"?
2. What is the meaning of "kingdom of God"?
3. Are the church and the kingdom the same? Why?
4. When was the church established?
5. Who were the charter members of the church?
6. How many times do we find the word "church" in the New Testament?
7. What are the two uses of the word "church"?
8. What other names are given to it in the New Testament?
9. By what names are its members called?
10. How is Christ the head of the church?
11. Upon what was the church built?
12. When was the church in the general sense and specific sense the same?

13. Are the apostles still in the church? How?
14. What form of government is the church?
15. What is meant by the "perpetuity"?
16. How long will the church remain on earth?
17. Can one be saved out of the church? Why not?
18. How does one become a member of the church?

Lesson 33—Faith

1. What is faith?
2. What is the difference between "faith" and "belief"?
3. Why has God required faith of man?
4. Does man have the power to believe or does God give faith?
5. Upon what is faith based?
6. Can one have faith when one does not understand the testimony?
7. What is a "dead faith"?
8. What is meant by "historical faith"?
9. What is meant by "saving faith"?
10. How can faith be increased?
11. What is meant by "miraculous faith"?
12. What is it to become "obedient to the faith"?
13. How can one "walk in the steps of Abraham's faith"?
14. Is man responsible for not having faith? Why?
15. What are some of the blessings of faith?
16. Can there be faith without obedience? Why?
17. Why can we not please God without faith?
18. When will faith cease?

Lesson 34—Repentance

1. What is "repentance"?
2. What is the difference between "repentance" and "forgetting a sin"?
3. What is the difference between "repentance" and "despair"?
4. What is the difference between "repentance" and "sorrow for a sin"?
5. What induces man to repent?
6. Which comes first, faith or repentance? Why?
7. How often should one repent?

8. What did John the Baptist preach about repentance?
9. Why is John's baptism called "the baptism of repentance"?
10. What is the difference between the repentance of an erring Christian and an alien sinner?
11. How do we know that man can repent?
12. Can God repent? How do you know?
13. How did Jesus express the necessity of repentance?
14. Who are commanded to repent?
15. Why should one repent?
16. Why cannot God forgive without repentance?
17. Can one repent of an unconscious sin? Why?
18. How does God give the opportunity to repent?

Lesson 35—Baptism

1. What is the meaning of the word "baptism"?
2. Who is the first one God commanded to baptize?
3. What is meant by John's baptism?
4. What is the difference between John's baptism and the baptism of Jesus while he was on earth?
5. What is meant by the baptism of the commission?
6. What is meant by the baptism of suffering?
7. What is meant by the baptism of the Holy Spirit?
8. How many baptisms in force today?
9. What are the prerequisites of baptism?
10. Can one be baptized who has not repented?
11. What is meant by "the mode of baptism"?
12. How do we know that baptism is a burial?
13. Why cannot baptism be performed by sprinkling?
14. How is baptism for the remission of sins?
15. Why does one not have to be baptized every time one sins?
16. Into whom are we baptized?
17. How is baptism a picture of the death, burial, and resurrection of Jesus?
18. Why has God connected baptism with salvation?

Lesson 36—Conversion

1. What is the meaning of "conversion"?
2. Who needs to be converted?

3. Why should man be converted?
4. Can man convert himself?
5. How did man depart from God?
6. What was the first change in departing from God?
7. What was the second change?
8. What was the third change?
9. What is the first change in man's coming back to God?
10. How is this change made?
11. What is the second change in coming back to God?
12. How is this change made?
13. What is the third change in returning to God?
14. How is this change made?
15. What three things lead man "unto" Christ?
16. What one thing puts man "into" Christ?
17. What is the difference between conversion and forgiveness of sins?
18. How can the gospel convert man?

Lesson 37—The Christian Life

1. What is life?
2. What is the Christian life?
3. Why cannot the Christian life be lived out of the church?
4. When does the Christian life begin?
5. What is the difference between the Christian life and eternal life?
6. Why may a manner of living be called "the Christian life"?
7. Why cannot one live the Christian life before becoming a Christian?
8. What sacrifices must be made to live the Christian life?
9. How can we present our bodies a living sacrifice?
10. How may we be transformed daily?
11. How is the Christian life a growth?
12. How should Christians love each other?
13. How should Christians help each other?
14. How are Christians united to Christ?
15. How are Christians related to each other?
16. What is meant by Christian worship?
17. Why should Christians have to suffer persecution?
18. What is the Christian's hope?

Lesson 38—Praising God

1. What is it to praise God?
2. What part of the worship is praising God?
3. When did Jesus sing?
4. How has he commanded us to sing?
5. Can alien sinners sing God's praises acceptably?
6. Should alien sinners sing "invitation songs"?
7. Is it pleasing to God for an alien sinner to lead the song?
8. Should Christians sing in "the choir of denominations"?
9. May instruments of music be used in praising God? Why?
10. What is the difference between an instrument of music and "tuning fork"? And songbooks?
11. Is it pleasing to God for a sister to lead the songs?
12. Should we sing praises to Jesus? Why? To the Holy Spirit? Why?
13. Should we sing songs praising mother as praise to God?
14. How can we make melody in our heart to God? How can one who cannot sing praise God?
15. Should a Christian sing in the audience where the instrument is used?
16. Two elements in praising God — words and music; which should receive the greater emphasis?
17. Is God interested in the music we make? How do you know?
18. Is he interested in the words that we use? How do we know?

Lesson 39—"Christians' Giving"

1. What is meant by "the grace of giving"?
2. Why should one give of his means to the Lord?
3. Why should one plan to have something to give?
4. When should Christians give of their means?
5. How much should they plan to give?
6. For what purposes should a Christian give?
7. Why does God love a cheerful giver?
8. Should a church make an assessment on its members? Why?
9. Why is it more blessed to give than to receive?

10. Why should a church attempt to raise "a certain amount of money"?
11. Should there be "special" collections made?
12. Should a church obligate itself for a debt that it has not means to pay? Why?
13. Is it right for a church to build a house it cannot pay for? Why?
14. Should Christians give when no purpose is before them?
15. How much should a church give to preachers?
16. Should a church give as much for the services of a young preacher as for an experienced preacher? Why?
17. Should one give when it is not done cheerfully? Why?
18. How may we know that our giving is pleasing to the Lord?

Lesson 40—Paul

1. What does the name "Paul" mean?
2. By what other name was he known?
3. What is the first mention we have of him in the New Testament?
4. Where was he educated?
5. Discuss Paul as a persecutor of the church.
6. Discuss Paul's conversion.
7. Where was he converted?
8. Why did Jesus appear to him?
9. Who baptized Paul? How was he baptized?
10. Where did Paul first go after his first conversion?
11. Give the three chapters in Acts that record his conversion.
12. Trace Paul's first missionary tour.
13. Trace his second missionary tour.
14. Trace his third missionary tour.
15. Why was he arrested in Jerusalem?
16. How long did he remain as a prisoner?
17. Why was he called the apostle to the Gentiles?
18. Name the books of the New Testament Paul wrote.

Lesson 41—Cornelius

1. Who was Cornelius?
2. What shows that he was a good man morally?
3. Who appeared to him?

4. What did the angel command him to do?
5. What was Peter to do for him?
6. What occurred to Cornelius while Peter was preaching to him?
7. Why did the Holy Spirit come upon Cornelius?
8. Name the ordinary or common items of his conversion.
9. Name the extraordinary or miraculous items of it.
10. Why did the extraordinary things occur?
11. How did the divine agency bring Peter and Cornelius together?
12. What did Peter preach to Cornelius?
13. What did Cornelius do when Peter came to him? 14: Why was he baptized?
15. Did the baptism of the Holy Spirit make him a Christian? Why?
16. What distinction does Cornelius have?
17. Could he as a Christian continue his position in the Roman army? Why?
18. Why could not Cornelius be saved by his moral goodness?

Lesson 42—The Holy Spirit

1. Who is the Holy Spirit?
2. Name the three divine beings that constitute the Godhead.
3. Why should we regard the Holy Spirit as a person?
4. Who had the Holy Spirit without measure?
5. Give the two recorded instances of the baptism of the Holy Spirit.
6. What is the work of the Holy Spirit?
7. What is the gift of the Holy Spirit?
8. Name five miraculous gifts of the Holy Spirit.
9. How does the Holy Spirit convert sinners?
10. How does the Holy Spirit dwell in Christians?
11. How does the Holy Spirit make elders?
12. How does the Holy Spirit make intercession for Christians?
13. What is it to be born of water and the Spirit?
14. How may Christians walk by the Spirit?
15. How may Christians quench the Spirit?
16. Why does the Holy Spirit not enable people to work miracles today?

17. What is meant by the inspiration of the Scriptures?
18. How did the Holy Spirit guide in writing the Bible?

Lesson 43—Timothy

1. What does the name "Timothy" mean?
2. What is another way of spelling the name?
3. Who was Timothy's father?
4. Who were his mother and grandfather?
5. Where did Timothy live?
6. What had he been taught?
7. Who converted Timothy? When?
8. When did he join Paul in his missionary work?
9. How long did he remain with Paul?
10. How many letters did he join Paul in writing?
11. What letters did Paul write to Timothy?
12. What help did he render to Paul in preaching the gospel?
13. Why did Paul leave Timothy at Ephesus?
14. Why did Paul write his first letter to Timothy?
15. Why was the second letter written to Timothy?
16. Was Timothy inspired? How do you know?
17. How was Timothy to be an example to others?
18. In how many books of the New Testament is Timothy mentioned?

Lesson 44—Titus

1. What is the meaning of the name "Titus"?
2. Who was Titus?
3. What is the first mention we have of him in the New Testament?
4. Was Titus a Jew or Gentile? How do you know?
5. What journey did Titus make with Paul and Barnabas?
6. Why did he accompany Paul to Jerusalem?
7. Why was Titus sent to Corinth?
8. Why did he go to Macedonia?
9. Why did Paul send him again to Corinth?
10. For what purpose was he left in Crete?
11. Why did Paul write his letter to Titus?
12. When was this letter written to Titus?
13. What was Titus to do about false teachers?

14. Give the qualifications of elders as expressed to Titus.
15. In how many books of the New Testament is Titus mentioned?
16. Was Titus inspired? How do you know?
17. What did Paul teach Titus about obedience to rulers?
18. What did he teach him to teach other Christians about good works?

Lesson 45—Prayer

1. What is the meaning of prayer?
2. What are the conditions of acceptable prayer?
3. Through whom must we always pray?
4. For what may a Christian pray?
5. How does Christ condemn "formal prayers"?
6. What is the difference in "praying" and in "hearing a prayer"?
7. What is the difference in "praying" and "saying" a prayer"?
8. Is the posture of the body essential to acceptable prayer?
9. Must Christians understand for what they are praying? Why?
10. Give three reasons why some prayers are not acceptable.
11. Is prayer a condition of salvation to the alien sinner? Why?
12. Why must the Christian pray for forgiveness?
13. How does the Holy Spirit help Christians in praying?
14. Why must prayers be made in the name of Christ?
15. Must prayers always be uttered in words? Why?
16. For whom should Christians pray?
17. How do Christians know that their prayers are answered?
18. How is prayer a means of Christian growth?

Lesson 46—The Lord's Supper

1. Who gave the Lord's Supper? When?
2. Why was the supper given?
3. What do the two elements of the supper represent?
4. What names are given in the New Testament to it?
5. When should Christians eat the Lord's Supper?
6. Can one who is not a member of the body of Christ eat the Lord's Supper? Why?

7. Should the Lord's Supper be eaten more than once on the first day of the week? Why?
8. What is it to eat and drink condemnation to one's soul?
9. Should the bread always be unleavened bread? Why?
10. Does the New Testament teach the kind of "fruit of the vine" that should be used? Why?
11. Should the one officiating break the bread? Why?
12. Can one eat the Lord's Supper with leavened bread, grape juice or sweet wine? Why?
13. Can the Lord's Supper be eaten on any other day of the week than the first day? Why?
14. Do we commune with God or with each other in eating the Lord's Supper?
15. What is the purpose of the Lord's Supper retrospectively?
16. What is the purpose of the Lord's Supper prospectively?
17. Is it right to eat the Lord's Supper at home?
18. Can one eat the Lord's Supper alone?

Lesson 47—The Eldership

1. How is the church locally governed?
2. What is the organization of the church?
3. Can a church fill its mission without elders?
4. What are the qualifications of elders?
5. How many elders should a congregation have?
6. Can an old bachelor be an elder? Why?
7. What are the duties of elders?
8. How are elders appointed?
9. Can an elder resign?
10. Can a congregation make a man an elder if he has not the qualifications? Why?
11. Can a congregation keep one who has the qualifications from being an elder? Why?
12. Were all elders inspired in the New Testament? How do you know?
13. How can an elder disqualify himself?
14. How long should a scripturally qualified elder serve?
15. Should elders be elected by a popular vote of the church? Why not?
16. Can a congregation "oust" an elder?
17. How does the Holy Spirit make elders today?

18. How long will it take for a church to develop men qualified for the eldership?

Lesson 48—The Deacons

1. What does the word "deacon" mean?
2. Do all scriptural churches have deacons?
3. What are the duties of a deacon?
4. What are the qualifications of a deacon?
5. How do the qualifications of elders and deacons compare?
6. How are deacons appointed?
7. Can deacons resign? Why?
8. Can they be "ousted"? Why?
9. Can a congregation that has no elders have deacons?
10. Can a congregation have deaconesses? Why?
11. How many deacons should a church have?
12. Were deacons inspired in the New Testament?
13. Who were included in Paul's letter to the church at Philippi?
14. Who were the first deacons mentioned in the New Testament?
15. Must deacons be married? Why?
16. How are deacons related to the elders?
17. How may deacons disqualify themselves?
18. Should deacons meet with the elders in business meetings? Why?

Lesson 49—Forgiveness

1. What is meant by "forgiveness"?
2. What other words may be used as synonyms for it?
3. What are the conditions of forgiveness to the alien sinner?
4. Can the alien hope to be forgiven without these? Why?
5. What are the conditions of forgiveness to the erring Christian?
6. Why should one forgive the one who has done him wrong?
7. Can one forgive another before that one repents? Why?
8. What is the duty of the one wronged toward the wrongdoer?

9. If a brother sins against another what is the duty of the one sinned against?
10. If he will not repent what should the one wronged do next?
11. If not successful what is the next step?
12. What is the sin of neglect? How may it be forgiven?
13. Can one be forgiven of God if he does not forgive others? Why?
14. What is the difference between God's forgiving man and man's forgiving man?
15. How will the lack of a forgiving spirit hinder spiritual progress?
16. How will a failure to forgive disturb the peace of the church?
17. How should we treat one whom we have forgiven?
18. Does forgiveness include forgetting? Why?

Lesson 50—The Judgment

1. What is meant by the judgment?
2. Is the judgment going on now or is there a future day of judgment? Why?
3. What will be the judgment?
4. Who will be the judge?
5. Who will be judged?
6. How will all be judged?
7. For what will all be judged?
8. How will the word of God be used at the judgment?
9. Who keeps the record of our lives for the judgment?
10. Will mercy or justice triumph at the judgment?
11. How will angels be judged?
12. What books will be opened at the judgment?
13. How will the patriarchs be judged?
14. How will those who lived under the law of Moses be judged?
15. How will those who live under the law of Christ be judged?
16. Why will there be no appeal from the judgment?
17. What will Christ do at the judgment?
18. Will the Holy Spirit have anything to do at the judgment? What?

Lesson 51—Hell

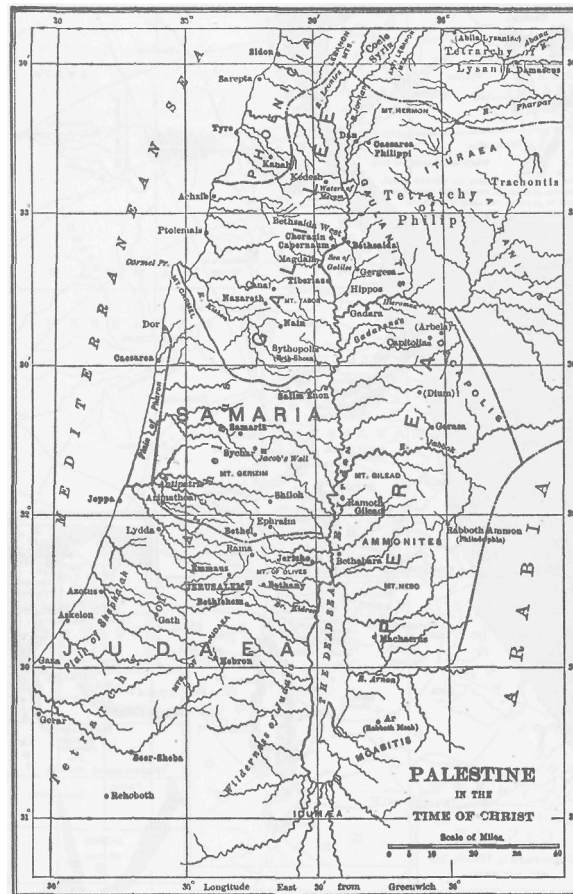
1. What is the meaning of "hell"?
2. What is the meaning of "Gehenna"?
3. What is the meaning of "Hades"?
4. What is the New Testament meaning of "Sheol"?
5. How many destinies for man?
6. How is eternal punishment described in the New Testament?
7. What is the difference between "eternal punishment" and "annihilation"?
8. What proof have we that there will be life after death?
9. What was the original purpose of hell?
10. Why will some be made to share with Satan the punishment of hell?
11. How do we know that hell will be eternal punishment?
12. How would you answer the argument that hell is contrary to the nature of God?
13. What is the broad way that leads to destruction?
14. What warnings has God given us about hell?
15. Will people be conscious between death and the judgment? How do you know?
16. Can man avoid going to destruction? How?
17. Why will God punish the wicked in hell? Will there be degrees of punishment?
18. Is hell literal or figurative? Why? Is it a place or a condition?

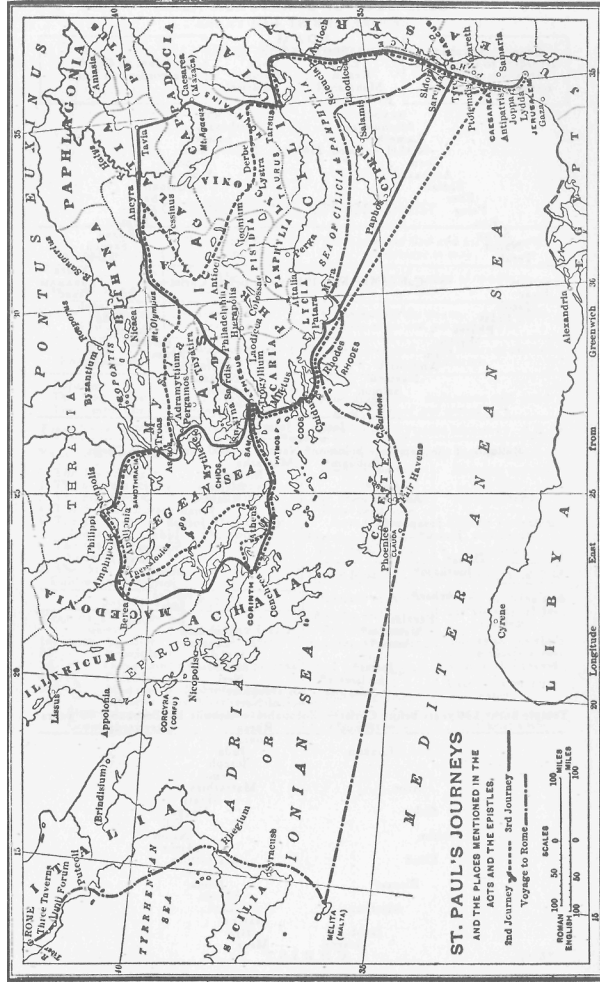
Lesson 52—Heaven

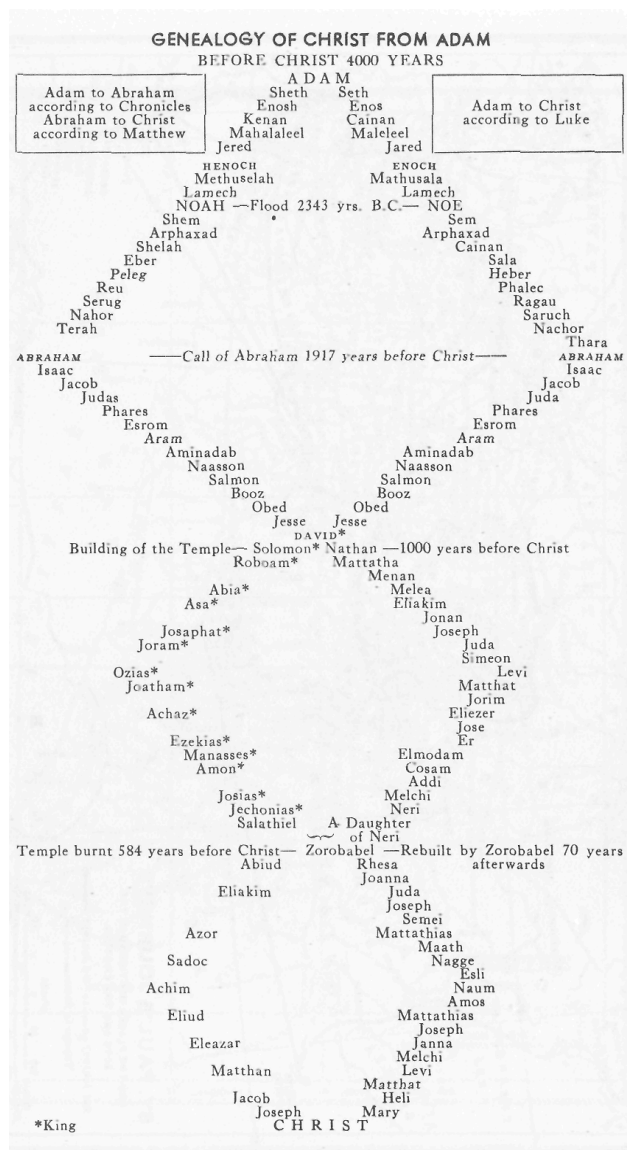
1. What is the meaning of "heaven"?
2. What other names are given to it?
3. Is heaven a place or a condition of the soul?
4. Where does God dwell?
5. Who are now with him?
6. Give a proof that there will be a future happy life.
7. Give a proof that heaven is eternal.
8. How do we know that there is no sin there?
9. How do we know there will be no pain and suffering there?
10. Why will there be no death there?
11. What will be the ruling principle there?
12. Will people be idle in heaven? How do you know?

13. What will people do in heaven?
14. Will there be worship in heaven? Why?
15. Will people know each other in heaven as they know each other on earth?
16. How is heaven described in Revelation?
17. Will there be degrees of enjoyment in heaven?
18. How may all finally enjoy heaven?









OUTLINE OF THE LIFE OF CHRIST

PRE-EXISTENCE	The eternal Son of God	<i>Fitness to reveal God and his truth, and message to man</i>	
BIRTH last part of B. C. 5	The incarnation	<i>The wonderful method of coming to man</i>	
YOUTH, 30 years B. C. 4 to 26	Home life training	<i>The Saviour for the young. An example "Like as we are, yet without sin"</i>	
THE FORERUNNER	Outward preparation for his work	<i>The world prepared. The fitness of the time. Attracting attention</i>	
Baptism The Holy Spirit The temptation	Personal preparation	<i>Public profession. Induement with power Tested and proved</i>	
FIRST YEAR OF PUBLIC MINISTRY, A. D. 27		THIRD YEAR OF PUBLIC MINISTRY, A. D. 29	
YEAR OF BEGINNINGS	THE JUDEAN MINISTRY Recorded chiefly by John	YEAR OF TEACHING AND WORKING	
1. The first disciples		Feeding the five thousand	Districts around Galilee
2. The first miracle		The Transfiguration Final departure from Galilee	May-September
3. The first reform			Chiefly Jerusalem and Perea
4. The first discourse		The Good Samaritan	Oct.-Dec.
5. The first tour. Judea		The Prodigal Son	
6. The first work in Samaria			
7. The first of the Galilean ministry		THREE MOS. OF CLOSING MINISTRY, A. D. 30	
SECOND YEAR, A. D. 28			
YEAR OF DEVELOPMENT	THE GREAT GALILEAN MINISTRY was a year and 4 months Recorded chiefly by Matthew, Mark, and Luke	January to April	Chiefly in Perea and the vicinity of Jerusalem
1st epoch. Apostles		Raising of Lazarus	
2d " Principles		Triumphal entry	
3d " Opposition		Last teachings in the temple	More than one third of the Gospels belong to this period
4th " Parables		The Lord's Supper	
5th " Missions		The trial	Last week in Jerusalem
6th " Miracles illustrating the Gospel		The Crucifixion The Resurrection The Ascension	The central events of Christ's life

CHRONOLOGY AND HARMONY OF THE LIFE OF CHRIST

John the Baptist	EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
	THE CHILDHOOD OF JESUS. FROM B.C. 5 TO A.D. 26						
	The Eternal Son of God						1: 1-14
	Birth of John the Baptist	Hebron?	June B.C. 5			1: 56-80	
	Birth of Jesus	Bethlehem	Dec. B.C. 5	1: 18-25		2: 1-20	
	Childhood of Jesus	Nazareth		2: 1-23		2: 21-52	
	PREPARATIONS. FROM SUMMER OF A.D. 26 TILL MARCH A.D. 28						
	Ministry of John the Baptist, 6 months before and a year and three months parallel with Jesus' ministry	Wilderness of Judea	Began in A.D. 26 Summer	3: 1-12	1: 1-8	3: 1-18	1: 15-31
	Baptism and Temptation of Jesus	"	A.D. 27 January	3: 13 4: 1-12	1: 9-13	3: 21 4: 1-13	1: 32-34
	FIRST YEAR OF JESUS' MINISTRY. A.D. 27. YEAR OF BEGINNINGS						
Judean Ministry	First disciples	By the Jordan	February				1: 35-51
	First miracle, at a wedding	Cana of Galilee	"				2: 1-11
	First cleansing of the temple, at his first Passover	Jerusalem	April				2: 13-25
	Discourse to Nicodemus	"	"				3: 1-21
	Ministry in Judea	Judea	Summer & Autumn				3: 22-24
	Return to Galilee through Samaria	Samaria	December				4: 1-42
	Discourse to woman of Sychar	Canana and Capernaum	"				4: 43-54
	Healing of nobleman's son	"	"				4: 43-54
	SECOND YEAR. A.D. 28. YEAR OF DEVELOPMENT						
Galilean Ministry	Imprisonment of John the Baptist	Macherus	March	14: 3-5	6: 17-20	3: 19-20	
	Second Passover. Healing at Pool of Bethesda and discourses	Jerusalem	March 30 to April 5				5: 1-47
	Return to Galilee. Preaching and miracles	Galilee	April	4: 12-17		4: 14-15	
	First rejection at Nazareth	Nazareth	"			4: 16-32	
	Removal to Capernaum	Nazareth	"			4: 16-32	
	The miraculous draught of fishes	Sea of Galilee	"	4: 18-22 8: 14-17	1: 16-20 1: 21-39	5: 1-11 4: 33-44	
	Various miracles	Capernaum	"				

Chronology and Harmony of the Life of Christ—(Continued)

		EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
GREAT GALILEAN MINISTRY. A year and nine months John in prison, a year		First circuit of Galilee	Galilee	April and May	8: 33-35	1: 39	4: 43-44	-----
		Healing a paralytic	Capernaum	May, June	9: 1-8	2: 1-12	5: 17-26	-----
		The call of Matthew	Near Capernaum	"	9: 9	2: 13-14	5: 27-28	-----
		Discourse on the Sabbath	"	"	12: 1-8	2: 23-28	6: 1-5	-----
		The man with withered hand	"	"	12: 9-14	3: 1-6	6: 6-11	-----
		Calling of the twelve	Horns of Hattin	Mid-summer	10: 2-4	3: 13-19	6: 12-19	-----
		The sermon on the Mount	"	"	Chaps. 5, 6, 7	-----	6: 20-49	-----
		Healing of the centurion's servant	Capernaum	"	8: 5-13	-----	7: 1-10	-----
		Raising of the widow's son	Nain	"	-----	-----	7: 11-17	-----
		John the Baptist sends to Jesus	Galilee	"	11: 2-19	-----	7: 18-35	-----
		Warnings and invitations	Capernaum	"	11: 20-30	-----	-----	-----
		The woman, a sinner. The two debtors	-----	"	-----	-----	7: 36-50	-----
		Another tour of Galilee	Galilee	Autumn	-----	-----	8: 1-3	-----
		Healing of a blind and dumb demoniac	Capernaum	"	12: 22-37	3: 22-26	11: 14-23	-----
		Interference by his mother and brethren	"	"	12: 46-50	3: 31-35	8: 19-21	-----
		Eight parables by the seaside	By Sea of Galilee	"	13: 1-53	4: 1-34	8: 4-18	-----
		Stilling of the tempest	On Sea of Galilee	"	8: 18-27	4: 35-41	8: 22-25	-----
		Restoration of the demoniac	Gergesa	"	8: 28-34	5: 1-20	8: 26-40	-----
		Matthew's feast	Capernaum	"	9: 10-17	2: 15-22	5: 29-39	-----
		Jairus' daughter raised to life; woman cured	"	"	9: 18-26	5: 22-43	8: 41-56	-----
		Cure of two blind men and a dumb possessed	"	"	9: 27-34	-----	-----	-----
		THIRD YEAR. A.D. 29. YEAR OF TEACHING AND WORKING						
Death of John		Second rejection at Nazareth	Nazareth	Winter	13: 54-58	6: 1-6	-----	-----
		Third circuit of Galilee	Galilee	"	9: 35-38	6: 6	-----	-----
		The mission of the twelve	"	Winter and Spring	10: 1-42	6: 7-13	9: 1-6	-----
		John the Baptist beheaded	Castle Macherus	March	14: 6-12	6: 21-29	-----	-----
		Feeding of the five thousand	Near Bethsaida	April	14: 13-21	6: 32-44	9: 10-17	6: 1-14
		Jesus walks on the sea	Sea of Galilee	"	14: 22-36	6: 45-56	-----	6: 15-21

Chronology and Harmony of the Life of Christ—(Continued)

	EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
GALILEAN MINISTRY	Discourses	Capernaum	April	15: 1-20	7: 1-23		6: 22-71
	Journeys in Tyre, Sidon, and Decapolis		May and June	15: 21	7: 24-31		
	Daughter of Syrophenician woman healed	Region of Tyre and Sidon		15: 21-28	7: 24-30		
	Deaf and dumb man cured, and others	Decapolis		15: 29-38	7: 31-8: 9		
	Blind man healed	Bethsaida			8: 22-26		
	Jesus foretells his death	Cesarea Philippi	Summer	16: 13-28	8: 27-38	9: 18-27	
	The Transfiguration	Mt. Hermon	"	17: 1-13	9: 2-13	9: 28-36	
	Healing of the lunatic child	Cesarea Philippi	"	17: 14-21	9: 14-29	9: 37-43	
	Journey through Galilee. Tribute money	Galilee	Autumn	17: 22 to 18: 35	9: 30-50	9: 43-50	
	Christ at the Feast of Tabernacles	Jerusalem	October 11				7: 1-53
	The true children of God	"	"				8: 1-59
	Christ and the blind man	"	"				9: 1-41
	Christ the Good Shepherd	"	"				10: 1-21
	Final departure from Galilee		"	19: 1	10: 1	9: 51	
	Sending of the seventy	Perea	November			10: 1-24	
	Parable of the Good Samaritan	"	"			10: 25-37	
	Teaching the disciples to pray	"	"			11: 1-13	
	Parable of the foolish rich man					12: 13-21	
PEREAN MINISTRY	Discourses by the way					Chaps. 11, 12	
	Healing a sick woman on the Sabbath, and various discourses	Perea	Nov. and December			13: 1-35	
	Mary & Martha	Bethany	December			10: 38-42	
	Feast of Dedication and discourses	Jerusalem	"				10: 22-39
	Retires to place where he was baptized	Bethabara beyond Jordan	December and January				10: 39-42
	Dines with a Pharisee, and discourses	Perea, vicinity of Bethabara	December			14: 1-24	
	Discourses and parables, the lost sheep, the prodigal son	Perea	"			14: 25 to 17: 10	

Chronology and Harmony of the Life of Christ—(Continued)

	EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
PEREAN MINISTRY	FOURTH YEAR. A.D. 30. THREE MONTHS						
	Raising of Lazarus from the dead	Bethany	January or February				11: 7-46
	Jesus retires to Ephraim on account of hostility of the Jews	Jerusalem and Ephraim	"				11: 47-54
	Leaves Ephraim and goes between Samaria and Galilee, toward Jerusalem		February, March			17: 11	
	The ten lepers	Between Samaria and Galilee	"			17: 12-19	
	The kingdom of God	"	"			17: 20-37	
	Parables on prayer	"	"			18: 1-14	
	Jesus and the children	Perea	"	19: 13-15	10: 13-16	18: 15-17	
	The rich young ruler	"	"	19: 16-30	10: 17-31	18: 18-30	
	Parable of laborers in the vineyard	"	"	20: 1-16			
	Jesus announces his death	"	"	20: 17-19	10: 32-34	18: 31-34	
	Petition of Salome and her sons	"	"	20: 20-28	10: 35-45		
	Bartimeus receives his sight	Jericho	"	20: 29-34	10: 46-52	18: 35-43	
	Zaccheus the publican	"	"			19: 1-10	
	Parable of the pounds	"				19: 11-28	
PASSION WEEK. A.D. 30. APRIL 1 TO 7							
Sat.	Supper at Bethany	Bethany	Sat., Apr. 1				12: 1-11
	Anointing of Jesus by Mary	"	"				12: 1-11
Sun.	The triumphal entry	Jerusalem	Sun., Apr. 2	21: 1-11	11: 1-11	19: 29-44	12: 12-19
Mon.	The 2nd cleansing of the temple	"	Monday, April 3	21: 12-17	11: 15-19	19: 45-48	
Tues.	The withered fig tree	Mt. of Olives	Tuesday, April 4	21: 18-22	11: 20-26		
	Parables of two sons, the wicked husbandmen, and the wedding garment	In the temple at Jerusalem	"	21: 23 to 22: 14	11: 27 to 12: 12	20: 1-19	
	The widow's mite	"	"		12: 41-44	21: 1-4	
	Greek delegation to see Jesus	"	"				12: 20-50

Chronology and Harmony of the Life of Christ—(Continued)

	EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
Tues.	Prophecies of the destruction of Jerusalem & the end of the world.	Mt. of Olives		24: 1-51	13: 1-37	21: 5-36	
Wed.	Parables of ten virgins, talents, last judgment.			25: 1-46			
Thur.	Rest in Bethany. Preparing for last Passover.	Jerusalem	We., Apr. 5 Thursday, April 6	26: 17-19	14: 12-17	22: 7-14	
	Institution of the Lord's Supper.	"	Thursday Evening, April 6	26: 20-19	14: 22-25	22: 15-38	13: 1-38
	Jesus' last discourse.	"	"				14: 1 to 16: 33
	Jesus' last public prayer.	"	"				17: 1-26
Fri.	The agony in Gethsemane.	Mt. of Olives	April 7:— Fri. Morn., early	26: 37-46	14: 33-42	22: 41-46	
	The betrayal of Jesus.	"	between 1 & 2 o'clock	26: 47-56	14: 43-52	22: 47-53	18: 1-12
	Trial of Jesus by the Jews.	Jerusalem	2-6 A.M.	26: 57-75	14: 53-72	22: 54-71	18: 13-14
	Peter's denials and repentance.	"	" "	26: 69-75	14: 66-72	22: 56-62	18: 15-18
	Jesus before Pilate.	"	6-9 "	27: 2-26	15: 2-15	23: 2-25	18: 25-27 18: 28-40
	Jesus mocked by the Roman soldiers.	"	7-9 "	27: 27-30	15: 16-19		19: 1-3
	Jesus delivered to be crucified.	"	8-9 "	27: 31-34	15: 20-21	23: 26-32	19: 4-17
	The crucifixion.	Calvary	9 A.M.—3 P.M.	27: 35-56	15: 24-41	23: 33-49	19: 18-30
	The burial.	Garden near Calvary	3-6 P.M.	27: 57-66	15: 42-47	23: 50-56	19: 31-42
RESURRECTION TO ASCENSION. A.D. 30. APRIL 9 TO MAY 18							
RESURRECTION DAYS	THE RESURRECTION.	"	Sun., Apr. 9	28: 2-4			
	Mary Magdalene and the other women come to embalm Christ.	Sepulchre	Sunday, April 9, early	28: 1, 2	16: 1-4	24: 1, 2	20: 1
	Jesus appears to Mary Magdalene.	"	"		16: 9		20: 11-17
	Appears to the other women.	"	"	28: 9, 10			
	Christ appears to Peter (1 Cor. 15: 5).						
	Christ appears to two disciples on their way to Emmaus.	Between Jerusalem and Emmaus	Sunday Afternoon, April 9		16: 12-13	24: 13-35	
	Christ appears to the apostles, Thomas being absent.	Jerusalem	April 9, Sunday Evening		16: 14	24: 36-43	20: 19-25

Chronology and Harmony of the Life of Christ—(Continued)

	EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
RESURRECTION DAYS	Christ appears again, Thomas being present. He appears to seven of them as they fish in Sea of Galilee. To the eleven on a mountain...	Sea of Galilee	April 16, Sunday Evening				20: 26-29
	Christ appears to 500 disciples on a mountain in Galilee (1 Cor. 15: 6)...	Galilee	April or May				21: 1-24
	He was seen of James (1 Cor. 15: 7)...	"		28: 16-20	16: 15-18		
	THE ASCENSION.	Jerusalem Mount of Olives	May 18				
					16: 19, 20	24: 44-53	

TABLE OF THE TWELVE APOSTLES

NAME	SURNAME	HOME	BUSINESS	WRITINGS	WORK	DEATH
(SIMON	Peter } — <i>Rock</i>	Early life in Bethsaida, afterwards at Capernaum	Fisherman	1 Peter	A missionary among the Jews as far as Babylon and Rome	Crucified head downward, at Rome. <i>Tradition</i>
ANDREW	Cephas }		Fisherman	2 Peter (Mark?)		
(JAMES, the elder	{ Boanerges, or Sons of Thunder	Bethsaida and afterwards in Jerusalem	Fisherman		Preached at Scythia, Greece, and Asia Minor. <i>Tradition</i>	Crucified on St. Andrew's Cross (X). <i>Tradition</i>
JOHN, the beloved disciple			Fisherman	Gospel 3 Epistles Revelation	Preached in Jerusalem and Judea	Beheaded by Herod, A.D. 44, at Jerusalem
(JAMES, the less or younger		Galilee		(Epistle of James?)	Labored among the churches of Asia Minor, especially Ephesus	Banished to Patmos, A.D. 95. Recalled; died a natural death. <i>Tradition</i>
JUDE	Same as Thaddeus and Lebbeus	Galilee		Epistle of Jude	Preached in Palestine and Egypt. (Bishop of Jerusalem?)	Crucified in Egypt; or by another tradition, thrown from a pinnacle. <i>Tradition</i>
PHILIP		Galilee			Preached in Assyria and Persia. <i>Tradition</i>	Martyred in Persia. <i>Tradition</i>
BARTHOLOMEW	Nathanael	Bethsaida			Preached in Phrygia	Died martyr at Hierapolis, in Phrygia. <i>Tradition</i>
MATTHEW	Levi	Cana of Galilee	Tax collector. Publican	Gospel		Flayed to death. <i>Tradition</i>
THOMAS	Didymus	Capernaum				Died a martyr in Ethiopia. <i>Tradition</i>
		Galilee			Claimed by the Syrian Christians as founder of their church; perhaps also in Persia and India	Martyred. Shot by a shower of arrows while at prayer. <i>Tradition</i>
SIMON	The Cananaean, or Zelotes	Galilee				Crucified. <i>Tradition</i>
JUDAS	Iscaariot	Kerioth of Judea				Suicide

Antipater, of Idumean descent, appointed Procurator of Judea by Julius Caesar, B.C. 47, married Cypros, an Arabian.

<p>Antipater, of Idumean descent, appointed Procurator of Judea by Julius Caesar, B.C. 47, married Cypros, an Arabian</p>		<p>Antipater, of Idumean descent, appointed Procurator of Judea by Julius Caesar, B.C. 47, married Cypros, an Arabian</p>	
<p>Phasael and Herod married <i>Doris</i>----- <i>Mariamne</i>, grand-d. Hyrcanus.</p>		<p><i>Mariamne</i>, grand-d. Hyrcanus.</p>	
<p>Sons of Herod: Antipater, (put to death by his father, B.C. 4)</p>		<p>Aristobulus, (put to death by his father, B.C. 6)</p>	
<p>Salome, d. of Herod I</p>		<p><i>Bernice</i>, d. of Aristobulus, sister of Herod I</p>	
<p>Herod (king of Chalcis) d. A.D. 48</p>		<p>HEROD AGRIPPA I 5 (succ. to tetrarchy of H. Philip II, A.D. 37)</p>	
<p>(2) <i>Bernice</i>, d. of Aristobulus, m. <i>Salome</i>, d. of Herodias by Philip I</p>		<p>Judea and Samaria added, A.D. 41</p>	
<p><i>Cypros</i>, grand-daughter of Phasael d. A.D. 44</p>		<p>m. <i>Cypros</i>, grand-daughter of Phasael d. A.D. 44</p>	
<p>AGRIPPA II 6 (king of Chalcis, A.D. 48-53) succ. to tetrarchy of Philip II, A.D. 53-100 the last prince of the line</p>		<p>BERNICE (or Bernice), m. Herod king of Chalcis, after whose death she returned for a time to her brother (Acts 25: 13, 23; 26: 30)</p>	
<p>¹ <i>Herod the King</i> (Matt. 2: 1, 3; Luke 1: 5); <i>Herod</i> (Matt. 2: 12, 19, 22); <i>The King</i> (Matt. 2: 9).</p>		<p>² <i>Philip</i> (Matt. 14: 3; Mark 6: 17; Luke 3: 19); ³ <i>Herod the Tetrarch</i> (Matt. 14: 3; Mark 6: 16-22; Luke 3: 19; 8: 3; 9: 9; 23: 7-12, 15; Acts 4: 27); ⁴ <i>The King</i> (14: 9; Mark 6: 13, 23-27); ⁵ <i>King Herod</i> (Mark 6: 14).</p>	
<p>⁶ <i>Herod the King</i>, <i>Herod</i> (Acts 12).</p>		<p>⁷ <i>Herod the King</i>, <i>Herod</i> (Acts 12).</p>	
<p>⁸ <i>King Agrippa</i>, <i>Agrippa</i> (Acts 25: 13, etc.; 26: 1, etc.).</p>		<p>⁹ <i>Agrippa</i>, d. A.D. 79</p>	
<p>[Several names, both of wives and of descendants, have been omitted in this table, but those given will suffice to elucidate the New Testament history.]</p>		<p>HEROD ANTIPAS,³ (Ethnarch of Judea, Idumea and Samaria (cp. Matt. 16: 13; Mark 8: 27) Deposed and banished, A.D. 6</p>	
<p>HEROD PHILIP I,² m. <i>Herodias</i> (l. in private station) Salome, m. <i>Bernice</i>, d. of Herod I</p>		<p>HEROD ANTIPAS,³ (Ethnarch of Judea, Idumea and Samaria (cp. Matt. 16: 13; Mark 8: 27) Deposed and banished, A.D. 6</p>	
<p>HEROD PHILIP II,⁴ m. <i>Salome</i>, (Tetrarch of Iturea d. of Herodias by Philip I</p>		<p>HEROD PHILIP II,⁴ m. <i>Salome</i>, (Tetrarch of Iturea d. of Herodias by Philip I</p>	

CHRONOLOGY OF MATTHEW

EVENTS	PLACES	DATES	REFERENCES
Birth of Jesus Christ.....	Bethlehem	Dec., B.C. 5	Matt. 1: 18-25
Christ's first Passover.....	Jerusalem	April, A.D. 8	Luke 2: 41-50
Baptism of Jesus.....	Jordan	Jan., A.D. 27	Matt. 3: 13-17
Temptation of Jesus.....	Wilderness of Judaea	Jan.-Feb., 27	Matt. 4: 1-11
First year of Christ's ministry....	Judaea-Galilee	A.D., 27	John 1-4
Beginning of Galilean ministry....	Capernaum	April-May, 27	Matt. 4: 12-25
Sermon on the Mount.....	Horns of Hat- tin	Midsummer A.D., 28	Matt. 5, 6, 7
Many miracles.....	Galilee	A.D., 28	Matt. 8: 1-9, 34
The twelve sent forth.....	Galilee	Winter, 29	Matt. 9: 35-11:1
Christ's testimony concerning himself.....	Galilee	Summer, Autumn, 28	Matt. 11: 2— 12: 50
Parables of the kingdom.....	By Sea of Galilee	Autumn, 28	Matt. 13: 1-52
The Syrophenician mother.....	Region of Tyre and Sidon	Summer, 29	Matt. 15: 21-31
Peter's confession of faith.....	Near Caesarea- Philippi	Summer, 29	Matt. 16: 13-20
Jesus foretells his death and resur- rection.....	Near Caesarea- Philippi	Summer, 29	Matt. 16: 21— 17: 27
Jesus and the children.....	Capernaum	Summer, 29	Matt. 18: 1-14 (19: 13-15)
Jesus teaches forgiveness.....	Capernaum	Summer, 29	Matt. 18: 15-35
The rich young ruler.....	Perea	March, 30	Matt. 19: 16-30
Christ's standard of greatness.....	Perea	March, 30	Matt. 20: 17-28
The triumphal entry.....	Jerusalem	Sun., Apr. 2, 30	Matt. 21: 1-14
Christianity and patriotism.....	Temple at Jerusalem	Tues., Apr. 4	Matt. 22: 15-40
The future of the kingdom.....	Mt. of Olives	Tues., Apr. 4	Matt. 25: 1-13
The last judgment.....	Mt. of Olives	Tues., Apr. 4	Matt. 25: 31-46
The last supper.....	Jerusalem	Thu., Apr. 6	Matt. 26: 17-29
The struggle in Gethsemane.....	Mt. of Olives	Thu., Apr. 6	Matt. 26: 31-46
The trials of Jesus.....	Jerusalem	Fri., Apr. 7	Matt. 27: 1-32
The crucifixion of Jesus.....	Jerusalem	Fri., Apr. 7	Matt. 27: 33-50
Jesus rises from the dead.....	Jerusalem	Sun., Apr. 9	Matt. 28: 1-20

CHRONOLOGY OF MARK

EVENTS	PLACES	DATES	REFERENCES
Ministry of John the Baptist.....	Wilderness of Judea	26	Mark 1: 1-11
Jesus begins his work.....	Galilee	27	Mark 1: 12-20
Jesus preaching and healing.....	Capernaum	28	Mark 1: 21-45
Jesus heals the paralytic.....	Capernaum	June, 28	Mark 2: 1-12
Jesus and the Sabbath.....	Capernaum	June, 28	Mark 2: 13-3: 6
Calling of the twelve.....	Horns of Hattin	Midsummer 28	Mark 3: 7-35
Parable of the sower.....	Sea of Galilee	Autumn, 28	Mark 4: 1-20
Parables of growth.....	Sea of Galilee	Autumn, 28	Mark 4: 21-34
The Gadarene demoniacs.....	Gergesa	Autumn, 28	Mark 5: 1-20
Raising the daughter of Jairus.....	Capernaum	Autumn, 28	Mark 5: 21-43
Feeding the five thousand.....	Bethsaida	April, 29	Mark 6: 30-46
The Syrophenician mother.....	Near Tyre and Sidon	Summer, 29	Mark 7: 24-37
Peter's confession of faith.....	Near Caesarea Philippi	Summer, 29	Mark 8: 27-38
The transfiguration.....	Mt. Hermon	Summer, 29	Mark 9: 2-29
Jesus and the children.....	Capernaum	Summer, 29	Mark 9: 33-43
The rich young ruler.....	Perea	March, 30	Mark 10: 13-27
Request of James and John.....	Perea	March, 30	Mark 10: 32-45
The triumphal entry.....	Jerusalem	Sun., Apr. 2, 30	Mark 11: 1-33
Debate in the temple.....	Jerusalem	Tues., Apr. 4	Mark 12: 1-44
The anointing of Jesus.....	Bethany	Sat., Apr. 1	Mark 14: 1-9
The last supper.....	Jerusalem	Thu., Apr. 6	Mark 14: 17-31
The crucifixion.....	Jerusalem	Fri., Apr. 7	Mark 15
The resurrection.....	Jerusalem	Sun., Apr. 9	Mark 16
The ascension.....	Mt. of Olives	Thu., May 18	
Pentecost.....	Jerusalem	Sun., May 28	

CHRONOLOGY OF LUKE

EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	REFERENCES
Birth of John the Baptist.....	Judea	June, B.C. 5	Luke 1: 57-80
Birth of Jesus.....	Bethlehem	Dec., B.C. 5	Luke 2: 1-7
Childhood of Jesus.....	Nazareth	B.C. 2-A.D. 26	Luke 2: 39, 40, 51, 52
Christ's first Passover.....	Jerusalem	April, A.D. 8	Luke 2: 41-50
Ministry of John the Baptist.....	Wilderness	A.D. 26-28	Luke 3: 1-18
Baptism of Jesus.....	Jordan	Jan., A.D. 27	Luke 3: 21-23
Temptation of Jesus.....	Wilderness	Jan.-Feb., 27	Luke 4: 1-13
Simon's wife's mother.....	Capernaum	April, 28	Luke 4: 38, 39
Healing a leper.....	Galilee	May, 28	Luke 5: 12-16
The Sermon on the Mount.....	Horns of Hattin	Midsummer, 28	Luke 6: 20-49
The Friend of sinners.....	Galilee	Midsummer, 28	Luke 7: 36-50
Parable of the sower.....	Galilee	Autumn, 28	Luke 8: 1-15
The twelve sent forth.....	Galilee	Winter, 29	Luke 9: 1-6
Death of John the Baptist.....	Macherus	March, 29	Luke 9: 7-9
The transfiguration.....	Philippi	Summer, 29	Luke 9: 28-36
Mission of the seventy.....	Perea	Nov., Dec., 29	Luke 10: 1-24
Parable of the good Samaritan.....	Perea	Nov., Dec., 29	Luke 10: 25-37
Guest of Mary and Martha.....	Bethany	Nov., Dec., 29	Luke 10: 38-42
Answering the Pharisees.....	Perea	Nov., Dec., 29	Luke 11: 42-54
Parables of stewardship.....	Perea	Nov., Dec., 29	Luke 12: 1-59
Parable of chief seats.....	Perea	Jan., 30	Luke 14: 7-14
The prodigal son.....	Perea	Jan., 30	Luke 15: 11-32
The rich man and Lazarus.....	Perea	Jan., 30	Luke 16: 19-31
Parables of prayer.....	Perea	March, 30	Luke 18: 1-14
Christ blesses little children.....	Perea	March, 30	Luke 18: 15-17
Visit to Zaccheus.....	Jericho	March, 30	Luke 19: 1-10
Parable of the pounds.....	Jericho	March, 30	Luke 19: 11-27
The triumphal entry.....	Jerusalem	Sun., Apr. 2, 30	Luke 19: 29-44
Cleansing the temple.....	Jerusalem	Mon., Apr. 3	Luke 19: 45-48
Teaching in the temple.....	Jerusalem	Tues., Apr. 4	Luke 20: 1-47
Jesus in retirement.....	Bethany	Wed., Apr. 5	
The last supper.....	Jerusalem	Thu., Apr. 6	Luke 22: 1-38
Jesus in Gethsemane.....	Mt. of Olives	Thu., Apr. 6	Luke 22: 39-53
Tried by the Sanhedrin.....	Jerusalem	Fri., Apr. 7	Luke 22: 54-71
Tried by Pilate and Herod.....	Jerusalem	Fri., Apr. 7	Luke 23: 1-25
Christ crucified.....	Jerusalem	Fri., Apr. 7	Luke 23: 26-56
Christ rises from the dead.....	Jerusalem	Sun., Apr. 9	Luke 24: 1-49
Christ ascends to heaven.....	Bethany	Thu., May 18	Luke 24: 50-53

CHRONOLOGY OF THE GOSPEL OF JOHN

EVENTS	PLACE	DATES	REFERENCES
The Eternal Son of God.....	Bethlehem	B.C. 5	John 1: 1-5
The Word made flesh. Birth of Jesus.....			John 1: 9-14
Witness of John the Baptist.....	Jordan	A.D. 26	John 1: 6-8
Jesus and John the Baptist.....			John 1: 15-34

FIRST YEAR—A.D. 27—OF JESUS' MINISTRY. JUDEA

Jesus' first disciples.....	Jordan	February	John 1: 35-51
The wedding at Cana.....	Cana	February	John 2: 1-12
Cleansing the temple.....	Jerusalem	April	John 2: 13-22
Interview with Nicodemus.....	Jerusalem	April	John 3: 1-21
Jesus and the woman of Samaria.....	Sychar	December	John 4: 1-29
Healing the nobleman's son.....	Capernaum	December	John 4: 43-54

SECOND YEAR—A.D. 28—OF JESUS' MINISTRY

Healing at the Pool of Bethesda and discourses.....	Jerusalem	March or Apr.	John 5: 1-47
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THIRD YEAR—A.D. 29—THE PEREAN MINISTRY

Jesus feeds five thousand.....	Bethsaida.....	April	John 6: 1-21
Jesus the bread of life.....	Capernaum	April	John 6: 22-46
Jesus saves from sin.....	Jerusalem		John 8: 1-59
Jesus the way, truth, life.....	Jerusalem		John 14: 1-14
Jesus gives sight to the blind.....	Jerusalem	October	John 9: 1-41
Raises Lazarus from the dead.....	Bethany	Feb., A.D. 30	John 11: 1-44
Jesus the good shepherd.....	Jerusalem	October	John 10: 1-18

THREE MONTHS—A.D. 30—PASSION WEEK. APRIL 1-7

Jesus anointed at Bethany.....	Bethany	April 1	John 12: 1-21
Triumphal entry.....	On the way to Jerusalem	April 2	John 12: 12-26
Institution of the Lord's Supper.....	Jerusalem	April 6	John 13: 1-38
Jesus the true vine. Discourse at the supper.....	Jerusalem	April 6	John 15: 1-16
Discourses after supper.....	Jerusalem	April 6	John 15: 26-16: 33
Jesus' last public prayer.....	Jerusalem	April 6	John 17: 1-26
Jesus betrayed, denied, and condemned.....	Jerusalem	April 7	John 18: 1-40
Jesus crucified.....	Calvary	April 7	John 19: 1-42
Jesus raised from the dead.....	Garden near Calvary	Sun., April 9	John 20: 1-29
Many witnesses of his return to life.....	Jerusalem and Galilee	April and May	John 21: 1-24

CHRONOLOGY OF THE ACTS

PERIOD	DATE A.D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY, A.D.	Recent Schemes of the Chronology of Acts			
						Hastings' B.D.	Ramsay	Harnack	McGiffert
JESUS, THE FOUNDATION OF THE CHURCH	B.C. 5 to A.D. 30, April 30, Apr., May 30, May 18		Life of Christ.	Palestine	PAUL born B.C. 1 Augustus Caesar, 30 B.C.-14 A.D. Tiberius A.D. 14-37				
		1: 1-12	Crucifixion.	Jerusalem	Pontius Pilate, 26-36				
			Resurrection Days—40 days, 10 appearances. Ascension.	Galilee Bethany	PAUL enters public life A.D. 29, age 30				
COMMISSION TO THE APOSTLES	30	1: 8	Commission to preach the gospel and witness to Jesus the Christ unto all the world.	Bethany		20-30	30	29-30	30
THE POWER GIVEN		1: 13-14	Waiting for the promise of the Father.	Jerusalem, in an upper room	Seneca, 4 B.C.-65 A.D. Essays and Tragedies			29-30	30
	1: 15-26	Election of Matthias to take the place of Judas.	Jerusalem					29 or 30	30
	2: 1-4	Descent of the Holy Spirit	Jerusalem						
I THE CHURCH AT JERUSALEM		2: 5-13	The gift of tongues						
	2: 14-36	Peter's address.							
	2: 37-41	The first converts; 3,000 in number.						29 or 30	30
	2: 42-47	Description of the early church.							
	2: 44-45	The community of goods.							
	3: 1-10	The lame man healed in the temple.							
	3: 11-26	Second address by Peter.							

Chronology of the Acts—(Continued)

PERIOD	DATE A.D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY, A.D.	Recent Schemes of the Chronology of Acts		
						Hastings, B.D.	Ramsay	McGiffert
GROWTH OF THE CHURCH AT JERUSALEM	30	4: 1-22	The first persecution. Peter and John imprisoned.	Jerusalem				
	"	4: 23-35	A fresh baptism of the Spirit.	"		30		
	"	4: 36-37	Barnabas and his gifts.	"				
	30	5: 1-11	Ananias and Sapphira.	"		to		
	to	5: 12-16	Signs and wonders. Healing the sick.	"		35		
First church organization. Five or six years of undisturbed growth	34	5: 17-42	Great increase in number of disciples. Second persecution. Apostles imprisoned. Release. Re-arrest. Address to the Sanhedrin.	"				
	"	6: 1-4	A difficulty between Hebrews and Hellenists.	"				
		6: 5, 6	Deacons appointed to remedy the difficulty. The first church organization.	"				
	35 to 36							
SUMMARY OF FIRST PERIOD		6: 7	GREAT INCREASE IN NUMBERS.	Jerusalem				
II Beginning of opposition	35 to 36	6: 8-15	Stephen. Character, work, arrest.	Jerusalem	Pilate sent to Rome for trial, A.D. 36	36	33	31 or 32
	36	7: 1-53	Stephen's defense before the Sanhedrin.	"	Vitellius takes his place as governor			
	"	7: 54-60	Stephen, the first Christian martyr.					
	36	8: 1-4	A great persecution, extending the gospel to.	Samaria, Galilee, and Syria		36	33	31 or 32
	"	8: 5-24	Philip the evangelist, and Simon the magician.	Samaria	Tiberius died March 16, A.D. 37			
AND NORTHERN SYRIA, chiefly to Jews	"	8: 25-40	Philip and the Ethiopian Lord of the Treasury.	Road to Gaza Near Damascus				
	"	9: 1-19	Paul of Tarsus converted.					
	"	9: 20-22	Paul preaching at Damascus.					
	"	9: 23	Paul in Arabia. Returns to Damascus.	Arabia	PAUL, age 37			
	36-38							

Chronology of the Acts—(Continued)

PERIOD	DATE A.D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY, A.D.	Recent Schemes of the Chronology of Acts			
						Hastings, B.D.	Ramsay	Harnack	McGiffert
		9: 23-26 9: 27-29 9: 30	Paul persecuted. Escapes in a basket over the wall. Paul comes to Jerusalem and preaches there. Paul in Cilicia and Syria several years till A.D. 42.	Damascus Jerusalem Cilicia, Tarsus, Syria	Caligula, emperor, March 16, 37, to January 24, 41				
SUMMARY OF SECOND PERIOD		9: 31	REST FROM PERSECUTION. GROWTH IN GRACE AND NUMBERS			38	35, 36	33	34, 35
III		9: 32-35 9: 36-42 10: 1-48 11: 1-18 11: 19-21 11: 22-24 11: 25-26 11: 27-28 11: 29-30 12: 1, 2 12: 3-18 12: 19-23 12: 24-25	Peter cures Aeneas. Dorcas restored to life. Cornelius the Centurion converted. Peter's vision. Pentecost repeated. Peter called to account for his part in it. Church in Antioch founded among Gentiles. Barnabas comes to Antioch from Jerusalem. Paul called to Antioch from Tarsus. The famine. Relief sent to Jerusalem by Barnabas and Saul. Martyrdom of James. Imprisonment and deliverance of Peter. Death of Herod Agrippa I. Return of Paul and Barnabas with John Mark to.	Lydda Joppa Cesarea Jerusalem Antioch " Palestine Jerusalem " Cesarea Antioch	A.D. Claudius becomes emperor, Jan. 24, 41; continues till Oct. 13, 54 Seneca in exile, 41-49 Romans in Britain, 43 The famine Death of Herod Agrippa I at the games in Cesarea, aged 54				
First Gentile church	41 38-41 42, 43 " 44-46 45, 46								
First Gentile convert	Spring, 44 44 Early summer 46						45, 46	45	44
SUMMARY OF THIRD PERIOD		12: 24	WORD OF GOD GREW AND MULTIPLIED			46			
IV		13: 1-3	First foreign missionaries, Paul and Barnabas	Antioch	PAUL, 2nd visit to Jerusalem London founded, 47	44	44	44	44
	March, 47, to								

Chronology of the Acts—(Continued)					Recent Schemes of the Chronology of Acts				
PERIOD	DATE A.D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY, A.D.	Hast- ings' B.D.	Ram- say	Har- nack	Mc- Giffert
GOSPEL EXTENDED TO GENTILES	49	(Chs.) 13, 14 13: 4-52	FIRST MISSIONARY JOURNEY----- Paul in Cyprus and Antioch of Pisidia. Success and persecution.	Asia Minor	Expulsion of the Jews from Rome, 48?	47-49	47-50	48-51	45-47
	49	14: 1-20 14: 21-25 14: 26-28	Paul in Iconium, Lystra, Derbe. Revisiting the churches there formed. Return to Antioch. Report to the home church.	" " Antioch, in Syria	PAUL, aged 50	49	50	51	47
MISSIONS IN ASIA MINOR	50	15: 1-35 15: 36-40	Council at Jerusalem. Early in 50. Paul and Barnabas go on separate mis- sions.	Jerusalem Antioch	-----	49-52	50-53	-----	46-49
	Spring, 50-52 " "	15: 40-41 16: 1-4	Paul, with Silas, begins his SECOND MIS- SIONARY TOUR. Paul revisits the churches of his first tour	Asia Minor "	-----	49-52	50-53	-----	46-49
SUMMARY OF FOURTH PERIOD		16: 5	CHURCHES ESTABLISHED IN THE FAITH, INCREASING NUMBERS						
V GOSPEL EXTENDED TO EUROPE	50-52	16: 6-11 16: 12-40	Paul enters Europe. Paul at Philippi; Lydia; conversion of the jailer.	Macedonia Philippi Macedonia	Caractacus defeated in Britain				
	51-52 "	17: 1-14 17: 15-34 18: 1-18	Paul in Thessalonica and Berea. Paul at Athens. Address on Mars' Hill. Paul at Corinth. Crispus. 1 and 2 Thes- salonians.	Athens Corinth	Expulsion of the Jews from Rome Gallio, proconsul of Corinth	late in 50	late in 51	late in 52	late in 48
Second mis- sionary journey continued into Europe. Third missionary journey	52	18: 18-22	Returns home via Ephesus and Caesarea to Jerusalem.	Antioch	PAUL, age 52	52	53	54	50
	53	18: 22-23 18: 24-28	Paul makes a brief visit to Jerusalem. His fourth. Paul spends some time in Antioch. Gala- tians. Paul begins his THIRD MISSIONARY TOUR. Apollas at Ephesus.	Jerusalem Syria Asia Minor	Nero, emperor, 54 to 68 Birth of Tacitus, 55	52 to 56	53 to 57	-----	49 to 53

PERIOD	DATE A.D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY, A.D.	Hastings' B.D.	Ramsay	Har-nack	MCGiffert
GOSPEL EXTENDED TO GENTILES	49	(Chs.) 13; 14 13: 4-52	FIRST MISSIONARY JOURNEY----- Paul in Cyprus and Antioch of Pisidia. Success and persecution.	Asia Minor	Expulsion of the Jews from Rome, 48? PAUL, aged 50	47-49	47-50	48-51	45-47
MISSIONS IN ASIA MINOR	49 50 "	14: 1-20 14: 21-25 14: 26-28 15: 1-35 15: 36-40 15: 40-41 16: 1-4 16: 5	Paul in Iconium, Lystra, Derbe. Revisiting the churches there formed. Return to Antioch. Report to the home church. Council at Jerusalem. Early in 50. Paul and Barnabas go on separate missions. Paul, with Silas, begins his SECOND MISSIONARY TOUR. Paul revisits the churches of his first tour. CHURCHES ESTABLISHED IN THE FAITH, INCREASING NUMBERS	" " Antioch, in Syria Jerusalem Antioch Asia Minor	-----	49	50	51	47
Beginning of second missionary tour	Spring, 50-52 "	15: 40-41 16: 1-4 16: 5	Paul, with Silas, begins his SECOND MISSIONARY TOUR. Paul revisits the churches of his first tour. CHURCHES ESTABLISHED IN THE FAITH, INCREASING NUMBERS	Asia Minor	-----	49-52	50-53	-----	46-49
SUMMARY OF FOURTH PERIOD									
V									
GOSPEL EXTENDED TO EUROPE	50-52	16: 6-11 16: 12-40	Paul enters Europe. Paul at Philippi; Lydia; conversion of the jailor.	Macedonia Philippi Macedonia Athens	Caractacus defeated in Britain Expulsion of the Jews from Rome Gallio, proconsul of Corinth	late in 50	late in 51	late in 52	late in 48
Second missionary journey continued into Europe. Third missionary journey	51-52 52 53	17: 1-14 17: 15-34 18: 1-18 18: 18-22 18: 22 18: 22-23 18: 23 18: 24-28	Paul at Athens. Address on Mars' Hill. Paul at Corinth. Crispus, 1 and 2 Thesalonians. Returns home via Ephesus and Caesarea to Jerusalem. His fourth visit to Jerusalem. Paul spends some time in Antioch. Galatians. Paul begins his THIRD MISSIONARY TOUR. Apollas at Ephesus.	Corinth Antioch Jerusalem Syria Asia Minor	PAUL, age 52 Nero, emperor, 54 to 68 Birth of Tacitus, 55	late in 50	53	54	50 49 to 53

Chronology of the Acts—(Continued)

PERIOD	DATE A.D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY, A.D.	Recent Schemes of the Chronology of Acts			
						Hastings, B.D.	Ramsey	Har-nack	Mc-Giffert
	53-56	19: 1-11 19: 12-19	Paul nearly three years at Ephesus. 1 Corinthians Seva, the exorcist. Burning the magic books-----	Ephesus	St. Peter at Corinth, 55 or 56 Felix, procurator, 52-59	-----	-----	-----	-----
SUMMARY OF FIFTH PERIOD		19: 20	MIGHTILY GREW THE WORD OF GOD AND PREVAILED						
VI	57	19: 21-41	The mob. Silver shrines of Diana-----	Ephesus					
		20: 1-5 20: 6-12 20: 13-16 20: 17-38 21: 1-16	Paul revisits Macedonia. 2 Corinthians. Paul three months in Greece. Romans. Paul at Troas. Eutychus restored to life. Sails via Assos, Mitylene, Samos, to Address to the elders of Ephesus at Journey to Jerusalem via Tyre (7 days), Caesarea (warning by Philip the Evan- gelist)-----	Cities of Macedonia Greece Troas Miletus	----- ----- ----- PAUL, age 58 -----	55 ----- ----- ----- -----	56 Dec., Jan., Feb., 57 ----- ----- -----	53 ----- ----- ----- -----	-----
GOSPEL EXTENDED TO ROME. Paul at Rome. The appeal to Caesar. The way by which Paul is brought to Rome	57	21: 17-20 21: 21-31 21: 31-40 22: 1-21 22: 22-30 23: 1-10 23: 11 23: 12-22 23: 23-35 24: 1-22 24: 23-27	Paul's reception at Paul's vow and the mob in the temple Rescue by the Roman general Paul's address to the mob from the stairs Paul a prisoner in Castle Antonia----- Paul's defense in the castle hall----- A vision of good cheer----- The conspiracy against Paul's life----- Paul sent secretly to Felix at----- Paul's trial before Felix----- Paul in prison two years at-----	Sea and land Jerusalem " " " " " " " " " " Caesarea " " " "	----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- Festus, procurator, 59 Luke's Gospel probably written	56 ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----	57 ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----	54 ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----	53 ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----
		25: 1-9	Paul accused to Festus, the new governor	"					
	59								

Chronology of the Acts—(Continued)									
PERIOD	DATE A. D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY, A. D.	Recent Schemes of the Chronology of Acts			
						Hastings' B. D.	Ram-say	Har-nack	Mc-Giffert
	59 "	25: 10-12 25: 13-27 26: 1-32	Paul's appeal to Caesar. Festus consults with King Agrippa. Paul's defense before Festus and his court.	Caesarea "	Queen Boadicea defeated by Suetonius in Britain about 62	59	60	57	55
	Sept., 59	27: 1-44 28: 1-10	Paul's voyage and shipwreck. Paul rescued, and experience on the island of	Mediterranean Malta Italy		59	60	57	55
	Spring, 60 60	28: 11-16 28: 15-16 28: 17-29	Paul's journey from Malta to Rome. Paul's reception at Rome. Paul's conference with the Jews at Rome.	Rome "	Philipians Colossians Ephesians	59	60	57	55
	61-62	28: 30-31 -----	Paul two years a prisoner in his own hired house. Close of the history in the Acts.	"	Philemon	61	62	59	-----
SUMMARY OF SIXTH PERIOD		28: 31 -----	THE GOSPEL EXTENDED TO ROME		PAUL, age 61, 62	before 70? Yes 61	before 80? Yes 62	before 80-90? Yes 59	before 81-96? No 58
	62-68 63 63-66	-----	Probable composition of Acts. Release. Paul probably visited Macedonia, Greece, Ephesus, Spain. Burning of Rome, July 19, 64. Second imprisonment of Paul. Martyrdom of Paul. Destruction of Jerusalem.	Rome		64-65	65-67	64	58
	66 66 or 70 August, 70	-----		Europe Rome "	1 Timothy Titus 2 Timothy Martyrdom of St. Peter, 65	64-65	65-67	64	58

PERIOD	DATE A.D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY, A.D.	Hastings' B.D.	Ram-say	Har-nack	Mc-Giffert
	59 "	25: 10-12 25: 13-27 26: 1-32	Paul's appeal to Caesar. Festus consults with King Agrippa. Paul's defense before Festus and his court.	Caesarea "	Queen Boadicea defeated by Suetonius in Britain about 62				
	Sept., 59	27: 1-44 28: 1-10	Paul's voyage and shipwreck. Paul rescued, and experience on the island of.	Mediterranean Italy Malta					
	Spring, 60 60	28: 11-16 28: 15-16 28: 17-29	Paul's journey from Malta to Rome. Paul's reception at Rome. Paul's conference with the Jews at Rome.	Rome "		59	60	57	55
	61-62	28: 30-31 -----	Paul two years a prisoner in his own hired house. Close of the history in the Acts.	"		61	62	59	
SUMMARY OF SIXTH PERIOD		28: 31 -----	THE GOSPEL EXTENDED TO ROME		PAUL, age 61, 62	before 70? Yes 61	before 80? Yes 62	before 80-90? Yes 59	before 81-96? No 58
	62-68 63 63-66	-----	Probable composition of Acts. Release. Paul probably visited Macedonia, Greece, Ephesus, Spain. Burning of Rome, July 19, 64.	Rome					
	66 66 or 70 August, 70	-----	Second imprisonment of Paul. Martyrdom of Paul. Destruction of Jerusalem.	Europe Rome	1 Timothy Titus 2 Timothy Martyrdom of St. Peter, 65	64-65	65-67	64	58

CHRONOLOGY OF THE ACTS AND EPISTLES

DATE	A.D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CHRISTIAN PROGRESS	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY	DATE A.D.
April 7	30	1: 1-14	The crucifixion.	Mt. Calvary			
May 18	30		The ascension of Christ.	Mt. of Olives			
May 18	30	1: 15-26	Election of Matthias to be an apostle 120 disciples	Jerusalem	Birth of the church A.D. 30	Tiberius Caesar, emperor of Rome from A.D. 14	30
Sunday	30	2: 1-13	The descent of the Spirit. Pentecost	"		Pontius Pilate, gov. of Judea	
May 28	30	2: 37-47	The first Christian church 3000 converts	"			
June	30	3: 1-26	The lame man healed. Peter's sermon.	Temple at Jer.		Herod Antipas, governor of Galilee (34)	30-31
"	30	4: 1-22	Peter and John before Sanhedrin. 3000 converts	Jerusalem		Tiberius Caesar (18)	32
"	30	4: 23-31	The apostles released. Report to the church.	"		Pilate (9)	34
Between	30-36	4: 32-37	A new baptism by the Spirit. Great generosity	"	DEVELOPMENT The EARLY CHURCH at Jerusalem 7 years	Antipas (38)	35
	36	5: 1-11	Ananias and Sapphira	"		Tiberius (22)	36
	34-36	5: 12-33	Many signs and wonders. Increase of disciples	"		Herod Agrippa sails to Rome.	36
Between autumn of 36 and summer of 37	36	5: 34-42	Released by advice of Gamaliel. New officers	"		Pilate deposed	
	37	6: 1-7	Deacons appointed	"			
		6: 8-15	Stephen tried before the Sanhedrin	"			
		7: 54-60	Stephen stoned. The first Christian martyr	"			
Early summer	37	8: 1-4	Saul the Persecutor (age 35). Christians scattered	Samaria	BROADENING of the church	Tiberius dies, March 16. Caligula (1) gov. of Galilee (42)	37
	37	8: 5-8	Philip the evangelist. Many converts in Samaria	"		Antipas attempts to set up his statue in the temple.	38
	37	8: 9-24	Simon the Sorcerer	"			
	37	8: 14-25	Peter and John preaching through Samaria	Rd. Jer. to Gaza			
	37	8: 26-40	Philip and the Ethiopian	"			
Mid-summer	37-39	9: 1-22	Saul of Tarsus converted (age 35). Great persecution	Near Damascus	CONVERSION OF PAUL affecting the whole future of the church	Antipas deposed. Agrippa I made king, and receives the dominion of Herod—Galilee and Perea	39
Sept.	39	Gal. 1: 17, 18	Saul (Paul) in retirement for two or three years.	Arabia			
	39	9: 23-29	Paul's first visit to Jerusalem	Jerusalem			
	40-43	9: 30	Paul in Tarsus and Cilicia two or three years	Tarsus			
	40	9: 31-43	Encas and Dorcas healed. The churches have rest	Lydda & Joppa		Antipas banished. Herod Agrippa (1st as king, 5th as ruler)	40
	40	10: 1-8	Cornelius and his vision	Cesarea			40
	40	10: 9-22	Peter's vision	Joppa			41
	40	10: 23-48	Conversion of Cornelius. Reception of Gentiles	Cesarea			
	40-41	11: 19-21	The Gospel extends to Gentiles	Antioch, etc.	EXTENSION (disciples first called Christians)	Herod Agrippa (3) receives the kingdom of Judea and Samaria	42
	42	11: 22-24	Barnabas sent to Antioch	Antioch			42
	43-44	11: 25-26	Paul comes from Tarsus to help	"		Claudius, emperor	43

Chronology of the Acts and Epistles—(Continued)

DATE	A. D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CHRISTIAN PROGRESS	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY	DATE A. D.
March-April Spring	44	2 Cor. 12: 1-4	Special revelations to Paul.	Jerusalem	TO THE GENTILES	Edict of toleration for the Jews.	43
	44	12: 1-2	Martyrdom of James.			Seneca banished.	43
	44	12: 3-19	Peter imprisoned. Released by an angel.			Claudius goes to Britain.	43
	44	12: 20-23	Herod's impiety and death. Great increase of the church.	Cesarea Jerusalem Antioch		Herod dies at the games at Cesarea, about May.	44
April	44	11: 30 & 12: 25	Paul and Barnabas bring relief to the disciples at Jerusalem, and return to Antioch.			Palestine reunited to Rome.	44
Between	45-48	Chs. 13 and 14	Paul's first missionary journey from Antioch to Perga, Cyprus, Antioch in Pisidia, Iconium, Lystra, Derbe, and back to Antioch in Syria.	Asia Minor	FIRST FOREIGN MISSIONS	Eclipse of sun on Claudius' birthday, Aug. 1, 45, a point whence to calculate all subsequent dates.	45
		13: 14-43	Paul's first missionary sermon.	Antioch in Pisidia		Collision of Jews with Roman troops at the Passover, April 5.	49
	48-50	14: 26	Work among the Gentiles.	Asia Minor Antioch		Adoption of Nero.	50
		14: 26-28	Paul a long time at Antioch.				
Early in-- to last of	50	15: 1-33	The Apostolic Council at Jerusalem.	Jerusalem From Antioch to Asia Minor and Europe	UNION OF Jews and Gentiles	Caractacus of Britain conquered and sent to Rome.	50
	51	15: 35-41	Paul begins his SECOND MISSIONARY JOURNEY.	Asia Minor and Europe		Caractacus of Britain conquered and sent to Rome.	50
	52	16: 1-15	Paul called to Europe.	Philippi European Turkey	FOREIGN MISSIONS EXTENDED	Felix made gov. of Judea.	51
	52	16: 16-24	Paul at Philippi.			Famine at Rome.	51
	52	16: 25-40	Conversion of the jailer.	Thessalonica, and Berea	Gospel in Europe	Expulsion of Jews from Rome.	52
	52	17: 1-14	Preaching in cities of Macedonia.				
Nov. (?)	52	17: 15-34	Paul at Athens.	Greece			
	52-53	18: 1-17	Paul at Corinth.	At Corinth	First Epistles	Nero, Emperor of Rome, October.	54
September	53	18: 18-22	Paul writes two Epistles to the Thessalonians. Leaves Europe and returns to Jerusalem and Antioch.	Antioch			
Early in--	54	18: 23-28	Paul starts on his THIRD MISSIONARY JOURNEY.	Asia Minor and Europe	THIRD MISSIONARY JOURNEY	Josephus, at age of 16, begins his literary career.	54
May----- to May----	54	19: 1-12	Paul at Ephesus for three years.	Ephesus		Seneca.	54
Early in-- May	57		Paul writes his first letter to the Corinthians.	Ephesus Macedonia and Greece		Games in honor of Diana, at Ephesus, May.	57
May, 57 to	58	20: 1-3	Ten months in Europe.				

Chronology of the Acts and Epistles—(Continued)

DATE	A. D.	ACTS	EVENTS	PLACE	CHRISTIAN PROGRESS	CONTEMPORARY HISTORY	DATE A. D.
March 57, or early April 20	57		Second letter to <i>Corinthians</i> ----- Letters to the <i>Romans</i> and to the <i>Galatians</i> -----	At Philippi At Corinth	EPISTLES TO ROMANS CORINTHIANS GALATIANS	Egyptian impostor leads out 4,000 Sicani; collects 30,000 men-----	58
May 23	58	20: 4-38	Reaches Miletus on way to Jerusalem-----	Miletus			
May 25	58	21: 1-17	The journey to Jerusalem-----	Mediterranean			
May 30	58	21: 18-40	Paul at Jerusalem. Mobbed in the temple-----	Jerusalem			
July 1	58	22: 1-30	Discourse on temple stairs-----	"			
Aug. 21 to Nov. 1	58	23: 1-35	Plot. Paul sent to the political capital at-----	Cesarea	THE ACTS		
Nov. 1 to Nov., 60, to Feb.	58	24: 1-27	Paul before Felix; a prisoner two years at-----	"	Paul's strange way to Rome	Festus becomes governor of Judea-----	60
March 1 to March Summer	60	25: 1-27	The appeal to Caesar-----	"		Rebellion in Britain, under Boadicea-----	61
March 1 to March Summer	60	26: 1-32	Paul before Agrippa-----	Mediterranean			
March 1 to March Summer	60	27: 1-37	The voyage to Rome-----	Malta			
March 1 to March Summer	60	27: 38-44	Wreck on the coast of Malta-----	"			
March 1 to March Summer	61	28: 1-11	Three months in Malta-----				
March 1 to March Summer	61	28: 12-31	Paul at Rome two years-----	Rome	The Gospel at Rome	Seneca retires from public life-----	62
March 1 to March Summer	61		Martyrdom of James, Bishop of Jerusalem-----	Jerusalem			
March 1 to March Summer	62		Gospels of <i>Matthew</i> , <i>Mark</i> , and <i>Luke</i> between A. D. 60 and 67-----		THE GOSPELS WRITTEN		
March 1 to March Summer	62		Paul writes several epistles while a prisoner-----	At Rome			
March 1 to March Summer	63		The Acts written, about A. D. 62-----	Rome			
March 1 to March Summer	63		Paul released from prison-----	Asia Minor,			
March 1 to March Summer	63		Paul revisits the churches, perhaps goes to Spain-----	Greece, Rome			
March 1 to March Summer	64		Great fire in Rome. Beginning of great persecution-----	At Corinth or Macedonia	Later History of Paul	Great fire at Rome, Christians accused of setting it, July-----	64
March 1 to March Summer	64		Paul writes <i>I Timothy</i> and <i>Titus</i> -----	Rome			
March 1 to March Summer	64		Second imprisonment of Paul at-----	Rome			
March 1 to March Summer	65		Writes again to <i>Timothy</i> at Ephesus-----	Rome			
March 1 to March Summer	65		Martyrdom of Paul-----	Jerusalem			
March 1 to March Summer	66		Destruction of Jerusalem by Titus-----		JOHN'S GOSPEL and EPISTLES, 90-98	Death of Nero-----	68

CHRONOLOGY OF LIVES OF PETER AND JOHN AS GIVEN IN THE GOSPELS

EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	REFERENCES
Baptism of Jesus.....	Jordan	A. D. 27 January	John 1: 29-34
Temptation of Jesus.....	Wilderness of Judea	Jan.-Feb.	Matt. 4: 1-11
John and Peter become disciples of Jesus.....	Bethabara	February	John 1: 35-42
First year of Jesus' ministry; mainly in.....	Judea	Feb.-Dec.	John 2: 1 to 4: 54
Imprisonment of John the Baptist.....	Machaerus	A. D. 28 March	Matt. 14: 3-5
Peter and John called to be fishers of men.....	Capernaum	April-May	Mark 1: 14-20
Cure of demoniac in synagogue.....	Capernaum	April-May	Mark 1: 21-28
Jesus in Peter's house cures his wife's mother.....	Capernaum	April-May	Mark 1: 29-34
Selection of the twelve apostles.....	Horns of Hattin	Midsummer	Mark 3: 7-19
Sermon on the Mount.....	Nain	Midsummer	Matt. 5-7
Raising of the widow's son.....	Nain	Midsummer	Luke 7: 11-17
First anointing of Jesus.....	Nain	Midsummer	Luke 7: 36-50
Stilling of the tempest.....	Sea of Galilee	Autumn	Mark 4: 35-51
Cure of Gadarene demoniac.....	Gergesa	Autumn	Mark 5: 1-20
Raising of Jairus' daughter.....	Capernaum	Autumn	Mark 5: 21-43
The twelve sent out to preach.....	Galilee	A. D. 29 Winter	Mark 6: 6-13
Death of John the Baptist.....	Machaerus	March	Matt. 14: 1-12
Feeding of the 5,000.....	Bethsaida	April	Matt. 14: 13-21
Jesus walking on the water; Peter's attempt.....	Sea of Galilee	April	Matt. 14: 22-33
Peter's great confession.....	Caesarea	Summer	Matt. 16: 13-24
The transfiguration.....	Philippi	Summer	Luke 9: 28-36
Jesus teaches true greatness.....	Capernaum	Summer	Mark 9: 33-50
John's narrowness corrected.....	Capernaum	Summer	Luke 9: 46-56
At the Feast of Tabernacles.....	Jerusalem	Autumn	John 7: 1 to 10: 21
The raising of Lazarus.....	Bethany	A. D. 30 February	John 11: 1-46
Jesus blesses little children.....	Perea	March	Mark 10: 13-16
The rich young ruler.....	Perea	March	Mark 10: 17-31
Ambitious request of James and John.....	Perea	March	Mark 10: 35-45
Jesus arrives at Bethany.....	Bethany	Fri., Mar. 31	John 12: 1
Anointing by Mary.....	Bethany	Sat., April 1	John 12: 2-11
Triumphal entry.....	Jerusalem	Sun., April 2	John 12: 12-17
Cleansing of the temple.....	Jerusalem	Mon., April 3	Matt. 21: 12-17
Jesus' last day of public teaching.....	Jerusalem	Tues., April 4	Matt. 21: 20 to 25: 46
Jesus in retirement.....	Bethany	Wednesday	
The celebration of the Passover.....	Jerusalem	Thurs., April 6	Luke 22: 7-18, 21-30
Jesus washes the disciples' feet.....	Jerusalem	Thurs., April 6	John 13: 1-16
Institution of the Lord's Supper.....	Jerusalem	Thurs., April 6	Matt. 26: 26-29
Fall of Peter foretold.....	Jerusalem	Thurs., April 6	John 13: 36-38
Farewell discourses and prayer of Jesus.....	Jerusalem	Thurs., April 6	John 14-17
Gethsemane. Peter and John asleep.....	Mount of Olives	Thurs., April 6	Mark 14: 32-42
Betrayal and arrest of Jesus.....	Mt. of Olives	Thurs., April 6	Mark 14: 43-54

Chronology of Lives of Peter and John as Given in the Gospels—(Cont.)

EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	REFERENCES
Trial of Jesus before the high priest.....	Jerusalem	Friday, April 7	John 18: 12-27 Matt. 26: 57-75
Peter's denials of Jesus.....	Jerusalem	Friday, April 7	John 18: 15-18, 25-27
Formal trial before Sanhedrin.....	Jerusalem	Friday, April 7	Matt. 27: 1
Trial of Jesus before Pilate.....	Jerusalem	Friday, April 7	John 18: 28 to 19: 16
The crucifixion of Jesus.....	Jerusalem	Friday, April 7	John 19: 17-37
Jesus commits his mother to John.....	Jerusalem	Friday, April 7	John 19: 25-27
The burial of Jesus.....	Jerusalem	Friday, April 7	John 19: 38-42
The resurrection of Jesus.....	Jerusalem	Sun., April 9	John 20: 1 to 21: 24
Peter and John at the tomb.....	Jerusalem	Sun., April 9	John 20: 2-10
The restoration of Peter.....	Sea of Galilee		
The ascension of Jesus.....	Bethany	May 18	John 21: 1-24 Luke 24: 50-53

CHRONOLOGY OF PETER'S LIFE

EVENTS	PLACE	DATE	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
Birth of Jesus.....	Bethlehem	December 25, B.C. 5 (A.D.)	1: 18-25		2: 1-20	
Preaching of John the Baptist.....	Wilderness Judea	26-28	3: 1-12	1: 1-8	3: 1-18	
First call of Peter.....	Bethabara	Feb., 27				1: 15-51
Peter becomes a disciple.....	Sea of Galilee	April, 28	4: 18-22	1: 16-20	5: 1-11	
Peter's mother-in-law healed.....	Capernaum	April, 28	8: 14-15	1: 29-31	4: 38-39	
Calling of the twelve.....	Horn of Hattin	Summer	10: 2-4	3: 13-19	6: 12-19	
Jairus' daughter.....	Capernaum	Autumn	9: 18-26	5: 21-43	8: 40-56	
The twelve sent forth.....	Galilee	Winter, 29	9: 35-11: 1	6: 6-13	9: 1-6	
Peter walks on the water.....	Sea of Galilee	April, 29	14: 22-33	6: 47-52		6: 16-21
Peter's confession.....	Near Caesarea Philippi	Summer	16: 13-20	8: 27-30	9: 18-21	
Peter at the transfiguration.....	Near Caesarea Philippi	Summer	17: 1-13	9: 2-13	9: 28-36	
Peter's fall predicted.....	Jerusalem	April 6, 30			22: 31-38	13: 36-38
Peter's confidence.....	Jerusalem	April 6, 30	26: 30-35	14: 26-31	22: 39	18: 1-3
Peter at Gethsemane.....	Mt. of Olives	April 6, 30	26: 36-46	14: 32-42	22: 40-46	
Peter denies his Lord.....	Jerusalem	April 7	26: 69-75	14: 53-72	22: 56-62	18: 15-27
Peter at Jesus' tomb.....	Jerusalem	April 9			24: 12	20: 3-10
Christ appears to Peter.....	Jerusalem	April 9	1 Cor. 15: 5			
Peter and the risen Lord.....	Sea of Galilee	April				21: 1-23

Chronology of Peter's Life—(Continued)

EVENTS	PLACE	DATES A.D.	REFERENCES
Peter at Pentecost.....	Jerusalem	May, 28	Acts 2: 1-42
Peter heals the lame man.....	Jerusalem	Summer, 30	Acts 3: 1-26
Peter before the Sanhedrin.....	Jerusalem	Summer, 30	Acts 4: 1-31
Peter and Ananias.....	Jerusalem	30-34	Acts 5: 1-16
Peter's boldness in persecution.....	Jerusalem	30-34	Acts 5: 17-42
Peter in Samaria.....	Samaria	36	Acts 8: 1-25
Peter heals Aeneas.....	Lydda	38	Acts 9: 32-35
Peter raises Dorcas from death.....	Joppa	38	Acts 9: 36-43
Peter and Cornelius.....	Caesarea	38	Acts 10: 1 to 11: 18
Peter freed from prison.....	Jerusalem	44	Acts 12: 1-17
Peter at the first church council.....	Jerusalem	50	Acts 15: 1-34
Peter at Antioch.....	Antioch	51?	Gal. 2: 11
Peter at Corinth.....	Corinth		1 Cor. 1: 12
Peter in the far East.....	Babylon		1 Peter 5: 13
Peter's First Epistle.....	Babylon?	64?	
Peter's Second Epistle.....	Rome?	68?	
Peter's martyrdom.....	Rome	68?	John 21: 19

CHRONOLOGY OF PAUL'S LIFE

EVENTS	PLACE	DATE (A.D.)	REFERENCES
Saul at school	Tarsus and Jerusalem	1 to 20?	Acts 22: 3, 27, 28
Pentecost	Jerusalem	30 Sunday, May 28, 30	Acts 2: 1-13 Acts 4: 1-22
Peter and John imprisoned	Jerusalem	34	Acts 5: 17-42
Apostles imprisoned	Jerusalem	36	Acts 6: 8 to 7: 60
Martyrdom of Stephen	Damascus	36	Acts 22: 3-16
Conversion of Saul	Arabia	36-38	Gal. 1: 17, 18
Saul in Arabia	Damascus, Jerusalem, Tarsus, Antioch	38-43	Acts 9: 19-30; 11: 19-30
Saul's early ministry	Antioch	47	Acts 13: 1-3
Saul and Barnabas appointed missionaries	Cyprus, Asia Minor	47-49	Acts 13: 4 to 14: 28
First missionary journey	Jerusalem	50	Acts 15: 1-35
The first church council	Asia Minor	50	Acts 15: 36 to 16: 4
Second missionary journey begun	Philippi	50, 51	Acts 16: 6-15
Paul enters Europe	Philippi	51	Acts 16: 16-40
Paul imprisoned	Thessalonica, Berea	51	Acts 17: 1-15
Paul in Thessalonica and Berea	Athens, Corinth	51, 52	Acts 17: 16 to 18: 17
Paul in Athens and Corinth	Corinth	52	1 Cor. 1-4
1 and 2 Thessalonians written	Ephesus	56	1 Cor. 8: 1-13
First Corinthians written	Ephesus	56	Acts 18: 23
The same (see below)	Asia Minor	53	Acts 19: 1-41
Third missionary journey begun	Ephesus	53-56	1 Cor. 12-14
Paul in Ephesus	Ephesus	56	2 Cor. 8: 1 to 9: 15
First Corinthians written	Macedonia	57	Rom. 13: 1-14; 12: 1-21
Second Corinthians written	Corinth	57	Acts 20: 1 to 21: 17
Paul three months in Greece	Corinth	57	Acts 21: 17 to 23: 35
Galatians and Romans written	Miletus, etc.	57	Acts 24: 1 to 26: 32
Paul's journey to Jerusalem	Jerusalem	58, 59	Acts 27: 1 to 28: 31
Paul arrested in Jerusalem	Cesarea	58, 59	
Paul before Felix and Festus	Mediterranean	60	
Paul's journey to Rome	Malta	60	
Paul two years a prisoner	Rome	61, 62	
Philippians written	Rome	61, 62	
Colossians, Ephesians and Philemon written	Rome	62	Philemon 8-21
Paul probably visits many lands, Ephesus to Spain		63-66	
Titus and 1 Timothy written		65?	
Paul's second imprisonment	Rome	66	
Second Timothy written	Rome	66 or 67	2 Tim. 4: 1-18
Martyrdom of Paul	Rome	67	

A CONDENSED HARMONY OF THE GOSPELS

ABBREVIATIONS: Sp., Spring; Su., Summer; Au., Autumn; W., Winter; M., March; Ap., April; Ma., May.

Prob. Order	DATE	EVENT OR TEACHING	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
1	---	Christ before incarnation	---	---	---	1: 1-6
2	---	Luke's prologue	---	---	1: 1-4	---
3	B. C. 6	Annunciation to Zacharias	---	---	1: 5-25	---
4	"	Annunciation to Mary	---	---	1: 26-38	---
5	B. C. 5	Mary visits Elisabeth	---	---	1: 39-56	---
6	"	Birth and circumcision of John	---	---	1: 57-80	---
7	"	Genealogies of Jesus	1: 1-17	---	3: 23-38	---
8	B. C. 5	Vision of Joseph	1: 18-24	---	---	---
9	"	Birth of Jesus	1: 25	---	2: 1-7	---
10	"	The shepherds' vision	---	---	2: 8-20	---
11	"	Circumcision of Jesus	---	---	2: 21	---
12	"	PRESENTATION IN TEMPLE	---	---	2: 22-24	---
13	"	Simeon and Anna	---	---	2: 25-38	---
14	"	The wise men	2: 1-12	---	---	---
15	"	FLIGHT INTO EGYPT	2: 13-15	---	---	---
16	"	Massacre at Bethlehem	2: 16-18	---	---	---
17	B. C. 4	RETURN FROM EGYPT	2: 19-23	---	2: 39	---
18	A. D. 8	BOYHOOD OF JESUS	---	---	2: 40-52	---
19	Sp. 26	John the Baptist	3: 1-12	1: 1-8	3: 1-18	---
20	Su. 26	BAPTISM OF JESUS	3: 13-17	1: 9-11	3: 21-22	---
21	Au. 26	TEMPTATION OF JESUS	4: 1-11	1: 12-13	4: 1-13	---
22	"	John's first testimony	---	---	---	1: 7-28
23	"	JESUS RETURNS TO JORDAN	---	---	---	1: 29
24	"	John's second testimony	---	---	---	1: 29-34
25	"	John's third testimony	---	---	---	1: 35-36
26	"	First five disciples	---	---	---	1: 37-51
27	Sp. 27	JESUS GOES TO CANA	---	---	---	2: 1-2
28	"	Water made wine	---	---	---	2: 3-11
29	"	A VISIT TO CAPERNAUM	---	---	---	2: 12
30	"	FIRST PASSOVER AND TEMPLE CLEANSING	---	---	---	2: 13-25
31	"	Christ and Nicodemus	---	---	---	3: 1-21
32	"	JESUS GOES INTO JUDEA	---	---	---	3: 22
33	Su. 27	John's fourth testimony	---	---	---	3: 23-36
34	Au. 27	John the Baptist imprisoned	14: 3-5	6: 17-20	3: 19-20	---
35	W. 27	JESUS STARTS FOR GALILEE	4: 12	---	---	4: 1-3
36	"	The Samaritan woman	---	---	---	4: 4-42
37	"	ARRIVAL IN GALILEE	---	1: 14-15	4: 14-15	4: 43-45
38	"	SECOND VISIT TO CANA	---	---	---	4: 46
39	"	Nobleman's son healed	---	---	---	4: 47-54
40	"	VISIT AND REJECTION AT NAZARETH	---	---	---	---
41	"	REMOVAL TO CAPERNAUM	4: 13-17	---	4: 16-30	---
42	"	First miraculous draught	---	---	4: 31	---
43	"	First four apostles	4: 18-22	1: 16-20	5: 1-10	---
44	"	Demoniac at Capernaum	---	1: 21-28	4: 31-37	---
45	"	Peter's mother-in-law	8: 14-17	1: 29-34	4: 38-41	---
46	Sp. 28	FIRST GENERAL TOUR OF GALILEE	4: 23-25	1: 35-39	4: 42-44	---
47	"	A leper healed	8: 1-4	1: 40-45	5: 12-16	---
48	"	CROSSES LAKE TO CAPERNAUM	9: 1	2: 1	---	---
49	"	Paralytic in Capernaum	9: 2-8	2: 2-12	5: 17-26	---
50	"	Matthew called	9: 9	2: 13-14	5: 27-28	---
51	"	Matthew makes a feast	9: 10-17	2: 15-22	5: 29-39	---
52	"	ATTENDS SECOND PASSOVER	---	---	---	5: 1
53	"	Impotent man healed	---	---	---	5: 2-18
54	"	Jesus asserts himself	---	---	---	5: 19-47
55	"	RETURN TO THE LAKE	---	---	---	6: 1
56	"	Plucking of the grain	12: 1-8	2: 23-28	6: 1-5	---
57	"	Withered hand healed	12: 9-14	3: 1-6	6: 6-11	---
58	"	REACHES LAKE SHORE	12: 15	3: 7-8	---	---
59	"	Multitudes healed	12: 15-21	3: 9-12	---	---

A Condensed Harmony of the Gospels—(Continued)

Prob. Order	DATE	EVENT OR TEACHING	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
60	Sp. 28	The twelve ordained		3: 13-19	6: 12-16	
61	"	<i>Multitudes again healed</i>			6: 17-19	
62	"	SERMON ON MOUNT BEGUN	5: 1-12		6: 20-26	
63	"	Mosaic law revised	5: 13-37		12: 58-59	
64	"	Love for enemies	5: 38-48		6: 27-36	
65	"	Secrecy of alms and prayer	6: 1-8			
66	"	The model prayer	6: 9-15		11: 1-4	
67	"	How to fast	6: 16-18			
68	"	Where to lay up treasure	6: 19-21		12: 33-34	
69	"	Light and darkness	6: 22-23		11: 33-36	
70	"	Trust in Providence	6: 24-34		12: 22-32	
71	"	Against hasty judgment	7: 1-5		6: 37-42	
72	"	Earnestness in prayer	7: 6-14		11: 5-13	
73	"	Against hypocrites	7: 15-20		6: 43-45	
74	"	Hearing and doing	7: 21-27		6: 46-49	
75	"	Sermon on Mount ended	7: 28-29			
76	"	RETURN TO CAPERNAUM	8: 5		7: 1	
77	"	<i>Centurion's servant healed</i>	8: 5-13		7: 2-10	
78	"	GOES TO NAIN			7: 11	
79	"	<i>Widow's son raised</i>			7: 12-17	
80	"	SECOND TOUR OF GALILEE	11: 1			
81	"	Jesus' testimony to John	11: 2-19		7: 18-35	
82	"	Denunciation of Capernaum, etc.	11: 20-24			
83	"	Come unto me	11: 25-30			
84	"	Sinful woman's anointing			7: 36-50	
85	Su. 28	SECOND TOUR OF GALILEE CONTINUED				
86	Au. 28	<i>Blind and dumb demoniac</i>	12: 22-23		8: 1-3	
87	"	Is Satan against himself?	12: 24-37	3: 20-30	11: 14	
88	"	Jesus refuses a sign	12: 38-42		11: 15-23	
89	"	Parable, Unclean Spirit	12: 43-45		11: 29-32	
90	"	Jesus' true relations	12: 46-50	3: 31-35	11: 24-28	
91	"	Denunciation at feast			8: 19-21	
92	"	Parable, Rich Fool			11: 37-54	
93	"	Providences not judgments			12: 13-21	
94	"	Parable, Fig Tree			13: 1-5	
95	"	Parable, The Sower	13: 1-9	4: 1-9	13: 6-9	
96	"	Why he spoke in parables	13: 10-17	4: 10-12	8: 4-8	
97	"	Explanation of Sower	13: 18-23	4: 13-20	8: 9-10	
98	"	Parable, The Tares	13: 24-30		8: 11-15	
99	"	Parable, Mustard Seed	13: 31-32	4: 30-34		
100	"	Parable, Hid Leaven	13: 33			
101	"	Explanation of Tares	13: 34-43			
102	"	Parables: Treasure, Pearl, Net	13: 44-52			
103	"	Parable, Hid Lamp		4: 21-25	8: 16-18	
104	"	Parable, Seed Growing Secretly		4: 26-29		
105	W. 28	Let the dead bury the dead	8: 19-22		9: 57-62	
106	"	CROSSES LAKE EASTWARD	8: 18-23	4: 35-36	8: 22	
107	"	<i>Wind and waves stilled</i>	8: 24-27	4: 37-41	8: 23-25	
108	"	<i>Gadarene Demoniac healed</i>	8: 28-34	5: 1-20	8: 26-39	
109	"	CROSSES LAKE WESTWARD		5: 21	8: 40	
110	"	Starts for Jairus' house	9: 18-19	5: 22-24	8: 41-42	
111	"	<i>Issue of blood healed</i>	9: 20-22	5: 25-34	8: 43-48	
112	"	<i>Jairus' daughter raised</i>	9: 23-26	5: 35-43	8: 49-56	
113	"	<i>Two blind men healed</i>	9: 27-31			
114	"	<i>Dumb demoniac healed</i>	9: 32-34			
115	"	ANOTHER TOUR	9: 35-38	6: 1		
116	"	SECOND REJECTION AT NAZARETH	13: 53-58	6: 1-6		
117	Sp. 29	Twelve sent to preach	10: 1-15	6: 7-13	9: 1-6	
118	"	Twelve to be persecuted	10: 16-23		12: 11-12	
119	"	Twelve to be rewarded	10: 24-33		12: 1-10	
120	"	Gospel will make strife	10: 34-42		12: 49-57	
121	"	John the Baptist beheaded	14: 6-12	6: 21-29		

A Condensed Harmony of the Gospels—(Continued)

Prob. Order	DATE	EVENT OR TEACHING	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
122	Su. 29	Herod's perplexity.....	14: 1-2	6: 14-16	9: 7-9	-----
123	"	CROSSES LAKE EASTWARD.....	14: 13	6: 30-32	9: 10	-----
124	"	<i>Five thousand fed</i>	14: 14-21	6: 33-44	9: 11-17	6: 1-14
125	"	JESUS WALKS ON THE WATER.....	14: 22-33	6: 45-52	-----	6: 15-21
126	"	COMES TO GENNESARET.....	14: 34-36	6: 53-56	-----	6: 21
127	"	Jesus the Bread of Life.....	-----	-----	-----	6: 22-65
128	"	Some disciples leave him.....	-----	-----	-----	6: 66-71
129	"	Third Passover not attended.....	-----	-----	-----	7: 1
130	"	Traditions of Pharisees.....	15: 1-20	7: 1-23	-----	-----
131	"	GOES TO BORDER OF TYRE.....	15: 21	7: 24	-----	-----
132	"	<i>Canaanite girl healed</i>	15: 22-28	7: 25-30	-----	-----
133	"	GOES THROUGH SIDON TO LAKE.....	15: 29	7: 31	-----	-----
134	"	<i>Deaf man and others healed</i>	15: 30-31	7: 32-37	-----	-----
135	"	<i>Four thousand fed</i>	15: 32-38	8: 1-9	-----	-----
136	"	GOES TO DALMANUTHA.....	15: 39	8: 10	-----	-----
137	"	Refuses a sign.....	16: 1-4	8: 11-12	-----	-----
138	"	CROSSES LAKE EASTWARD.....	16: 4	8: 13	-----	-----
139	"	Leaven of the Pharisees.....	16: 5-12	8: 14-21	-----	-----
140	"	ARRIVES AT BETHSAIDA.....	-----	8: 22	-----	-----
141	"	<i>Blind man healed</i>	-----	8: 22-26	-----	-----
142	"	GOES TO CESAREA PHILIPPI.....	-----	8: 27	-----	-----
143	"	Peter confesses Christ.....	16: 13-20	8: 27-30	9: 18-20	-----
144	"	Jesus predicts his own death.....	16: 21	8: 31-32	9: 21-22	-----
145	"	Peter rebuked.....	16: 22-27	8: 33-38	9: 23-26	-----
146	"	Transfiguration predicted.....	16: 28	9: 1	9: 27	-----
147	"	<i>Jesus transfigured</i>	17: 1-13	9: 2-13	9: 28-36	-----
148	"	<i>Lunatic boy healed</i>	17: 14-21	9: 14-29	9: 37-43	-----
149	"	RETURN TO GALILEE.....	-----	9: 30	-----	-----
150	"	Second prediction of death.....	17: 22-23	9: 31-32	9: 44-45	-----
151	"	ARRIVES AT CAPERNAUM.....	-----	9: 33	-----	-----
152	"	Tribute money at Capernaum.....	17: 24-27	-----	-----	-----
153	"	Jesus teaches humility.....	18: 1-4	9: 33-37	9: 46-48	-----
154	"	No neutrality.....	-----	9: 38-41	9: 49-50	-----
155	"	Better to pluck out eye.....	18: 5-9	9: 42-50	-----	-----
156	"	Love for the wanderers.....	18: 10-14	-----	-----	-----
157	"	How to treat offenders.....	18: 15-22	-----	-----	-----
158	"	Parable, Unmerciful Servant.....	18: 23-35	-----	-----	-----
159	Au. 29	JESUS LEAVES GALILEE SECRETLY.....	-----	-----	9: 51	7: 2-10
160	"	INHOSPITABLE SAMARITANS.....	-----	-----	9: 52-56	-----
161	"	The seventy sent out.....	-----	-----	10: 1-16	-----
162	"	At Feast of Tabernacles.....	-----	-----	-----	7: 11-53
163	"	GOES TO MOUNT OF OLIVES.....	-----	-----	-----	8: 1
164	"	RETURNS TO JERUSALEM.....	-----	-----	-----	8: 2
165	"	Adulteress released (?).....	-----	-----	-----	8: 3-11
166	"	Declares his divinity.....	-----	-----	-----	8: 12-58
167	"	Attempt to stone Jesus.....	-----	-----	-----	8: 59
168	"	<i>Blind man at Jerusalem</i>	-----	-----	-----	9: 1-12
169	"	Pharisees' investigation.....	-----	-----	-----	9: 13-41
170	"	Parables: Fold; Door; Sheep.....	-----	-----	-----	10: 1-21
171	"	Return of the seventy.....	-----	-----	10: 17-24	-----
172	W. 29	At Feast of Dedication.....	-----	-----	-----	10: 22-38
173	"	GOES BEYOND JORDAN.....	-----	-----	-----	10: 39-42
174	"	Parable, Good Samaritan.....	-----	-----	10: 25-37	-----
175	"	VISIT TO MARTHA AND MARY.....	-----	-----	10: 38-42	-----
176	"	<i>Infirm woman healed</i>	-----	-----	13: 10-21	-----
177	"	Lazarus sickens and dies.....	-----	-----	-----	11: 1-16
178	"	ON THE WAY TO JERUSALEM.....	-----	-----	13: 22-30	-----
179	"	Mourning for Jerusalem.....	-----	-----	13: 31-35	-----
180	"	<i>Dropsical man healed</i>	-----	-----	14: 1-6	-----
181	"	Discourse on Feasts.....	-----	-----	14: 7-14	-----
182	"	Parable, Great Supper.....	-----	-----	14: 15-24	-----
183	"	Parables: Tower; Warring King.....	-----	-----	14: 25-35	-----
184	"	Parables: Lost Sheep; Lost Money.....	-----	-----	15: 1-10	-----

A Condensed Harmony of the Gospels—(Continued)

Prob. Order	DATE	EVENT OR TEACHING	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
185	W. 29	Parable, Prodigal Son.....			15: 11-32	
186	"	Parable, Unjust Steward.....			16: 1-17	
187	"	Parable, Rich Man and Lazarus.....			16: 19-31	
188	"	JESUS COMES TO BETHANY.....				11: 17
189	"	<i>Raising of Lazarus</i>				11: 18-45
190	"	Resolve to destroy Jesus.....				11: 46-53
191	"	RETREATS TO EPHRAIM.....				11: 54-57
192	"	Forgiveness of brethren.....			17: 1-4	
193	"	Unprofitable servants.....			17: 5-10	
194	Sp. 30	GOES NORTH AND JOINS THE PASS- OVER CARAVAN.....	19: 1	10: 1	17: 11	
195	"	<i>Ten lepers healed</i>			17: 12-19	
196	"	Second advent sudden.....			17: 20-37	
197	"	Parable, Unjust Judge.....			18: 1-8	
198	"	Parable, Pharisee and Publican.....			18: 9-14	
199	"	ARRIVES IN PEREA.....	19: 1-2	10: 1		
200	"	Doctrine of divorce.....	19: 3-12	10: 2-12	16: 18	
201	"	Little children blessed.....	19: 13-15	10: 13-16	18: 15-17	
202	"	Rich young man.....	19: 16-22	10: 17-22	18: 18-23	
203	"	Danger of riches.....	19: 23-26	10: 23-27	18: 24-27	
204	"	Reward of sacrifice.....	19: 27-30	10: 28-31	18: 28-30	
205	"	Parable, The Laborers.....	20: 1-16			
206	"	THIRD PREDICTION OF DEATH.....	20: 17-19	10: 32-34	18: 31-34	
207	"	Ambition of James and John.....	20: 20-28	10: 35-45		
208	M. 30	AT JERICHO: <i>Bartimeus</i>	20: 29-34	10: 46-52	18: 35-43	
209	"	AT JERICHO: <i>Zaccheus</i>			19: 1-10	
210	"	Parable, The Pounds.....			19: 11-27	
211	"	ARRIVES AT BETHANY, FRIDAY.....				12: 1
212	Ap. 1	Feast at Bethany, Saturday night.....	26: 6-13	14: 3-9		12: 2-9
213	"	Plot against Lazarus.....				12: 10-11
214	"	2 TRIUMPHAL ENTRY, SUNDAY.....	21: 1-11	11: 1-11	19: 28-44	12: 12-19
215	"	2 GOES TO BETHANY, SUNDAY EVENING.....		11: 11		
216	"	3 RETURNS TO CITY, MONDAY MORNING.....		11: 12		
217	"	3 <i>Fig tree cursed</i>	21: 18-19	11: 12-14		
218	"	3 Second cleansing of Temple.....	21: 12-16	11: 15-18	19: 45-48	
219	"	3 GOES TO BETHANY, MONDAY EVENING.....	21: 17	11: 19		
220	"	4 RETURNS TO CITY, TUESDAY MORN- ing.....		11: 20		
221	"	4 <i>Fig tree dead</i>	21: 20-22	11: 20-26		
222	"	4 Jesus' authority questioned.....	21: 23-27	11: 27-33	20: 1-8	
223	"	4 Parable, Two Sons.....	21: 28-32			
224	"	4 Parable, Wicked Husbandmen.....	21: 33-46	12: 1-12	20: 9-19	
225	"	4 Parable, Wedding Garment.....	22: 1-14			
226	"	4 Tribute to Caesar.....	22: 15-22	12: 13-17	20: 20-26	
227	"	4 Question of resurrection.....	22: 23-33	12: 18-27	20: 27-38	
228	"	4 The chief commandment.....	22: 34-40	12: 28-34	20: 39-40	
229	"	4 Whose Son is Messiah?.....	22: 41-46	12: 35-37	20: 41-44	
230	"	4 Hypocrisy of Scribes and Phari- sees.....	23: 1-12	12: 38-40	20: 45-47	
231	"	4 Denunciation of Scribes and Pharisees.....	23: 13-39			
232	"	4 The widow's mite.....		12: 41-44	21: 1-4	
233	"	4 Coming of the Greeks.....				12: 20-50
234	"	4 Destruction of Jerusalem.....	24: 1-28	13: 1-23	21: 5-24	
235	"	4 End of the world.....	24: 29-35	13: 24-31	21: 25-33	
236	"	4 Exhortation to watch.....	24: 36-51	13: 32-37	21: 34-36	
237	"	4 Exhortation to watch.....			12: 35-48	
238	"	4 Parable, Ten Virgins.....	25: 1-13			
239	"	4 Parable, Talents.....	25: 14-30			
240	"	4 Parable, Sheep and Goats.....	25: 31-46			

A Condensed Harmony of the Gospels—(Continued)

Prob. Order	DATE	EVENT OR TEACHING	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
241	Ap. 4	GOES TO BETHANY, TUESDAY EVENING			12: 37-38	
242	" 5	Plots against Jesus, Wednesday	26: 1-5	14: 1-2		
243	" 5	Judas offers betrayal, Wednesday	26: 14-16	14: 10-11	22: 3-6	
244	" 6	Preparation for Passover, Thursday	26: 17-19	14: 12-16	22: 7-13	
245	" 6	BEGINNING OF FEAST, THURSDAY		14: 17	22: 14	13: 1
246	" 6	Strife about precedence			22: 24	
247	" 6	Jesus washes feet				13: 2-11
248	" 6	Jesus teaches humility			22: 25-32	13: 12-17
249	" 6	Jesus predicts betrayal	26: 20-25	14: 18-21	22: 21-23	13: 18-26
250	" 6	Departure of Judas				13: 27-35
251	" 6	Peter's denial predicted			22: 33-34	13: 36-38
252	" 6	Lord's Supper instituted	26: 26-29	14: 22-25	22: 15-20	
253	" 6	Comforter promised				14: 1-31
254	" 6	START FOR GETHSEMANE	26: 30	14: 26	22: 39	14: 31
255	" 6	Parable, The Vine (on the way)				15: 1-27
256	" 6	Mission of Holy Spirit				16: 1-33
257	" 6	Intercessory prayer				17: 1-26
258	" 6	The two swords			22: 35-38	
259	" 6	Peter's denial again predicted	26: 31-35	14: 27-31		
260	" 6	ARRIVAL AT GETHSEMANE	26: 36	14: 32		18: 1
261	" 6	Agony in Gethsemane	26: 37-46	14: 33-42	22: 40-46	
262	" 7	<i>Betrayal and Malchus, Friday before day</i>	26: 47-56	14: 43-52	22: 47-53	18: 2-11
263	" 7	JESUS LED TO ANNAS	26: 57-58	14: 53-54	22: 54	18: 12-16
264	" 7	Examination by Annas				18: 19-23
265	" 7	Peter's first denial	26: 69-70	14: 66-68	22: 55-57	18: 17-18
266	" 7	Peter's second denial	26: 71-72	14: 69	22: 58	18: 25
267	" 7	Peter's third denial, as Jesus is led to Caiaphas	26: 73-75	14: 70-72	22: 59-62	18: 26-27
268	" 7	Jesus before Caiaphas	26: 59-68	14: 55-65		18: 24
269	" 7	Jesus mocked and beaten			22: 63-65	
270	" 7	Morning session of Council, Friday morning	27: 1	15: 1	22: 66-71	
271	" 7	Jesus led to Pilate	27: 2	15: 1	23: 1, 2	18: 28-32
272	" 7	Judas' remorse	27: 3-10			
273	" 7	Pilate examines Jesus alone	27: 11	15: 2	23: 3	18: 33-38
274	" 7	Brought out and examined	27: 12-14	15: 3-5	23: 4-6	18: 38
275	" 7	Sent to Herod, and questioned			23: 7-10	
276	" 7	Mocked and returned			23: 11-12	
277	" 7	Barabbas	27: 15-26	15: 6-15	23: 13-25	18: 39-40
278	" 7	Jesus scourged and mocked	27: 26-30	15: 15-19		19: 1-3
279	" 7	Pilate's final effort				19: 4-15
280	" 7	Delivered for crucifixion	27: 31	15: 20	23: 25	19: 16
281	" 7	PROCESSION TO CALVARY	27: 32	15: 21	23: 26-32	19: 17
282	" 7	Crucifixion, parting of garments, and superscription	27: 33-38	15: 22-28	23: 33-38	19: 18-24
283	" 7	Jesus prays for enemies			23: 34	
284	" 7	Jesus derided	27: 39-44	15: 29-32	23: 35-39	
285	" 7	The penitent robber			23: 40-43	
286	" 7	Jesus provides for his mother				19: 25-27
287	" 7	Darkness and abandonment	27: 45-47	15: 33-35	23: 44-45	
288	" 7	The vinegar given	27: 48-49	15: 36		19: 28-29
289	" 7	"It is finished"				19: 30
290	" 7	Gives up his spirit	27: 50	15: 37	23: 46	19: 30
291	" 7	<i>The veil rent</i>	27: 51	15: 38	23: 45	
292	" 7	<i>Earthquake opening tombs</i>	27: 51-53			
293	" 7	Centurion's testimony	27: 54	15: 39	23: 47	
294	" 7	Remorse of the people			23: 48	
295	" 7	The women present	27: 55-56	15: 40-41	23: 49	
296	" 7	Evidence of his death				19: 31-37
297	" 7	The burial	27: 57-61	15: 42-47	23: 50-55	19: 38-42

A Condensed Harmony of the Gospels—(Continued)

Prob. Order	DATE	EVENT OR TEACHING	MATT.	MARK	LUKE	JOHN
299	Ap. 7	The guard and seal.....	27: 62-66			
300	" 7	Preparation for anointing.....		16: 1	23: 56	
301	" 9	Opening of the tomb, Sunday.....	28: 2-4			
302	" 9	Visit of the women.....	28: 1	16: 2-4	24: 1-2	20: 1
303	" 9	Mary Magdalene, first message.....	28: 8		24: 9-11	20: 2
304	" 9	Vision to other women.....	28: 5-8	16: 5-8	24: 3-9	
305	" 9	Visit to Peter and John.....			24: 12	20: 3-10
306	" 9	Mary Magdalene sees Jesus.....	28: 9-10	16: 9		20: 11-17
307	" 9	Mary Magdalene tells the disciples.....		16: 10-11		20: 18
308	" 9	Guard report to chief priests.....	28: 11-15			
309	" 9	Appearance to Peter.....			24: 34	1 Cor. 15: 5
310	" 9	THE WALK TO EMMAUS.....		16: 12-13	24: 13-27	
311	" 9	The recognition at Emmaus.....			24: 28-32	
312	" 9	The return from Emmaus.....			24: 33-35	
313	" 9	Appearance to the ten.....		16: 14	24: 36-43	20: 19-23
314	" 16	Appearance to the eleven.....				20: 24-31
315	Sp. 30	APPEARANCE AT THE LAKE.....				21: 1-4
316	"	Second miraculous draught.....				21: 5-14
317	"	Restoration of Peter.....				21: 15-19
318	"	Destiny of John.....				21: 20-25
319	"	ON MOUNTAIN IN GALILEE.....	28: 16-20			
320	Ma. 30	AGAIN IN JERUSALEM.....			24: 44-49	Acts 1: 4-5
321	"	FINAL APPEARANCE AND ASCENSION.....		16: 15-19	24: 50-51	1: 6-11
322	"	Return of apostles.....			24: 52	1: 12-14
323	"	Mission begun.....		16: 20	24: 53	

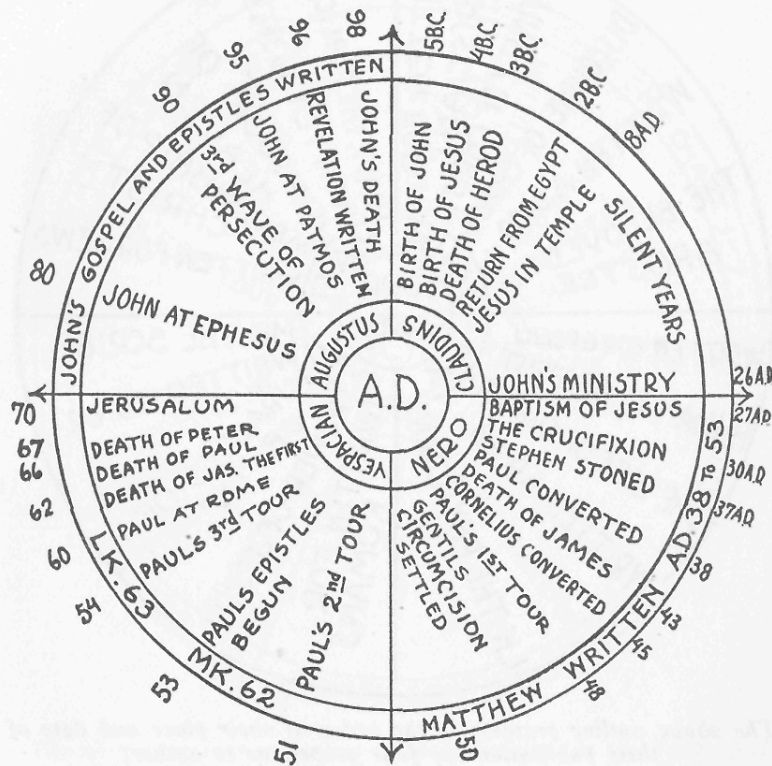
THIS TYPE INDICATES CHANGE OF LOCATION.

This type indicates miracles.

This type indicates nonmiraculous events and teachings.

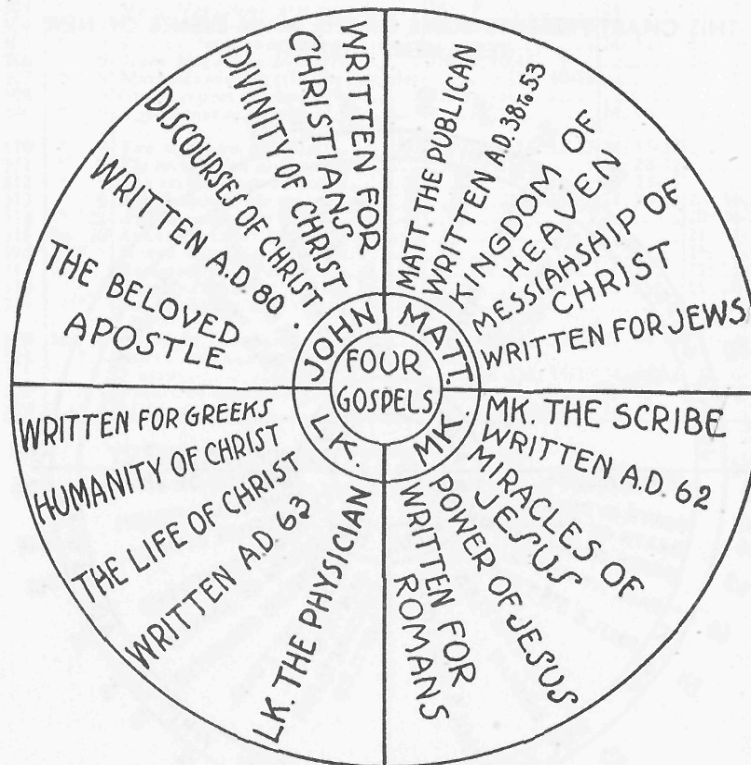
CHART OF NEW TESTAMENT HISTORY

THIS CHART PRESENTS SOME OF THE MAIN EVENTS OF NEW TESTAMENT HISTORY



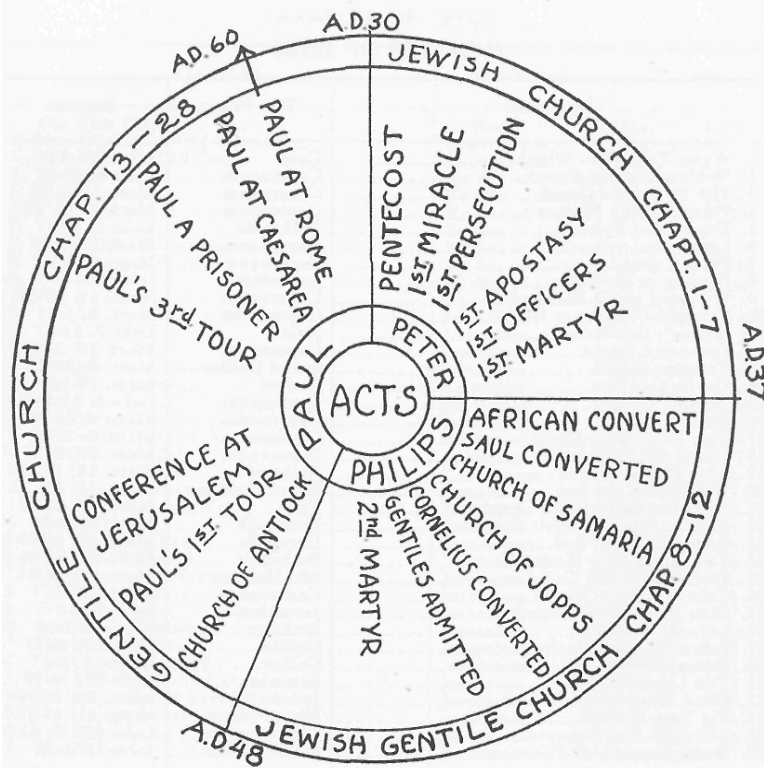
The dates above are understood to be only approximate dates.

CHART OF THE FOUR GOSPELS



The above outline presents in the order of their place and date of their publication the four gospels as to author, time, content and intent.

CHART OF THE BOOK OF ACTS



The above presents an outline of three divisions in the Book of Acts with the leading events of each in their order of time.

MIRACLES OF JESUS

MIRACLES	THE PLACE	RECORD
1. Water Turned to Wine.....	Cana	John 2: 1-11
2. Nobleman's Son Cured.....	Capernaum	John 4: 46-54
3. The Demoniac Cured.....	Capernaum	Mark 1: 22-28
4. Peter's Wife's Mother.....	Capernaum	Mark 1: 30, 31
5. Draught of Fishes.....	Bethsaida	Luke 5: 1-11
6. Leper Cleansed.....	Capernaum	Mark 1: 40-45
7. Palsy Cured.....	Capernaum	Matt. 9: 1-8
8. Healing at Bethsaida.....	Jerusalem	John 5: 1-9
9. Withered Hand Restored.....	Capernaum	Matt. 12: 10-13
10. Centurion's Servant Healed.....	Capernaum	Matt. 8: 5-13
11. Widow's Son Raised.....	Nain	Luke 7: 11-17
12. Demoniac Cured.....	Capernaum	Matt. 12: 22, 23
13. Tempest Stilled.....	Sea of Galilee	Matt. 8: 23-27
14. Devils Cast Out.....	Gadara	Matt. 28-34
15. Woman Cured.....	Capernaum	Luke 8: 43-48
16. Ruler's Daughter Raised.....	Capernaum	Matt. 9: 23-26
17. Two Blind Men Cured.....	Capernaum	Matt. 9: 27-31
18. Dumb Spirit Cast Out.....	Capernaum	Matt. 9: 32, 33
19. Five Thousand Fed.....	Bethsaida	Matt. 14: 15-21
20. Walking on the Sea.....	Sea of Galilee	Matt. 15: 22, 23
21. Syrophenician Child Cured.....	Tyre	Matt. 15: 22-28
22. Deaf and Dumb Spirit Cast Out.....	Decapolis	Mark 7: 31-37
23. Four Thousand Fed.....	Decapolis	Matt. 15: 32-39
24. Two Blind Men Healed.....	Bethsaida	Mark 13: 22-26
25. Demoniac Child Cured.....	Mt. Hermon	Matt. 17: 14-21
26. Coin in Fish's Mouth.....	Capernaum	Matt. 17: 27
27. Man Born Blind Healed.....	Jerusalem	John 9: 1-7
28. Lazarus Raised.....	Bethany	John 11: 1-46
29. Infirm Woman Healed.....	Galilee	Luke 13: 11-17
30. Dropsy Cured.....	Galilee	Luke 14: 1-6
31. Ten Lepers Cleansed.....	Samaria	Luke 17: 14-19
32. Blind Bartimaeus Healed.....	Jericho	Matt. 20: 30-34
33. Fig Tree Blasted.....	Mt. of Olives	Matt. 21: 18-22
34. Malchus' Ear Restored.....	Gethsemane	Luke 22: 50, 51
35. Great Draught of Fishes.....	Sea of Galilee	John 21: 1-14

PARABLES OF JESUS

PARABLES	THE PLACE	RECORD
1. The Two Houses.....	Galilee	Matt. 7: 24-29
2. New Cloth and Old Garments.....	Capernaum	Matt. 9: 16
3. New Wine in Old Bottles.....	Capernaum	Matt. 9: 17
4. The Sower.....	By Sea of Galilee	Matt. 13: 1-23
5. The Tares.....	By Sea of Galilee	Matt. 13: 24-30
6. The Mustard Seed.....	By Sea of Galilee	Matt. 13: 31-32
7. The Leaven.....	By Sea of Galilee	Matt. 13: 33
8. The Hidden Treasure.....	By Sea of Galilee	Matt. 13: 44
9. The Precious Pearl.....	By Sea of Galilee	Matt. 13: 45, 56
10. The Net.....	By Sea of Galilee	Matt. 13: 47-50
11. The Unmerciful Servant.....	Capernaum	Matt. 18: 23-35
12. The Laborers in the Vineyard.....	Jerusalem	Matt. 20: 1-16
13. The Two Sons.....	Jerusalem	Matt. 21: 28-32
14. The Wicked Husbandmen.....	Jerusalem	Matt. 21: 33-46
15. The Marriage Feast.....	Jerusalem	Matt. 22: 1-14
16. The Ten Virgins.....	Jerusalem	Matt. 25: 1-13
17. The Talents.....	Jerusalem	Matt. 25: 14-30
18. The Sheep and the Goats.....	Jerusalem	Matt. 25: 31-46
19. The Seeds Secretly Growing.....	By Sea of Galilee	Mark 4: 26-29
20. The Householder.....	Jerusalem	Mark 13: 34-37
21. The Two Debtors.....	Capernaum	Luke 7: 36-40
22. The Good Samaritan.....	Jerusalem	Luke 10: 25-37
23. The Friend at Midnight.....	Jerusalem	Luke 11: 5- 8
24. The Rich Fool.....	Jerusalem	Luke 12: 16-21
25. The Wedding Feast.....	Jerusalem	Luke 12: 35-46
26. The Wise Steward.....	Jerusalem	Luke 12: 41-44
27. The Barren Fig Tree.....	Jerusalem	Luke 13: 6-10
28. The Great Supper.....	Jerusalem	Luke 14: 7-14
29. The Lost Sheep.....	Jerusalem	Luke 15: 3- 7
30. The Piece of Money.....	Jerusalem	Luke 15: 8-10
31. The Prodigal Son.....	Jerusalem	Luke 15: 11-32
32. The Unjust Steward.....	Jerusalem	Luke 16: 1-12
33. The Rich Man and Lazarus.....	Jerusalem	Luke 16: 19-31
34. The Unprofitable Servants.....	Jerusalem	Luke 17: 7-10
35. The Unjust Judge.....	Jerusalem	Luke 18: 1- 8
36. The Pharisee and Publican.....	Jerusalem	Luke 18: 9-14
37. The Pounds.....	Jerusalem	Luke 19: 12-27

INDEX

	PAGE		PAGE
Aaron	26	Chronology of John	133
Abel	14	Chronology of The Acts	134
Abraham	16	Chronology of The Acts and Epistles	140
Absalom	40	Chronology of Peter and John	143
Adam	12	Chronology of Peter	144
Admonitions of Jesus	100	Chronology of Paul	146
Ahab and Jezebel	45	Cities of Refuge	31
Amos	62	Commission of Jesus	103
Ark of the Covenant	28	Conversion	105
Arrest of Jesus	101	Cornelius	108
Baalam	32	Crucifixion of Jesus	102
Baptism	105	Daniel	60
Baptism of Jesus	90	David	39
Bible	11	Day of Atonement	30
Birth of Jesus	89	Deacons	113
Burial of Jesus	102	Deluge	15
Cain	13	Ecclesiastes	56
Caleb	33	Eldership	112
Canaan	18	Eli	36
Captivity of Israel	48	Elijah	46
Chart of Book of Acts	155	Elisha	47
Chart of Four Gospels	154	Enoch	14
Chart of New Testament History ...	153	Esau	21
Chart of Old Testament History	71	Esther	52
Christ's Pre-Fleshly State	87	Eve	12
Christ in Prophecy	88	Ezekiel	59
Christ m Type	89	Ezra	51
Christian Life	106	Faith	104
Christian Giving	107	First Kings	45
Chronology	72	First Miracle	91
Chronology of United Kingdom	76	Forgiveness	113
Chronology of Divided Kingdom	78	Genealogy of Jesus	120
Chronology of Exile and Return	81	Gideon	35
Chronology of the Life of Christ ...	122	God	11
Chronology of Matthew	130	Habakkuk	64
Chronology of Mark	131	Hagar	19
Chronology of Luke	132		

BOLES BIBLE QUESTIONS

159

PAGE	PAGE
Haggai 65	Maps of New Testament 117-119
Harmony of the Gospels 147	Mary, Mother of Jesus 87
Heaven 115	Matthew, the Publican 96
Hell 115	Melchizedek 18
Herods 90	Micah 63
Hezekiah 48	Miracles of Jesus 98
Holy Spirit 109	Moses 25
Hosea 61	
Isaac 20	Naaman 47
Isaiah 58	Nahum 63
Ishmael 20	Nehemiah 52
Jacob 22	New Testament 86
James, The Apostle 95	Nicodemus 92
Jeremiah 58	Noah 15
Jeroboam 44	Numberings of Israel 32
Jesus Keeping the Passover 96	
Jewish Feasts 29	Obadiah 62
Jewish Year 83	Old Testament Chronology 73
Jezebel 45	Old Testament Miracles 82
Joab 40	Old Testament Parables 83
Job 53	Outline of Life of Christ 121
Joel 61	Parables of Jesus 99
John the Baptist 86	Passover 38
John, the Apostle 94	Paul 108
Jonah 62	Peter 93
Jonathan 39	Pharisees 95
Joseph 23	Philistines 41
Joshua 33	Pilate 102
Josiah 49	Praising God 107
Judah 23	Prayer 111
Judah in Captivity 49	Prayers of Jesus 99
Judas Iscariot 98	Prophecy 57
Judges 35	Prophets 57
Judgment 114	Proverbs 55
Kingdom Established 37	Psalms 54
Kingdom Divided 42	Rebekah 21
Kingdom of Israel 43	Repentance 104
Kingdom of Judah 43	Return from Babylonian Captivity 50
Kingdom of God 103	Resurrection of Jesus 103
Laban 22	Ruth 36
Lamentations 59	Sabbath 97
Law of Moses 27	Sacrifices 29
Location of the Tribes 34	Sadducees 95
Lord's Supper 111	Samaritan Woman 92
Lot 17	Samuel 37
Malachi 66	Sarah 17
Maps of Old Testament 67-70	Saul 38

	PAGE		PAGE
Second Kings	46	Temple Built	42
"Sermon on the Mount"	93	Temple Destroyed	50
Solomon	41	Temple Rebuilt	51
Song of Solomon	57	Temptation of Jesus	91
Synagogues	53	Ten Commandments	27
Tabernacle	28	Timothy	110
Table of Miracles of Jesus	156	Titus	110
Table of Old Testament Patriarchs	72	Transfiguration	100
Table of Parables of Jesus	157	Trials of Jesus	101
Table of Coins	84	Tribes of Israel	24
Table of Herodian Family	129	Vows	31
Table of Judges	75	Warnings of Jesus	100
Table of Measures	84	Wilderness Sojourn	26
Table of Weights	84	Zechariah	65
Table of Twelve Apostles	128	Zephaniah	64